

University of Nevada  
Agricultural Extension Division

CECIL W. CREEL, Director



ANNUAL REPORT

—FOR—

EUREKA, LYON AND PERSHING COUNTIES

LASSIE LANE, District Extension Agent

1926

# COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK IN AGRICULTURE AND HOME ECONOMICS

U. S. Department of Agriculture  
and State Agricultural Colleges  
Cooperating

Extension Service,  
Office of Cooperative Extension Work,  
Washington, D. C.

## ANNUAL REPORT OF COUNTY EXTENSION WORKERS

This report form is to be used by county extension agents, such as county agricultural agent, home demonstration agent, club agent, and negro agent, reporting on their respective lines of work.

State Nevada County Pershing Lyon  
Eureka and Lander  
 Report of Lassie Lane District Extension Agent. Agent.  
(Name) (Title)  
 From November 1, 1925 to November 1, 1926.

If agent has not been employed entire year, indicate exact period. Agents resigning during the year should make out this report before quitting the service.

### READ DEFINITIONS, PAGES 3 AND 4



Approved:

Date \_\_\_\_\_ State or District Supervisor.

Date \_\_\_\_\_ State Extension Director.

AC 0089 / 1 / 26

## SUGGESTIONS RELATIVE TO THE PREPARATION OF THE COUNTY EXTENSION AGENT'S ANNUAL REPORT.

The annual report should be a review, analysis, interpretation, and presentation to the people of the county, the State, and the Nation of the sum total of the extension activities in each county for the year and the results obtained by the county extension agent assisted by the subject-matter specialists. The making of such a report is of great value to the county extension agent and the people of the county in showing the progress made during the year as a basis for future plans. It is of vital concern also to the State and Nation as a measure of rural progress and a basis for intelligent legislation and financial support.

Separate statistical and narrative reports are desired from each county extension agent in charge of a line of work, such as county agent, home demonstration agent, boys' and girls' club agent, and negro agent. Where an assistant agent has been employed a part or all of the year, a report on his or her work should be included with the report of the leader in charge of that line of work. Where an agent in charge of a line of work has quit the service during the year, the information contained in his or her report should be incorporated in the annual report of the agent on duty at the close of the report year, and the latter report so marked. Where two or more extension agents are employed in a county, each in charge of a line of work, care should be exercised to avoid including the same data in the statistical report of more than one agent.

At least four copies of the annual report should be made: One copy for the county officials, one copy for the agent's files, one copy for the State extension office, and one copy for the Extension Service, United States Department of Agriculture. *The report to the Washington office should be sent through the State extension office.*

### NARRATIVE SUMMARY.

The narrative report should be a statement in orderly fashion and arranged under appropriate subheadings, of the work done, methods used, and results obtained under each project, as well as of the general work accomplished. Every statement should be clear-cut, concise, forceful, and, where possible, reenforced with ample data from the statistical summary. In the preparation of the part of the report relative to each project, the results reported in the statistical summary for the project should be analyzed, conclusions drawn, and recommendations made. The report may well be illustrated with photographs, maps, diagrams, blue prints, or copies of charts and other forms used in demonstration work. Full credit should be given to all cooperating agencies. The lines should be single-spaced, with double space between the paragraphs, and reasonably good margins left. The pages should be numbered in consecutive order.

The following outline is suggestive of how the narrative report may be clearly and systematically presented:

#### SUGGESTIVE OUTLINE OF ANNUAL NARRATIVE REPORT.

- I. Cover and title page.
- II. Table of contents.
- III. Status of county extension organization.
  - (1) Form of organization—changes and development.
  - (2) Function of local people, committees, or project leaders in developing the program of work.
  - (3) General policies, including relationships to other organizations.
- IV. Program of work, goals established, methods employed, and results achieved.
  - (1) Factors considered and methods used in determining program of work.
  - (2) Project activities and results.
 

(a) Soils	}	(including diseases and insects).
(b) Farm crops		
(c) Horticulture	}	(including diseases and insects).
Home gardens		
Beautification of home grounds		
(d) Forestry	}	(including diseases and insects).
(e) Rodents, predatory animals, and birds.		
(f) Animal husbandry	}	(including diseases and insects).
(g) Dairy husbandry		
Home dairy		
(h) Poultry husbandry	}	(including diseases and insects).
Home poultry		

## SUGGESTIVE OUTLINE OF ANNUAL NARRATIVE REPORT—Continued.

### IV. Program of work, etc.—Continued.

#### (2) Project activities and results—Continued.

- (i) Rural engineering.
  - (j) Rural engineering—home.
- (j) Agricultural economics, including farm management and marketing.
  - (k) Home marketing.
- (k) Foods.
  - (l) Nutrition.
- (m) Clothing.
- (n) Home management.
  - (o) House furnishings.
- (p) Home health and sanitation.
- (q) Community activities.
- (r) Miscellaneous.

### V. Outlook and recommendations, including suggestive program of work for next year.

### VI. Summary of activities and accomplishments, preferably of one or two typewritten pages only, placed at the beginning or end of the narrative report.

### STATISTICAL SUMMARY.

To supplement the narrative part of the report, and in order that comparable State and National summaries may be made, it is necessary to include a statistical summary of the work in each county. The following form has been prepared to insure uniformity of reporting. In addition to the questions asked under each subdivision of the report, space is provided to add further data if desired. The statistical summary will grow naturally out of the field and office records.

### DEFINITIONS OF TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT.

1. A PROGRAM OF WORK is a definitely outlined plan for extension work.
2. A PROJECT is a definite, systematic, organized plan for carrying out some phase of the extension program of work, providing for what is to be done, how much, when, where, how, and by whom.
3. MISCELLANEOUS WORK includes work which has not yet become a regular part of the program of work—work other than project work.
4. A COMMUNITY, for the purposes of this report, may be any one of the several units into which the county is divided for purposes of conducting organized extension work.
5. A PROJECT LEADER OR LOCAL LEADER is a person, selected because of his or her special interest and fitness, who functions as a leader in advancing some phase of the local program of extension work.
6. A DEMONSTRATION is an example designed to show the practical application of an established fact. Demonstrations as contemplated in this report are of two kinds, method demonstrations and result demonstrations.
  - A method demonstration is a demonstration given by an extension worker or other trained leader to a group for the purpose of showing them how to carry out a practice. Synonym: Lecture demonstration. Examples: Demonstrations of canning, mixing of spray materials, and culling of poultry.
  - A result demonstration is a demonstration carried on by a farmer, farm woman, boy, or girl under the direction of the extension service, involving a substantial period of time, records of results, and comparisons. Examples: Child-feeding, corn-culture, and orchard-management demonstrations.
7. A DEMONSTRATOR is a farmer, farm woman, boy, or girl who, under the direction of the extension service, conducts a result demonstration.
8. MEMBERS COMPLETING should include those who have satisfactorily finished the work outlined for the current year.
9. A DEMONSTRATION MEETING is a meeting held to give a method demonstration or to start, inspect, or further a result demonstration.
10. A TRAINING MEETING is a meeting at which project leaders or local leaders are trained to carry on extension activities in their respective communities.
11. AN OFFICE CALL OR TELEPHONE CALL is a visit or call by a farmer or other person seeking agricultural or home economics information, as a result of which some definite assistance or information is given.
12. A FARM VISIT is a call at a farm by the agent at which some definite information is given or concrete plan of work outlined, or some valuable information obtained from the farmer regarding his work, or the better practice prevailing in his neighborhood.
13. A HOME VISIT is a call at a home by the agent at which some definite information is given or concrete plan of work outlined, or some valuable information obtained from the farm woman regarding her work, or the better practice prevailing in her neighborhood.
14. DAYS IN OFFICE should include time spent by the county agent in his office, at county agent conferences, and any other work directly related to office administration.
15. DAYS IN FIELD should include all days spent on official duty other than those spent in office.
16. LETTERS WRITTEN should include all single letters on official business.

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT—Continued.

- 17. A FARMERS' INSTITUTE is one of a series of meetings of one to two days' duration, arranged by a central State farmers' institute agency, at which agricultural and home-economics problems are discussed, usually by outside speakers employed for the purpose.
- 18. AN EXTENSION OR MOVABLE SCHOOL is an itinerant school usually of two to six days' duration where practical but systematic instruction is given to persons not resident at the college. AN EXTENSION SHORT COURSE differs from an extension school in that it is usually held at the college or other educational institution and usually for a longer period of time, but not exceeding two weeks.
- 19. RECORDS consist of definite information filed in the county office that will enable the agent to verify the data on extension work included in this report.
- 20. FARM OR HOME PRACTICE ADOPTED is a new or improved practice adopted on a farm or in a home during the year as a result of extension teaching. Examples: Spraying of potatoes for disease, canning of fruits and vegetables, use of balanced rations, and hat making.

GENERAL ACTIVITIES.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

If an assistant agent has been employed during the year, include his or her work with that of the agent.

1. List below the names, titles, and periods of service of the county extension agents whose work is included in this report.
 

Lassie Lane	District Extension Agt.	12
(Name.)	(Title.)	(Months of service this year.)
2. Number of communities in county where extension work should be conducted..... 17 2
3. Number of above communities in which the extension program has been cooperatively worked out by extension agents and people concerned..... 13 3
4. Number of voluntary county, community, or local leaders actively engaged in forwarding the extension program with— 4
 

(a) Juniors.....	10	
(b) Adults.....	32	
5. Number of clubs carrying on extension work: 5
 

(a) Junior.....	6	
(b) Adult.....	7	
6. Membership in above clubs: 6
 

(a) Boys <sup>1</sup> .....	0	(c) Men.....	0
(b) Girls <sup>1</sup> .....	57	(d) Women.....	119
7. Number of club members completing: 7
 

(a) Boys <sup>2</sup> .....	0	(c) Men.....	0
(b) Girls <sup>2</sup> .....	40	(d) Women.....	82
8. Number of members in junior club work for four or more years: 8
 

(a) Boys.....	0	
(b) Girls.....	13	

<sup>1</sup> Report the total number of different boys or girls enrolled in club work. This total should equal the sum of the project enrollments reported on pages 8 to 31, less any duplications due to the same boy or girl carrying on two or more subject-matter lines of work.  
<sup>2</sup> Include those boys and girls enrolled in club work as reported under 6 (a) and 6 (b) who have finished the work undertaken or such portion of it as it was planned to finish during the report year.

GENERAL ACTIVITIES—Continued.

9. Number of junior teams trained:
 

(a) Judging.....	0	
(b) Demonstration.....	4	9
10. Number entering college this year who have been club members..... 1 10
11. Total number of farm visits<sup>1</sup> made in conducting extension work..... 0 11
12. Number of different farms visited..... 0 12
13. Total number of home<sup>1</sup> visits made in conducting extension work..... 205 13
14. Number of different homes visited..... 111 14
15. Number of calls<sup>2</sup> relating to extension work:
 

(a) Office.....	73	
(b) Telephone.....	215	15
16. Number of days agent spent in office..... 124 16
17. Number of days agent spent in field..... 179 17
18. Number of individual letters written..... 416 18
19. Number of fairs at which extension exhibits were made:
 

(a) Community.....	0	
(b) County.....	1	19
20. Training meetings<sup>2</sup> held for local leaders:
 

(a) Number.....	16	
(b) Leaders in attendance.....	23	20
21. Method and result demonstration meetings<sup>2</sup> held (do not include meetings reported in number 20):
 

(a) Number.....	237	
(b) Attendance.....	4486	21
22. Farmers' institutes<sup>2</sup> held:
 

(a) Number.....	0	
(b) Attendance.....	0	22
23. Extension schools<sup>2</sup> and short courses held Poultry school:
 

(a) Number.....	1	
(b) Attendance.....	225	23
24. Junior club encampments held: State Farm Bureau Camp
 

(a) Number.....	1								
(b) Attendance by club members: <table border="0" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">(1) Boys.....</td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: right;">0</td> <td style="width: 30%;">(2) Girls.....</td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: right;">17</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td> <td style="text-align: right;">20</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	(1) Boys.....	0	(2) Girls.....	17			20		24
(1) Boys.....	0	(2) Girls.....	17						
		20							
(c) Total attendance.....	20								
25. Other extension meetings attended and not previously reported:
 

(a) Number.....	515	
(b) Attendance.....	926	25
26. Number of meetings at which were shown:
 

(a) Lantern slides.....	0	
(b) Motion pictures.....	4	26
(c) Charts.....	0	

[Use space below to include other important data.]

1925 Club Achievement days -- 1 Teams trained -- 2  
 Local leaders Training school (Jr. Project) 11  
 No. Exhibits at fairs 1

<sup>1</sup> Do not count the same visit as both a farm visit and a home visit.  
<sup>2</sup> See definition on page 3.

PROGRAM SUMMARY

List below information on each project of the program of work for the year. If an assistant agent has been employed during the year, include his or her time with that of the agent. This page should not be filled out until the questions on the following pages have been answered.

Title of project.	Number of communities participating. <sup>1</sup> (a)	Number of local leaders assisting. <sup>2</sup> (b)	Days specialists helped. (c)	Days agent devoted to projects. (d)	
[Illustrative entry.] Poultry .....	6	7	2	14	
27. Soils (page 7) .....					27
28. Farm crops (pages 8, 9, 10, 11) .....					28
29. { Horticulture (page 12)—home gardens (page 27) { Beautification of home grounds (page 26) .....	2	2	1/2	6 3/4	29
30. Forestry (page 13) .....	0	0	0	0	30
31. Rodents, predatory animals, and birds (page 13) .....	0	0	0	0	31
32. Animal husbandry (pages 14, 15, columns b, c, d, f) .....	0	0	0	0	32
33. Dairy husbandry (pages 14, 15, column a)—home dairy (page 29) .....	0	0	0	0	33
34. Poultry husbandry (pages 14, 15, column e)—home poultry (page 28) .....	0	0	2	7 1/2	34
35. { Rural engineering (page 16) { Rural engineering—home (page 26) .....	0	0	0	0	35
36. Agricultural economics (pages 17, 18)—home marketing (page 30) .....	0	0	0	0	36
37. Foods (pages 19, 20) .....	6	6	0	27	37
38. Nutrition (page 21) .....	10	12	6	52 1/2	38
39. Clothing (page 22) .....	8	8	0	27	39
40. Home management (page 23) .....	2	2	0	0	40
41. House furnishings (page 24) .....	5	5	0	33 1/4	41
42. Home health and sanitation (page 25) .....	0	0	0	0	42
43. Community activities (pages 18, 31) Ex. Conf & club camp .....	0	0	0	18	43
44. Miscellaneous (pages 18, 31) .....	0	0	0	27 1/2	44
<b>Organization</b> .....	13	13	17	34 3/4	
<b>Publicity</b> .....	4	1	0	6 1/2	
<b>Reports</b> .....	0	0	0	40 3/4	
<b>Total—Travel</b> .....	X X X	X X X		22 3/4	

<sup>1</sup> The individual entries in this column should not exceed entry for question 2, page 4.  
<sup>2</sup> The individual entries in this column should not exceed entry for question 4, page 4.

**Total** 25 1/2 304

FARM-DEMONSTRATION WORK.

SOILS.<sup>1</sup>

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

45. Number of method demonstrations given. (See definition 6, page 3.) .....	45
46. Number of result demonstrations started or under way. (See definition 6, page 3.) .....	46
47. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year .....	47
48. Number of acres involved in these completed demonstrations .....	48
49. Number of farms adopting improved practices in the use of commercial fertilizer this year .....	49
50. Tons involved in preceding question .....	50
51. Number of farms taking better care of farm manures this year .....	51
52. Number of farms using lime or limestone for the first time .....	52
53. Tons of lime or limestone so used .....	53
54. Number of farms plowing under cover or other green manure crops for the first time .....	54
55. Acres of cover and green manure crops so plowed under .....	55
56. Total number of different farms adopting improved practices, relative to the soils work reported on this page. (Include questions 47, 49, 51, 52, and 54 less duplications.) .....	56

[Use space below to include other important data relating to soils.]

<sup>1</sup> For drainage, irrigation, land clearing, and terracing see "Rural Engineering," page 16.

CEREALS.<sup>1</sup>

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Item	(a) Corn.	(b) Wheat.	(c) Oats.	(d) Rye.	(e) Barley.	(f) Other. <sup>2</sup>	
57. Number of method demonstrations given							57
58. Number of adult result demonstrations started or under way							58
59. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried through the year							59
60. Acres involved in these completed demonstrations							60
61. Increased yield per acre on demonstrations	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	61
62. Number of junior clubs <sup>3</sup>							62
63. Number of members enrolled { (a) Boys (b) Girls							63
64. Number of members completing <sup>4</sup> { (a) Boys (b) Girls							64
65. Number of acres grown by junior club members completing							65
66. Total yield of cereals grown by junior club members	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	66
67. Number of farms planting improved seed for the first time							67
68. Number of farms practicing seed selection for the first time							68
69. Number of farms treating seed grain for smut for the first time							69
70. Total number of different farms adopting improved practices relative to the cereal work reported on this page							70
[Use space below to include other important data relating to cereals.]							

<sup>1</sup> Report fall-sown crops the year they are harvested.

<sup>2</sup> Indicate crop by name.

<sup>3</sup> States which do not organize clubs on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

<sup>4</sup> Include those who have finished the work undertaken, or such portion of it as it was planned to finish during the report year

LEGUMES AND FORAGE CROPS.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Item	(a) Alfalfa.	(b) Soybeans.	(c) Sweet clover.	(d) Crimson clover.	(e) Clover (red, alsike, white).	(f) Cowpeas.	
71. Number of method demonstrations given							71
72. Number of adult result demonstrations started or under way							72
73. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried through the year							73
74. Acres involved in these completed demonstrations							74
75. Increased yield <sup>1</sup> per acre on demonstrations	tons	bu. tons	tons	tons	tons	bu. tons	75
76. Number of junior clubs <sup>2</sup>							76
77. Number of members enrolled { (a) Boys (b) Girls							77
78. Number of members completing { (a) Boys (b) Girls							78
79. Number of acres grown by junior club members completing							79
80. Total yield <sup>1</sup> of crops grown by junior club members	tons	bu. tons	tons	tons	tons	bu. tons	80
81. Number of farms planting improved seed for the first time							81
82. Number of farms practicing seed selection for the first time							82
83. Number of farms inoculating for these crops for the first time							83
84. Total number of different farms adopting improved practices relative to the legumes and forage crops reported on this page							84
[Use space below to include other important data relating to legumes and forage crops.]							

<sup>1</sup> Indicate whether yield is bushels of seed or tons of cured forage.

<sup>2</sup> States which do not organize clubs on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

LEGUMES AND FORAGE CROPS—Continued.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Item.	(g) Velvet beans.	(h) Field beans.	(i) Peanuts.	(j) Lespedeza.	(k) Pastures.	(m) Other. <sup>1</sup>	
71. Number of method demonstrations given.....							71
72. Number of adult result demonstrations started or under way.....							72
73. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....							73
74. Acres involved in these completed demonstrations.....							74
75. Increased yield <sup>2</sup> per acre on demonstrations.....	bu. tons	bu.	bu.	tons	X X X	bu. tons	75
76. Number of junior clubs <sup>3</sup> .....							76
77. Number of members enrolled.....							77
(a) Boys.....							
(b) Girls.....							
78. Number of members completing.....							78
(a) Boys.....							
(b) Girls.....							
79. Number of acres grown by junior club members completing.....							79
80. Total yield <sup>2</sup> of crops grown by junior club members.....	bu. tons	bu.	bu.	tons	X X X	bu. tons	80
81. Number of farms planting improved seed for the first time.....							81
82. Number of farms practicing seed selection for the first time.....							82
83. Number of farms inoculating for these crops for the first time.....							83
84. Total number of different farms adopting improved practices relative to the legumes and forage crops reported on this page.....							84
[Use space below to include other important data relating to legumes and forage crops.]							

<sup>1</sup> Indicate crop by name.  
<sup>2</sup> Indicate whether yield is bushels of seed or tons of cured forage.  
<sup>3</sup> States which do not organize clubs on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

POTATOES, COTTON, TOBACCO, AND OTHER SPECIAL CROPS.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Item.	(a) Irish potatoes.	(b) Sweet potatoes.	(c) Cotton.	(d) Tobacco.	(e) Other. <sup>1</sup>		
85. Number of method demonstrations given.....						85	
86. Number of adult result demonstrations started or under way.....						86	
87. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....						87	
88. Acres involved in these completed demonstrations.....						88	
89. Increased yield per acre on demonstrations.....	bu.	bu.	lbs. <sup>2</sup>	lbs.		89	
90. Number of junior clubs <sup>3</sup> .....						90	
91. Number of members enrolled.....						91	
(a) Boys.....							
(b) Girls.....							
92. Number of members completing work.....						92	
(a) Boys.....							
(b) Girls.....							
93. Number of acres grown by junior club members completing.....						93	
94. Total yield of crops grown by junior club members.....	bu.	bu.	lbs. <sup>2</sup>	lbs.		94	
95. Number of farms planting improved seed for the first time.....						95	
96. Number of farms practicing seed selection for the first time.....						96	
97. Number of farms treating seed for disease for the first time.....						97	
98. Number of farms spraying or dusting for diseases and insects for the first time.....						98	
99. Total number of different farms adopting improved practices relative to potatoes, cotton, tobacco, and other special crops reported on this page.....						99	
[Use space below to include other important data relating to potatoes, cotton, tobacco, and other special crops.]							

<sup>1</sup> Indicate crop by name.  
<sup>2</sup> Report yield of cotton in pounds of seed cotton.  
<sup>3</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

HORTICULTURE.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Item.	(a) Tree fruits.	(b) Bush and small fruits.	(c) Grapes.	(d) Market gardening, truck and canning crops.	(e) Home gardens.	(f) Beautification of home grounds.	
100. Number of method demonstrations given.....							100
101. Number of adult result demonstrations started or under way.....							101
102. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....							102
103. Acres involved in these completed demonstrations.....					X X X	X X X	103
104. Increased yield per acre on demonstrations.....	bu.	qts.	lbs.	bu.	X X X	X X X	104
105. Number of junior clubs <sup>1</sup> .....							105
106. Number of members enrolled.....							106
	(a) Boys.....						
	(b) Girls.....						
107. Number of members completing.....							107
	(a) Boys.....						
	(b) Girls.....						
108. Number of acres grown by junior club members completing.....						X X X	108
109. Total yield of crops grown by junior club members.....	bu.	qts.	lbs.	bu.	bu.	X X X	109
110. Number of farms planting improved stock or seed for the first time.....							110
111. Number of farms pruning for the first time.....							111
112. Number of units involved in preceding question.....	trees	acres	acres	X X X	X X X	X X X	112
113. Number of farms spraying or otherwise treating for diseases and insect pests for the first time.....							113
114. Number of units involved in preceding question.....	acres	acres	acres	acres	X X X	X X X	114
115. Number of farms adopting improved practices relative to the horticultural work reported on this page.....							115
[Use space below to include other important data relating to horticulture.]							

<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

FORESTRY.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

116. Number of method demonstrations given.....							116
117. Number of adult result demonstrations started or under way.....							117
118. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....							118
119. Number of acres included in these completed demonstrations.....							119
120. Number of junior clubs <sup>1</sup> .....							120
121. Number of members enrolled.....							121
	(a) Boys.....						
	(b) Girls.....						
122. Number of members completing.....							122
	(a) Boys.....						
	(b) Girls.....						
123. Number of acres handled by junior club members.....							123
124. Number of forest or woodland plantings made this year.....							124
125. Acres involved in preceding question.....							125
126. Number of farms assisted in forest management this year.....							126
127. Acres involved in preceding question.....							127
128. Number of farms planting windbreaks this year.....							128
129. Number of farms attempting to control white-pine blister rust for first time.....							129
130. Number of acres involved in preceding question.....							130
131. Total number of farms adopting improved practices relative to the forestry work reported on this page.....							131

[Use space below to include other important data relating to forestry.]

RODENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS<sup>2</sup> INSECT AND ANIMAL PESTS.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Item.	(a) Rodents.	(b) Other animal pests. <sup>3</sup>	(c) Grass-hoppers.	(d) Other insects. <sup>3</sup>	
132. Number of method demonstrations given.....					132
133. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....					133
134. Number of such demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....					134
135. Number of acres in these completed demonstrations.....					135
136. Total number of farms cooperating in control measures this year.....					136
137. Number of acres involved in preceding question.....					137

<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

<sup>2</sup> Do not include work reported under "Crop" and "Livestock" headings.

<sup>3</sup> Indicate by name.



LIVESTOCK.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Item.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	138
	Dairy cattle	Beef cattle.	Swine.	Sheep.	Poultry.	Other. <sup>1</sup>	
138. Number of method demonstrations given							138
139. Number of adult result demonstrations started or under way							139
140. Number of adult result demonstrations completed or carried through the year							140
141. Number of animals involved in these completed demonstrations							141
142. Total profit or saving on demonstrations							142
143. Number of junior clubs <sup>2</sup>							143
144. Number of members enrolled	(a) Boys						144
	(b) Girls						
145. Number of members completing	(a) Boys						145
	(b) Girls						
146. Number of animals involved in junior club work completed							146
147. Number of farms assisted in obtaining purebred sires this year							147
148. Number of farms assisted in obtaining high-grade or purebred females this year							148
149. Number of farms culling herds or flocks for the first time							149
150. Number of animals in such herds or flocks							150
151. Number of animals discarded							151
152. Number of bull, boar, ram, or stallion circles, clubs, or associations organized during the year					X X X		152
153. Number of members in preceding circles, clubs, etc					X X X		153
154. Number of breed associations or clubs organized during the year							154
155. Number of members in these associations or clubs							155

<sup>1</sup> Indicate by name.

<sup>2</sup> States which do not organize clubs on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

LIVESTOCK—Continued.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Item.	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	156
	Dairy cattle.	Beef cattle.	Swine.	Sheep.	Poultry.	Other. <sup>1</sup>	
156. Number of cow-testing associations organized or reorganized during the year		XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	156
157. Number of members in these associations		XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	157
158. Number of farms not in associations testing cows for production		XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	158
159. Number of cows under test by such associations and individual farms		XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	159
160. Number of farms adopting improved practices in the sanitary production and care of milk this year		XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	160
161. Number of farmers feeding better-balanced rations for the first time							161
162. Number of farmers controlling insect pests for the first time							162
163. Number of farmers directly influenced to test animals for tuberculosis this year				XXX		XXX	163
164. Number of farmers directly influenced to vaccinate animals for blackleg this year			XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	164
165. Number of farmers directly influenced to vaccinate swine for cholera this year	XXX	XXX		XXX	XXX	XXX	165
166. Total number of different farms adopting improved practices relative to the livestock work reported on pages 14 and 15							166
[Use space below to include other important data relating to livestock.]							

<sup>1</sup> Indicate by name.



AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS—Continued.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

205. List below this year's results in connection with the cooperative-marketing associations in the county previously organized and with which the extension service counseled or advised. 205

(a) Name of association or group.	(b) Number of members.	Supplies and products handled.	Supplies purchased.		Products sold.	
			(c) Value.	(d) Saving.	(e) Value.	(f) Profit.
			\$	\$	\$	\$
TOTAL						

205½. Total number of different farms adopting improved marketing practices (include entries for questions 204 (b) and 205 (b) less duplications plus other farms not in cooperative associations) 205½

COMMUNITY ACTIVITIES AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Use this space to include work on any other agricultural project not included in the preceding pages, such as beekeeping, and similar work, i. e., any other information that can be reported statistically and that will help to give a complete account of the year's work.

Item.	(a) Beekeeping.	(b) <sup>1</sup>	(c) <sup>1</sup>
206. Number of method demonstrations given			206
207. Number of adult result demonstrations started or under way			207
208. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year			208
209. Number of units in these completed demonstrations			209
210. Number of junior clubs <sup>2</sup>			210
211. Number of members enrolled		{ (a) Boys (b) Girls	211
212. Number of members completing		{ (a) Boys (b) Girls	212
213. Number of units involved in junior club work completed			213
214. Total number of different farms adopting improved practices relative to the miscellaneous work reported on this page			214
[Use space below to include other important data relating to miscellaneous work.]			

<sup>1</sup> Indicate name over column.

<sup>2</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

HOME-DEMONSTRATION WORK.

FOODS.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

FOOD PREPARATION.

215. Number of project clubs or groups <sup>1</sup>	{ (a) Women..... 4 (b) Juniors..... 2	215
216. Number of members enrolled in food preparation	{ (a) Women..... 40 (b) Girls..... 21 (c) Boys..... 0	216
217. Number of members completing <sup>2</sup>	{ (a) Women..... 40 (b) Girls..... 18 (c) Boys..... 0	217
218. Number of method demonstrations given. (See definition 6, page 3.)	41	218
219. Number of result demonstrations started or under way. (See definition 6, page 3.)	{ (a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 21 (c) Boys..... 0	219
220. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year	{ (a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 19 (c) Boys..... 0	220
221. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in bread making this year	{ (a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	221
222. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in meat cookery this year	{ (a) Women..... 28 (b) Girls..... 19 (c) Boys..... 0	222
223. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in vegetable cookery this year	{ (a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 19 (c) Boys..... 0	223
224. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in preparation of dairy-product dishes this year	{ (a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	224
225. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in meal preparation and service this year	{ (a) Women..... 40 (b) Girls..... 19 (c) Boys..... 0	225
223. Number of homes budgeting the family food supply for the first time	0	226
227. Total number of different homes adopting improved practices relative to the food-preparation work reported on this page. (Include entries for questions 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, and 226 less duplications.)	59	227

[Use space below to include other important data relating to food preparation.]

Total new practices adopted by women 122

<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion  
<sup>2</sup> Include those who have finished the work undertaken, or such portion of it as it was planned to finish during the report year.

FOODS—Continued.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

FOOD PRESERVATION.

228. Number of project clubs or groups <sup>1</sup> .....	(a) Women..... 2	} 228
	(b) Juniors..... 0	
229. Number of members enrolled in food preservation.....	(a) Women..... 13	} 229
	(b) Girls..... 0	
	(c) Boys..... 0	
230. Number of members completing.....	(a) Women..... 13	} 230
	(b) Girls..... 0	
	(c) Boys..... 0	
231. Number of method demonstrations given.....	0	231
232. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....	(a) Women..... 0	} 232
	(b) Girls..... 7	
	(c) Boys..... 0	
233. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....	(a) Women..... 13	} 233
	(b) Girls..... 0	
	(c) Boys..... 0	
234. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in preserving fruits and vegetables this year.....	(a) Women..... 13	} 234
	(b) Girls..... 0	
	(c) Boys..... 0	
235. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in preserving meats and fish this year.....	(a) Women..... 13	} 235
	(b) Girls..... 0	
	(c) Boys..... 0	
236. Number of homes providing better food storage for the first time.....	0	236
237. Total number of different homes adopting improved practices relative to the food-preservation work reported on this page.....	13	237
238. List below amount of food preserved by club members completing:		238

Kind of food.	(1) Women.	(2) Girls.	(3) Boys.
(a) Fruits and vegetables canned..... quarts.....	1045	0	0
(b) Meats and fish canned..... quarts.....	233	0	0
(c) Jelly and preserves made..... quarts.....	134	0	0
(d) Fruit juices made..... quarts.....	0	0	0
(e) Pickles made..... quarts.....	240	0	0
(f) Fruits and vegetables dried..... pounds <sup>2</sup> .....	0	0	0
(g) Meats cured..... pounds <sup>2</sup> .....	3240	0	0

[Use space below to include other important data relating to food preservation.]

<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

<sup>2</sup> Finished product.

NUTRITION.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

239. Number of project clubs or groups <sup>1</sup> .....	(a) Women..... 0	} 239
	(b) Juniors..... 0	
240. Number of members enrolled in nutrition.....	(a) Women..... 0	} 240
	(b) Girls..... 0	
	(c) Boys..... 0	
241. Number of members completing.....	(a) Women..... 0	} 241
	(b) Girls..... 0	
	(c) Boys..... 0	
242. Number of method demonstrations given.....	0	242
243. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....	(a) Women..... 0	} 243
	(b) Girls..... 0	
	(c) Boys..... 0	
244. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....	(a) Women..... 0	} 244
	(b) Girls..... 0	
	(c) Boys..... 0	
245. Number of individuals balancing family meals according to approved methods for the first time.....	(a) Women..... 0	} 245
	(b) Girls..... 0	
	(c) Boys..... 0	
246. Number of individuals preparing better school lunches for the first time.....	(a) Women..... 0	} 246
	(b) Girls..... 0	
	(c) Boys..... 0	
247. Number of schools induced to serve a hot dish or school lunch for the first time.....	0	247
248. Number of children involved in preceding question.....	0	248
249. Number of homes carrying out improved practices in child feeding for the first time.....	0	249
250. Number of children involved in preceding question.....	0	250
251. Total number of different homes adopting improved practices relative to the nutrition work reported on this page.....	0	251

[Use space below to include other important data relating to nutrition.]

Keep Growing Demonstrations (School children Nutrition)	
No. Community Demonstrations.....	11
" Volunteer local leaders assisting.....	12
" Children enrolled.....	355
" " completing.....	366
" Increase in normal children Eureka +4. - Lyon -.8	Due to increase in school population.
" Decrease in dangerously underweight Eureka -4.5 - Lyon -.9	
" Communities reaching state goals 75% <del>up</del> up to weight or only slightly under and less than 10% dangerously under wt. - 4	

<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

Total no. schools having hot dish 3  
 3 schools, children go home to lumph. Total No. Children involving above question -- 68  
 Achievement day programs 2

## CLOTHING.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

252. Number of project clubs or groups <sup>1</sup> .....	(a) Women.....	6	} 252
	(b) Juniors.....	2	
253. Number of members enrolled in clothing work.....	(a) Women.....	28	} 253
	(b) Girls.....	22	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
254. Number of members completing.....	(a) Women.....	28	} 254
	(b) Girls.....	13	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
255. Number of method demonstrations given.....		21	255
256. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....	(a) Women.....	3	} 256
Austin Junior Sewing Club.	(b) Girls.....	12	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
257. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....	(a) Women.....	3	} 257
	(b) Girls.....	12	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
258. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in selection and construction.....	(a) Women.....	53	} 258
Some women were not enrolled but did the work	(b) Girls.....	19	
Spread of influence	(c) Boys.....	0	
259. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in renovation and remodeling.....	(a) Women.....	8	} 259
	(b) Girls.....	0	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
260. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in millinery.....	(a) Women.....	3	} 260
	(b) Girls.....	0	
261. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in costume designing.....	(a) Women.....	15	} 261
	(b) Girls.....	12	
262. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in infant wardrobe planning.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 262
	(b) Girls.....	0	
263. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in children's wardrobe planning.....	(a) Women.....	6	} 263
	(b) Girls.....	0	
264. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in adult wardrobe planning.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 264
	(b) Girls.....	0	
265. Total number of different homes adopting improved practices relative to the clothing work reported on this page.....		72	265
266. Number of dress forms made this year by.....	(a) Women.....	1	} 266
	(b) Girls.....	0	
267. Number of dresses and coats made this year by.....	(a) Women.....	120	} 267
	(b) Girls.....	21	
268. Number of undergarments made this year by.....	(a) Women.....	5	} 268
	(b) Girls.....	30	
269. Number of hats made this year by.....	(a) Women.....	3	} 269
	(b) Girls.....	0	

[Use space below to include other important data relating to clothing.]

Patching and darning by 17 girls - 30 articles.

## HOME MANAGEMENT.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

270. Number of project clubs or groups <sup>1</sup> .....	(a) Women.....	2	} 270
	(b) Juniors.....	0	
271. Number of members enrolled in home management.....	(a) Women.....	27	} 271
	(b) Girls.....	0	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
272. Number of members completing.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 272
	(b) Girls.....	0	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
273. Number of method demonstrations given.....		3	273
274. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 274
	(b) Girls.....	0	
275. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 275
	(b) Girls.....	0	
276. Number of individuals following a systematized plan of household work for the first time.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 276
	(b) Girls.....	0	
277. Number of homes obtaining additional labor-saving equipment this year.....		37	277
278. Number of kitchens planned and rearranged for convenience this year.....		2	278
279. Number of individuals following improved laundry practices for the first time.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 279
	(b) Girls.....	0	
280. Number of individuals making budgets and keeping accounts for the first time.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 280
	(b) Girls.....	0	
281. Total number of different homes adopting improved practices relative to the home-management work reported on this page.....		37	281
282. List below the number of labor-saving appliances involved in question 277:			282
(a) Hand washing machines.....	(f) Kitchen cabinets.....	0	
(b) Power washing machines.....	(g) Electric or gasoline irons.....	0	
(c) Fireless cookers.....	(h) Pressure cookers.....	6	
(d) Kitchen sinks.....	(i) .....		
(e) Power vacuum cleaners.....	(j) .....		

[Use space below to include other important data relating to home management.]

(n) Mop wringer 1

(o) Home Vacuum cleaner 1

(p) Misc. Kitchen equipment 30

<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

283. Number of project clubs or groups <sup>1</sup> .....	{ (a) Women..... 2 (b) Juniors..... 1 }	283
284. Number of members enrolled in house furnishings.....	{ (a) Women..... 8 (b) Girls..... 14 (c) Boys..... 0 }	284
285. Number of members completing.....	{ (a) Women..... 8 (b) Girls..... 9 (c) Boys..... 0 }	285
286. Number of method demonstrations given.....	23	286
287. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....	{ (a) Women..... 8 (b) Girls..... 9 (c) Boys..... 0 }	287
288. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....	{ (a) Women..... 7 (b) Girls..... 9 (c) Boys..... 0 }	288
289. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in selection and arrangement of furnishings this year.....	{ (a) Women..... 8 (b) Girls..... 12 (c) Boys..... 0 }	289
290. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in the repairing and remodeling of furnishings this year.....	{ (a) Women..... 3 (b) Girls..... 2 (c) Boys..... 0 }	290
291. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in wall, woodwork, and floor treatment this year.....	{ (a) Women..... 7 (b) Girls..... 2 (c) Boys..... 0 }	291
292. Number of rooms involved in questions 289, 290, and 291.....	{ (a) Bedrooms..... 16 (b) Living rooms..... 2 (c) Dining rooms..... 2 (d) Other rooms..... 3 e Community Hall 1	292
293. Total number of different homes adopting improved practices relative to the house-furnishing work reported on this page.....	11	293

[Use space below to include other important data relating to house furnishings.]

- e. Curtains - women 18 - Girls 17 Block Painted scarfs and pillows
- f. Lamps made - 1 Women women - 45 Girls - 123
- g. Picture frames - 40 " Lamp shades - women 28
- h. Baskets - 10 "
- i. Polychrome articles - 19 women
- j. Fancy candles - women - 132 pairs - girls 95 pairs

<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

HOME HEALTH—SANITATION.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

294. Number of project clubs or groups <sup>1</sup> .....	{ (a) Women..... 0 (b) Juniors..... 0 }	294
295. Number of members enrolled in home health and sanitation.....	{ (a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0 }	295
296. Number of members completing.....	{ (a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0 }	296
297. Number of method demonstrations given.....	0	297
298. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....	{ (a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0 }	298
299. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....	{ (a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0 }	299
HEALTH. <sup>2</sup>		
300. Number of homes adopting recommended health practices this year.....	0	300
301. Number of individuals adopting recommended practices in—		301
(a) Use of health score card.....	0	
(b) Good posture.....	0	
(c) Prevention of colds.....	0	
(d) Good elimination.....	0	
(e) Care of teeth.....	0	
(f) Care of skin and hair.....	0	
(g) Home nursing.....	0	
(h) First aid.....	0	
(i).....	0	
(j).....	0	
302. Is your health program coordinated with the work of State and county health authorities?.....	{ (a) Yes..... 0 (b) No..... 0 }	302

SANITATION.

303. Number of homes installing sanitary closets or outhouses this year according to plans furnished.....	0	303
304. Number of homes screened for the first time.....	0	304
305. Number of homes following other methods of controlling flies, mosquitoes, and other insects for the first time.....	0	305
306. Total number of different homes adopting improved practices relative to the sanitation work reported on this page.....	0	306

[Use space below to include other important data relating to home health and sanitation.]

<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

<sup>2</sup> It is assumed that this work is conducted in cooperation with State and county health authorities.

RURAL ENGINEERING—HOME.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Do not list information which has been previously reported on page 16.

307. Number of method demonstrations given.....	0	307
308. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....	0	308
309. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....	0	309
310. Number of dwellings constructed this year according to plans furnished.....	0	310
311. Number of dwellings remodeled this year according to plans furnished.....	0	311
312. Number of sewage-disposal systems installed this year according to plans furnished.....	0	312
313. Number of water systems installed this year according to plans furnished.....	0	313
314. Number of heating systems installed this year according to plans furnished.....	0	314
315. Number of lighting systems installed this year according to plans furnished.....	0	315
316. Number of poultry houses constructed this year according to plans furnished.....	0	316
317. Total number of different homes adopting improved practices relative to the rural-engineering work reported on this page.....	0	317

[Use space below to include other important data relating to rural engineering.]

BEAUTIFICATION OF HOME GROUNDS.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Do not list information which has been previously reported on page 12.

318. Number of project clubs or groups <sup>1</sup> .....	(a) Women..... 0 (b) Juniors..... 0	318
319. Number of members enrolled in beautification of home grounds.....	(a) Women..... 2 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	319
320. Number of members completing.....	(a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	320
321. Number of method demonstrations given.....	0	321
322. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....	(a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	322
323. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....	(a) Women..... 1 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	323
324. Number of home grounds planted this year according to a landscape plan.....	0	324
325. Number of school and community grounds planted this year according to a landscape plan.....	0	325
326. Number of homes painted or whitewashed this year as a result of instruction in beautification.....	0	326
327. Total number of different homes beautifying home grounds this year.....	1	327

[Use space below to include other important data relating to beautification of home grounds.]

<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

HOME GARDENS.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Do not list information which has been previously reported on page 12.

328. Number of project clubs or groups <sup>1</sup> .....	(a) Women..... 2 (b) Juniors..... 0	328
329. Number of members enrolled in home gardens.....	(a) Women..... 13 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	329
330. Number of members completing.....	(a) Women..... 6 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	330
331. Number of method demonstrations given.....	2	331
332. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....	(a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	332
333. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....	(a) Women..... 6 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	333
334. Number of gardens involved in result demonstrations.....	(a) Women..... 6 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	334
335. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in growing fruit trees this year.....	(a) Women..... 1 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	335
336. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in growing bush and small fruits this year.....	(a) Women..... 1 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	336
337. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in growing grapes this year.....	(a) Women..... 1 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	337
338. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in growing vegetables this year.....	(a) Women..... 6 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	338
339. Number of individuals saving improved stock or seed for the first time.....	(a) Women..... 0 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	339
340. Number of homes spraying or otherwise treating garden crops for diseases and insect pests for the first time.....	2	340
341. Number of individuals growing winter gardens for the first time.....	(a) Women..... 2 (b) Girls..... 0 (c) Boys..... 0	341
342. Total number of different homes adopting improved practices relative to the home-garden work reported on this page.....	6	342

[Use space below to include other important data relating to home gardens.]

1 Garden Tour

<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

HOME POULTRY.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.  
Do not list information which has been previously reported on pages 14 and 15.

343. Number of project clubs or groups <sup>1</sup> .....	(a) Women.....	0	} 343
	(b) Juniors.....	0	
344. Number of members enrolled in home poultry.....	(a) Women.....	2	} 344
	(b) Girls.....	0	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
345. Number of members completing.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 345
	(b) Girls.....	0	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
346. Number of method demonstrations given.....		2	346
347. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 347
	(b) Girls.....	0	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
348. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 348
	(b) Girls.....	0	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
349. Number of birds in result demonstrations raised or managed by.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 349
	(b) Girls.....	0	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
350. Total profit on result demonstrations conducted by.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 350
	(b) Girls.....	0	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
351. Number of individuals culling flocks for the first time.....	(a) Women.....	2	} 351
	(b) Girls.....	0	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
352. Number of homes culling flocks for the first time.....		0	352
353. Number of birds in these flocks.....		0	353
354. Number of birds discarded.....		0	354
355. Number of homes feeding better-balanced poultry rations for the first time.....		0	355
356. Number of individuals assisted in obtaining standard-bred eggs for hatching this year.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 356
	(b) Girls.....	0	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
357. Number of homes assisted in obtaining standard-bred cockerels this year.....		0	357
358. Number of individuals adopting improved practices in early hatching and chick rearing this year.....	(a) Women.....	0	} 358
	(b) Girls.....	0	
	(c) Boys.....	0	
359. Number of homes directly assisted in increasing the family income this year through poultry.....		0	359
360. Number of homes controlling poultry insects for the first time.....		0	360
361. Total number of different homes adopting improved practices relative to the home-poultry work reported on this page.....		2	361

[Use space below to include other important data relating to home poultry.]

<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

HOME DAIRY.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.  
Do not list information which has been previously reported on pages 14 and 15.

362. Number of project clubs or groups <sup>1</sup> .....	(a) Women.....		} 362
	(b) Juniors.....		
363. Number of members enrolled in home-dairy work.....	(a) Women.....		} 363
	(b) Girls.....		
	(c) Boys.....		
364. Number of members completing.....	(a) Women.....		} 364
	(b) Girls.....		
	(c) Boys.....		
365. Number of method demonstrations given.....			365
366. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....	(a) Women.....		} 366
	(b) Girls.....		
	(c) Boys.....		
367. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....	(a) Women.....		} 367
	(b) Girls.....		
	(c) Boys.....		
368. Number of cows or calves in result demonstrations raised or managed by.....	(a) Women.....		} 368
	(b) Girls.....		
	(c) Boys.....		
369. Number of homes feeding better dairy rations for the first time.....			369
370. Number of homes adopting better practices in the sanitary production and care of milk this year.....			370
371. Number of homes adopting better practices in butter or cheese making this year.....			371
372. Number of pounds of butter made.....			372
373. Number of pounds of cheese made.....			373
374. Total number of different homes adopting improved practices relative to the home-dairy work reported on this page.....			374

[Use space below to list other important data relative to home dairying.]

<sup>1</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.



HOME MARKETING.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Do not list information which has been previously reported on pages 17 and 18.

375. Number of method demonstrations given..... 375

376. List below the cooperative-marketing associations organized during this year upon suggestion and counsel of the Extension Service. 376

(a) Name of association or group.	(b) Number of members.	Products sold.		Supplies purchased.	
		(c) Value.	(d) Profit.	(e) Value.	(f) Saving.
Curb or bazaar markets.....		\$.....	\$.....	\$.....	\$.....
Egg circles.....					
TOTAL.....					

377. List below this year's results in connection with the cooperative-marketing associations in the county previously organized and with which the Extension Service counseled or advised. 377

(a) Name of association or group.	(b) Number of members.	Products sold.		Supplies purchased.	
		(c) Value.	(d) Profit.	(e) Value.	(f) Saving.
Curb or bazaar markets.....		\$.....	\$.....	\$.....	\$.....
Egg circles.....					
TOTAL.....					

378. Number of homes standardizing and grading products for markets: 378

- (a) Poultry and poultry products.....
- (b) Canned goods.....
- (c) Dairy products.....
- (d) Fruits and vegetables.....
- (e) .....
- (f) .....

378½. Total number of different homes adopting improved marketing practices (include entries for questions 376 (b) and 377 (b) less duplications plus other homes not in cooperative associations).... 378½

[Use space below to list the principal products handled in cooperative marketing associations reported above.]

COMMUNITY ACTIVITIES AND MISCELLANEOUS—HOME.

Report only this year's extension activities and results that are supported by records.

Do not list information which has been previously reported on page 18.

Use this page to include work on any other home-economics project not included in the preceding pages, such as recreation, basket making, and similar work, i. e., any other information that can be reported statistically and that will help to give a complete account of the year's work.

Item.	(a) <sup>1</sup>	(b) <sup>1</sup>	(c) <sup>1</sup>
379. Number of project clubs or groups <sup>2</sup> .....	(a) Women.....		
	(b) Juniors.....		
	(a) Women.....		
380. Number of members enrolled.....	(b) Girls.....		
	(c) Boys.....		
	(a) Women.....		
381. Number of members completing.....	(b) Girls.....		
	(c) Boys.....		
382. Number of method demonstrations given.....			
	(a) Women.....		
383. Number of result demonstrations started or under way.....	(b) Girls.....		
	(c) Boys.....		
	(a) Women.....		
384. Number of result demonstrations completed or carried through the year.....	(b) Girls.....		
	(c) Boys.....		
	(a) Women.....		
385. Number of units involved in such result demonstrations.....	(b) Girls.....		
	(c) Boys.....		
386. Total number of different homes adopting improved practices relative to the miscellaneous work reported on this page.....			
[Use space below to include other important data relating to miscellaneous work.]			

<sup>1</sup> Indicate name over column.

<sup>2</sup> States which do not organize clubs or groups on a project basis should not report on this question but should report on enrollment and completion.

ANNUAL NARRATIVE REPORT OF HOME DEMONSTRATION WORK

PERSHING, LYON, EUREKA AND LANDER COUNTIES

--ooOoo--

Submitted by LASSIE LANE, District Extension Agent

November 1, 1925 to November 1, 1926.

PERSHING, LYON, MUREKA AND LANDER COUNTIES

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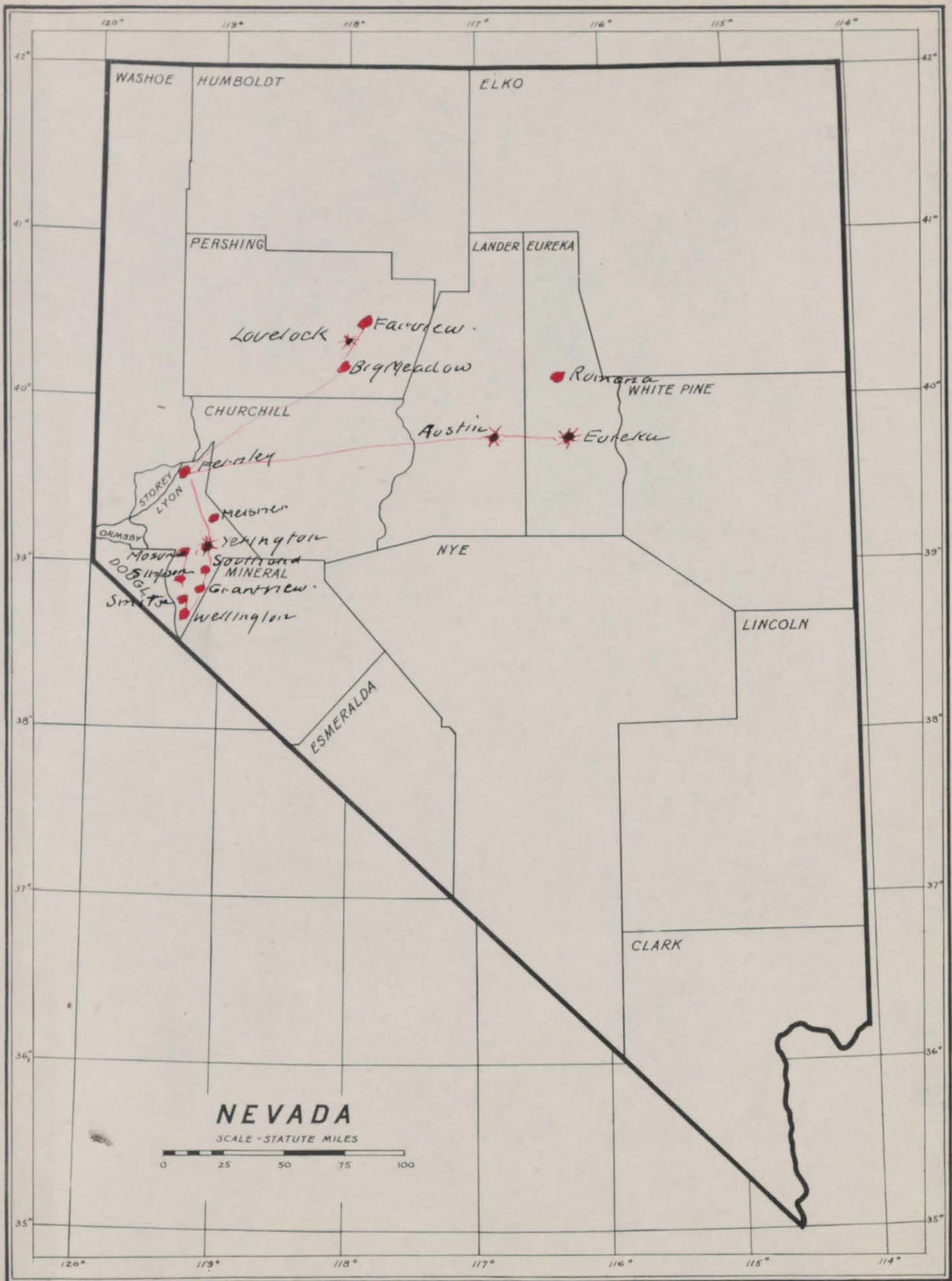
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## PERSHING, LYON, MUREKA AND LANDER COUNTIES

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MAP SHOWING COMMUNITIES

ANDERSON & CO. LITHO. BALTIMORE, MD.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

III STATUS OF COUNTY EXTENSION WORK

(I) - Form of Organization.

The extension agent co-operates with the County Farm Bureaus. In some communities she works with the home makers clubs, which are theoretically an organization of farm bureau women. This is true in Pershing County -- the women must be farm bureau members to be eligible to the homemakers clubs of Big Meadow and Fairview, the only organized communities in the County.

Yerington, Southend and Mason have organized homemakers clubs, but the members do not have to belong to the farm bureaus as no action has been taken in Lyon County. Any woman paying 25¢ initiation fee and 25¢ laboratory fee for each subject she takes, is eligible to the clubs.

In Eureka County, the farm bureau has been organized but there are practically no paid members. There is, however, a well established homemakers club with twenty members. The same situation exists in Lander County and the only organization so far is a Junior Sewing Club.

In Lyon County in the communities of Simpson, Smith and Grant View, the women's work has been carried on through the farm bureau centers with no separate organization, other than the project leaders and a leader of all work who acts as Chairman. When the women do not have a separate organization they take a more active interest in the farm bureau. In Grant View, the women helped to build up the farm bureau to strengthen their work.

The District Agent has charge of the work in four counties - Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander. It was originally planned that she spend ten days in Pershing County, her headquarters; ten days in Lyon County, and divide the remainder of the month between Eureka and Lander Counties.

On account of the time required for travel and the lack of funds, this was not found to be feasible. Both Eureka and Austin, the largest communities in the eastern counties, are a day's ride on narrow gauge railroads from the main line. Only five trips were made to Eureka and three to Lander County.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

In June, a car was purchased for use in all four counties. This solves, to a great measure, the problem of transportation, except in mid winter the Agent will be able not only to get to Austin and Eureka, but to work in the smaller communities which are miles from the railroads and can be reached only by car.

The Agent divided the 304½ working days between the Counties, as follows:

Pershing .....	128	Lander .....	13
Lyon .....	118	Los Vegas Conf.	12
Eureka .....	33		

## (2) - Function of Local Leaders in Developing Project Work.

The project leaders in a district which requires a drive of 1,000 miles to cover, must necessarily take much of the responsibility of the work. Considering the short time the extension work has been established, especially in some parts of the district, and the little training the Agent has been able to give them, the leaders and the Committee women have functioned remarkably well, much better than last year. They show greater initiative and more independence in their organization.

They have held meetings and carried on work when the Agent was out of the County with an efficiency which would not have been possible three years ago.

The women are showing a greater interest in the more important projects and practically all of the leaders of last year will continue their leadership through the coming year. This is quite in contrast with the condition in former years when leaders were anxious for their terms to end to give up their offices and it was difficult to secure women who would assume the responsibilities of the projects.

There has been a great improvement in the reporting of work by the co-operators and the leaders. This, of course, is the result of a better understanding of the work. There is, however, room for improvement and the Agent feels that there is much done by the women which they do not think of enough importance to report. They are slow to realize that these small accomplishments, if added together, would make a grand total.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:(3) - General Politics, Relationship to other Organizations.

There has been a growing interest in the extension work this year. Other organizations are becoming better acquainted with the aims and methods of the work, and more and more are co-operating in the accomplishments, not only of projects of civic interest, but of all extension work. Since the personnel of the farm bureau clubs is practically the same as that of other women's clubs in the communities, it naturally follows that they work in harmony.

The schools and parent teacher associations are co-operating splendidly in the keep-growing demonstrations and hot dish at noon. They have taken an active interest in the poster contests, achievement days and Junior Club Work.

The public health nurses, whose territories overlap the district, are working in perfect harmony with the Agent.

IV PROGRAM OF WORK(I) - Factors Considered and Methods used in Determining Program of Work.

The County program of work follows the general lines of that suggested by the State Farm Bureau, which is broad enough to include all phases of the extension work in home economics.

The Agent met with a committee of women from each center, helped them discuss the problems of the community, and decide which projects they wished to adopt. The goals were set; the work planned; the leaders elected, and the programs were made for the year. This was adopted by the group of women either the homemakers club or the farm bureau women and was presented at the community farm bureau meeting. The community programs were assembled by the Agent into a county program and was presented at the annual County Farm Bureau Meeting held in December.

The peculiar conditions in the State have greatly influenced the choice of work. Nevada originally was a mining country with a transient population, consequently there were few permanent homes. People have been contented to "camp" in temporary buildings--sometimes mere shacks--and have continued to live in that way year after year without the incentive for establishing real homes or improving the buildings in which they occupied.



Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

This lack of permanency is gradually being overcome by the introduction of agriculture and with it comes permanent homes, and better living conditions, for the success of the ranch depends on the success of the home.

In the farming districts, new up-to-date houses are being built and the old ones improved -- consequently the home improvement project is becoming more acceptable to the women.

In the eastern part of the territory, it is still not possible to do any very strong work on this project. The women of the mining districts, as well as those of the ranches, seem to prefer the making of "pretty" rather than useful things. The craft work has been very popular this year. The solving of the more important problems of the home is coming gradually with the development of the home and the extension work.

The badge of a Nevada town in the early days was the tin can; every town had and still has its acres of tin cans surrounding it. The State has not produced an adequate supply of green vegetables. The long distances and the poor facilities for transportation has made it difficult in many places to obtain green vegetables for a varied diet on the average income.

The insufficient water supply has discouraged and in some places, prohibited the growing of home gardens. The milk supply in the mining districts has been another problem which is still to be solved.

All of these conditions have tended to lessen the interest of the women in the nutrition project, though they should react in the opposite direction and demand their attention and co-operation in meeting the difficulties. The Keep Growing Demonstrations have, however, in spite of the food problem, received the hearty co-operation of all the communities and appear on nearly every program.

The programs of work are being made more thoughtfully and are demanding more attention each year. The women now feel that they could not do without the plan of work and the goals. When the Agent hears the women discussing their programs of work, she is reminded of the first meeting she attended three years ago. When called upon to give a talk, she naturally thought the women would be most interested in a program for the remaining six months of the year as there seemed to be no outline of women's work in the County.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

The women became indignant at the suggestion -- "Why the very idea of such a thing; no one can plan so far ahead; it is impossible to plan work even for a month, for instance how could you set a date for a canning demonstration when a late frost might kill everything."

Sometimes when the progress seems slow and little is accomplished, for such minutes come to everyone, the Agent compares that first meeting with no program and no project leaders to the present well organized clubs with their programs of work and efficient leaders, and feels that after all the three years have not been wasted, even though they have not produced the results she desires.

The organization has been strengthened and better co-operation and friendship which formally was lacking, has been established between the people of the two valleys.

--ooOoo--

ANNUAL NARRATIVE REPORT OF HOME DEMONSTRATION WORK

PERSHING COUNTY - NEVADA

--ooOoo--

Submitted by Lassie Lane, District Extension Agent.  
One-Third Time, November 1, 1925 to November 1, 1926

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:WORK PLANNED AND PROGRESS MADE DURING 1926PERSHING COUNTY

<u>PROJECT</u>	<u>GOALS</u>	<u>WORK DONE</u>
<u>I. NUTRITION:</u>		
Keep Growing Demonstrations	1 School	0
Feeding the Family	7 Coops.	0
	1 Exhibit	0
	1 Jr. Club	1
Home Gardens	2 Dem Gardens	0
	6 Coops.	0
	1 Tour	0
Food Preservation	2 Demonstrators	0
	10 Coops.	0
	2 Exhibits	0
<u>II. HOME IMPROVEMENT:</u>		
Convenient Kitchens	3	1
Pressure cookers	4	1
Labor-saving equipment	10	8
Testing Circle	1	1
Dessert Coolers	1	0
Testing of Coolers	2 Coops.	0
Serving Trays	4	0
Rooms redecorated	4	6-4 Coops
Rooms remodeled	0	4-3 Coops
Closet Remodeled	0	1
Rooms improved new curtains and linens	0	12-12 Coops
Furniture renovated	0	4-3 Coops
Lamp Shades	8 Coops.	(11 Coops (28 Shades
Picture Frames	8 Coops	(18 Coops (30 Frames
Sofa Cushions	6 Coops	17 Coops 17 Pillows
Serving Wheel Carts	0	0
Block Printed Runners	0	21 Coops
Curtains table cloths		28 Runners
Junior Club	1	1
Better Homes Week	0	1
<u>III. CLOTHING:</u>		
Demonstrations of tailoring	4	4
Tailored garments	5 Coops	5 Coops
		11 Garments
Sewing	0	21 Dresses
Exhibit	1	0
Demonstrators of tailoring	3	1
Pattern Exchange	1	0
Color Work	8 Coops	12 Coops 18 pieces

Pershing, Lyon, Bureka and Lander Counties:WORK PLANNED AND PROGRESS MADE DURING 1926PERSHING COUNTY

(continued)

<u>PROJECT</u>	<u>GOALS</u>	<u>WORK DONE</u>
IV. <u>MISCELLANEOUS:</u>		
Parliamentary Law	10 Coops	0
Christmas Presents	10 Coops	11 Coops
Publicity Co-operator	0	4

(2) PROJECT ACTIVITIES AND RESULTSA. Farm Bureau Organization and Membership:

When the Agent first came to the County, she had charge of the organization of both the men's and the women's work. At that time she had but two counties in her district. Since two more counties were added two years ago, and the agricultural agents time was increased from one third to full time in Pershing County, she has gradually taken a less active part in the general organization and has given more time to the organization of the women's work. The women, however, have had a great share of the County as well as the community farm bureau work, and it is partly through their efforts that the organization has been strengthened.

This has been a banner year for farm bureau membership drives. The annual conference held in Los Vegas stimulated the interest of the delegates in the Farm Bureau and they came home full of enthusiasm and with an increased respect for the organization. As a result of their efforts, the goal of 76 members was overreached with a membership of ninety.

Mr. J. S. Sloan, one of the delegates to the annual meeting, secured sixty-two of the ninety. He said he had gained so much from the meetings and had such a wonderful time that he wanted to do something to show his appreciation.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

The women's work is carried on through the two home makers clubs, Fairview and Big Meadow. The work in the two valleys has had more interruptions than usual this year, due in part to the death of two active members and the temporary absence of several others. There has, however, been an increasing interest in the women's projects, a stronger organization, and a greater friendliness between the people of the two valleys.

B. Publicity:

In the past years, the publicity has been a problem. During the first two years the agent wrote a weekly column for the local newspaper. This, however, did not prove a success as the work stopped when she was out of the County. This year a new method was tried. Each of the women's and children's clubs appointed a publicity agent whose duties are to hand all items of interest to a county publicity agent who assembled the items, made two copies and gave one to the local paper and one to the local correspondent for the two Reno dailies.

While the club publicity agents have not functioned as well as the Agent had hoped, Mrs. Philip Anker, the county agent, has gone far beyond her fondest expectations and has kept a good report of the women's meetings, accomplishments and news in the local and Reno papers. Mrs. Anker deserves a great deal of credit for her splendid work.

Mr. Black, Editor of the County paper, The Review Miner, has been most helpful and has co-operated most heartily with the Agent and the leader. He has given the note a prominent place in the paper usually making them "head liners".

--ooOoo--

Pershing, Lyon, Kureka and Lander Counties:C. - Junior Club Work:GENERAL STATISTICS:

Days devoted to Club Work .....	32
Meetings held .....	243
	No. 40 Att.
Social Meetings .....	600
	No. 4 Att.
Achievement programs .....	1 Att. ...100
Leaders schools .....	3
Public demonstrations .....	4
Teams trained .....	3
Home visits made .....	23
Office Calls .....	22
Telephone Calls .....	88
Letters Written .....	67
Total enrollment .....	22

ACHIEVEMENT DAY PROGRAM

The Annual Achievement Day Program of the Junior Clubs was held February 19th, in the Pershing County High School Auditorium in Lovelock, with 100 present.

The Loyalty Sewing Club gave a demonstration of the making of a sport hat and the Sunshine Cooking Club Team demonstrated the making of salads. Three first year pins, six second year and thirteen third year pins were awarded to the girls club members.

Two demonstrations, sheep judging and poultry culling, were given by the boys' teams. Mrs. Florence Bovett, State leader of Homemakers Clubs, gave a short talk and led the singing. Refreshments were served by the County Farm Bureau Women.

Junior Farm Bureau Camp:

Eleven girls attended the Camp this year. Several who had hoped to go were compelled to remain at home to help cook for harvesters. The Loyalty Home Improvement Club represented the County with a team which demonstrated the selection of color for house furnishing. They received third prize.

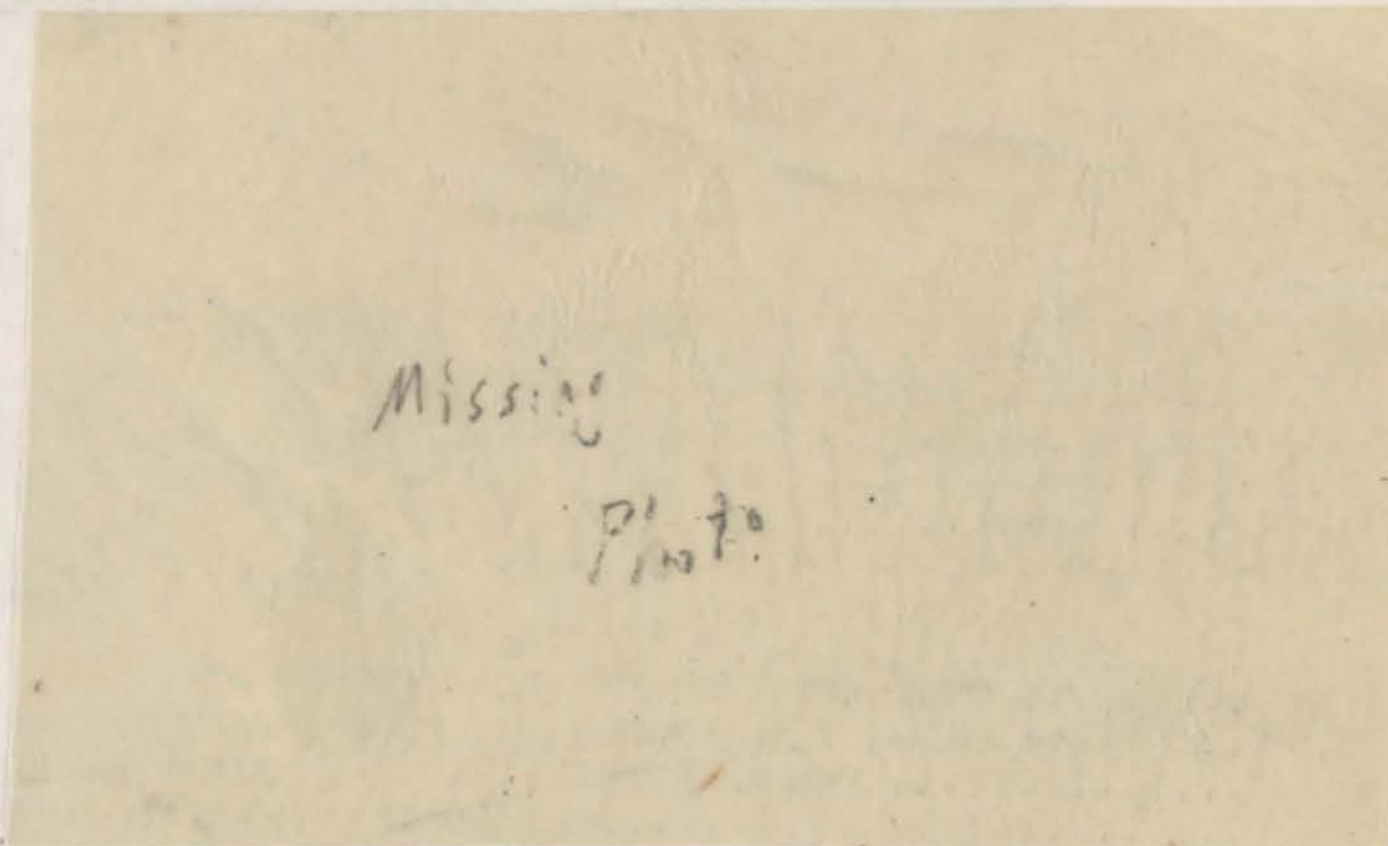
Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

Fig. 1. Club Members who attended the Junior Farm Bureau - Held on the University Farm near Reno - August 16th to 20th 1926

### FARM BUREAU NOTES

*Aug 27*

Pershing county, 30 strong, attended the 4th annual junior farm bureau camp, which was held at Reno August 16th to 20th. Our girls and boys came home with a notable record, having won 10 prizes. John Fant, jr., won first prize as the best sheep judge at camp; Eric Sebbas won first prize in the boys health contest; Joey Olaeta won first in the swimming race for boys under 14 years and third prize in free-for-all swimming race, our boys agricultural demonstration team composed of Peter Anker, Eric Sebbas and John Smith took second prize, while our boys' judging team composed of Stanley Anker, John Fant, jr., and Peter Olaeta won third prize. In this contest Washoe county won second place by but 10 points over Pershing.

Our girls' home demonstration team composed of Fannie Smith and Bonnie Biggs won third prize; Carol Bidleman captured second in the girls under 14 swimming race. Pershing county came third in the stunt contest and Don Bigham received honorable mention in the crops identification test.

The full delegation returned home on Saturday accompanied by two leaders and two county agents, a happy tired crowd, feeling they had a week of good practical learning, as well as a jolly lot of fun. All are eager to attend the 1927 camp and came home with the feeling that while they did their best this year, they will make their best better next year.

### GIRLS HANDWORK

The Agent had charge of the girl handwork classes at Camp. 123 girls took the work. Classes were held each morning for three days. Each girl made a runner of linen colored crash decorated with block printing in orange, blue or red. (See page 22) - A laboratory fee of 50¢ was charged to cover the cost of materials. This, and the proceeds from the sale of left-over materials, paid for the crash, paints and necessary equipment.

Since the children had to complete an article costing 50¢ in three hours, something cheap, made of materials easily obtained, had to be given. Miss Stilwell, Asst. Director, suggested stenciling or something similar. After experimenting with block printing with dies made of potatoes, linoleum and inner tubes, the Agent found they took too much time to be practical. The blocks used for printing in the schools did not afford enough variety in the motifs. Sections of mouldings, edge trims, etc. secured from the lumber yard, solved the problem.



Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

They made possible a great number of attractive designs and fifty sets of seven different mouldings, cut ready for use, were purchased from the local dealer for \$2.00.

The scarfs were printed in simple designs, bordering lines with motifs in the corners or a simple border design all around the scarf two inches from the edge. The ends and sides were finished with a narrow hem cross stitched or run with a black rope embroidery cotton. (See directions and illustrations pages 19 and 21 of this report.)

Four completed scarfs were used as models to show four different designs. The girls were, however, encouraged to originate their own designs and several very interesting motifs were developed.

The work of a few of the girls showed real talent. There is no end of designs which can be obtained with the use of a few simple blocks. It is surprising how fast a sense of proportion and an appreciation of what is strong or weak in a design, can be developed. The girls soon realized that parallel and perpendicular lines give strength, and slanting lines and circles in square spaces, weakened the design. There were a few round and square wooden Kindergarten beads for printing. Only one girl was attracted to the circular design while the square appeared in many designs. This, however, may partly have been due to the fact that the motifs were of squares or modified circles.

Textile Identification Contest:

The Agent had charge also of the textile identification contest. This year, the assistant director was fortunate in getting one of the merchants to lend full bolts of materials for the work. They proved much better than the small pieces of cloths used in former years and added interest to the contest.

Joint Meeting of the Humboldt and Pershing County Clubs:

In May, five cars drove to Paradise Valley, taking five girls and about twelve boys to meet with the Humboldt Clubs. The purpose of the meeting was to give the children practice in giving their demonstrations, stunts and yells in public.

Cooperative Extension Work in Agriculture and Home Economics  
 University of Nevada, Agricultural Extension Division and U.S. Department  
 of Agriculture Cooperating.  
 State of Nevada.

## DIRECTIONS FOR BLOCK PRINTING

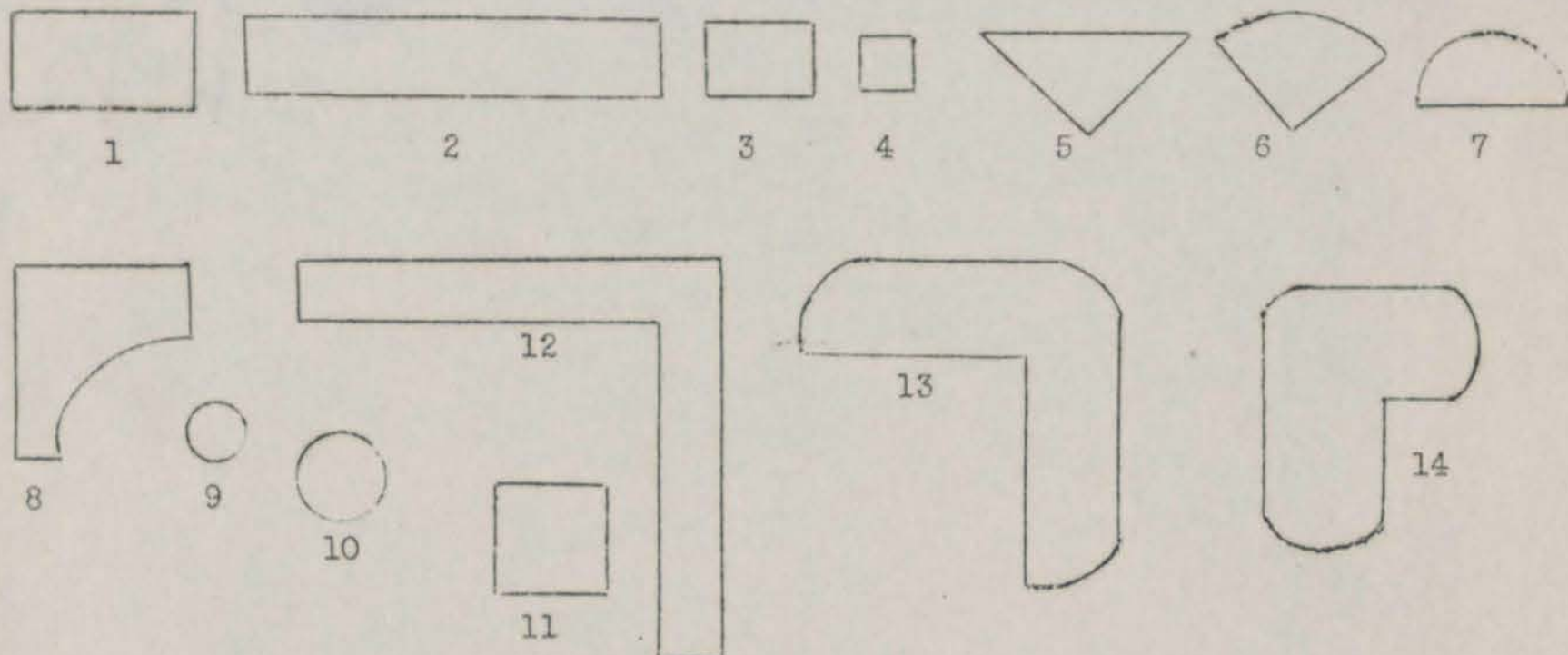
by

Lassie Lane - District Extension Agent.

Block printing, one of the oldest forms of fabric decoration, is just what the name implies, the printing of designs with wooden blocks on cloth. Any kind of smooth material of cotton, wool, linen or silk may be printed and used in making of household linens, sofa cushions, draperies, etc.

MATERIALSBlocks for Printing.

Small mouldings, edge trims, and dowel (round sticks) may be cut into two inch lengths and the cut ends used for printing. Very effective designs may be made by the use of one, two or more blocks.



Cross sections of mouldings, trims and sticks suitable for printing, which may be obtained from any lumber yard.

Colors for Printing.

Oil Paints: For linen, part linen materials or felt, the best medium for printing is oil paints in tubes. This is thinned to the consistency of thin cream with a commercial stenciling fluid or with the following formula, the ingredients of which can be purchased at any drug store and mixed at home or by the druggist:

- 1 pint turpentine
- 1 oz. acetic acid
- 1 oz. wintergreen.

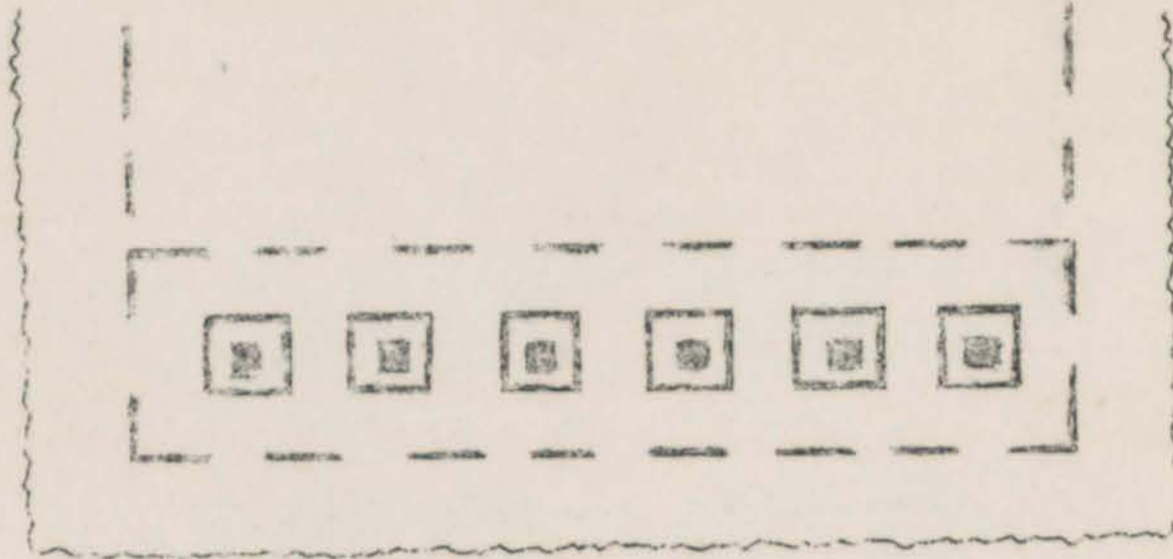
The paint should be thin enough to show the weave of the material but not thin enough to run. Printed materials should appear to be dyed not painted.

Dyes: Linen material cannot be printed successfully with dyes as the moisture follows the threads in both directions. Ordinary dye can be used on cotton or silk. Follow the directions on the package for making the dyes and thicken with uncooked white of egg. Beat gently until well blended. A small portion of gum-arabic dissolved in water may be substituted for the egg.

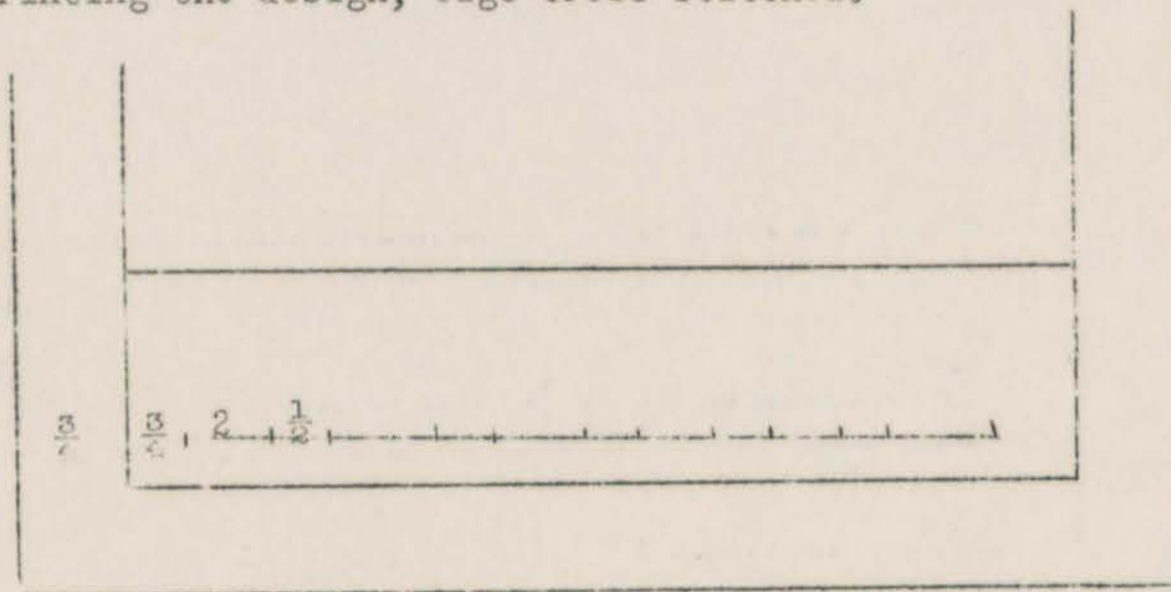
Preparation for Printing Designs.

Before beginning to print, draw the designs on wrapping paper. Select the motif to be used, work out the design and the spacing to fit the material to be printed and draw on paper the size of the cloth. With a soft pencil or chalk draw guide lines on the material to insure accurate printing.

The following diagram will illustrate how the guide lines are drawn.



End of table runner. Blocks No. 2, 12 and 11 used for printing the design, edge cross stitched.



Linen  $17\frac{1}{2}$  inches wide.

Diagram showing the guide lines for printing the above design. Line around the edge of linen printed  $\frac{3}{4}$  inch from the edge. Six 2 inch square motifs  $\frac{3}{4}$  inches from line and  $\frac{1}{2}$  inches apart.

Printing.

Squeeze tube paint into a cup or small can, an old cold cream jar with a screw top is good as the paint can be well sealed when not in use. Add either of the media described above until the paint is the consistency of thin cream. Place two thicknesses of outing flannel in a small pie tin or saucer and pour the paint over it until the cloth is saturated.

Try the paint on a scrap of the material to be printed to see how the fabric takes the paint and to be sure that it is of the right consistency and color.

Stiff materials such as heavy coarse linen or part linen crashes usually hold the colors without them spreading. For this class of fabrics make a pad by tacking two thicknesses of outing flannel smoothly over a board or old table top. Place material to be printed on the pad and hold it in place with thumb tacks. When part of the material has been printed, remove tacks and move it along the pad and retack, but be sure that none of the paint has run through the pad as it will soil the fabric to be printed.

If the cloth takes the paint well newspapers may sometimes be used instead of the pad. Blotting paper placed under the material to be stenciled will sometimes prevent the paint spreading.

If the paint runs rub the back of material to be printed thickly with magnesia before placing it on the pad. Cakes of magnesia can be purchased for five or ten cents at the drug store.

Wet the face of the printing block evenly with the paint by pressing it on the saturated pad of outing flannel in saucer. Print with an even pressure of the block on the cloth and be careful to follow the guide lines and remove block gently so as not to smear the design.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

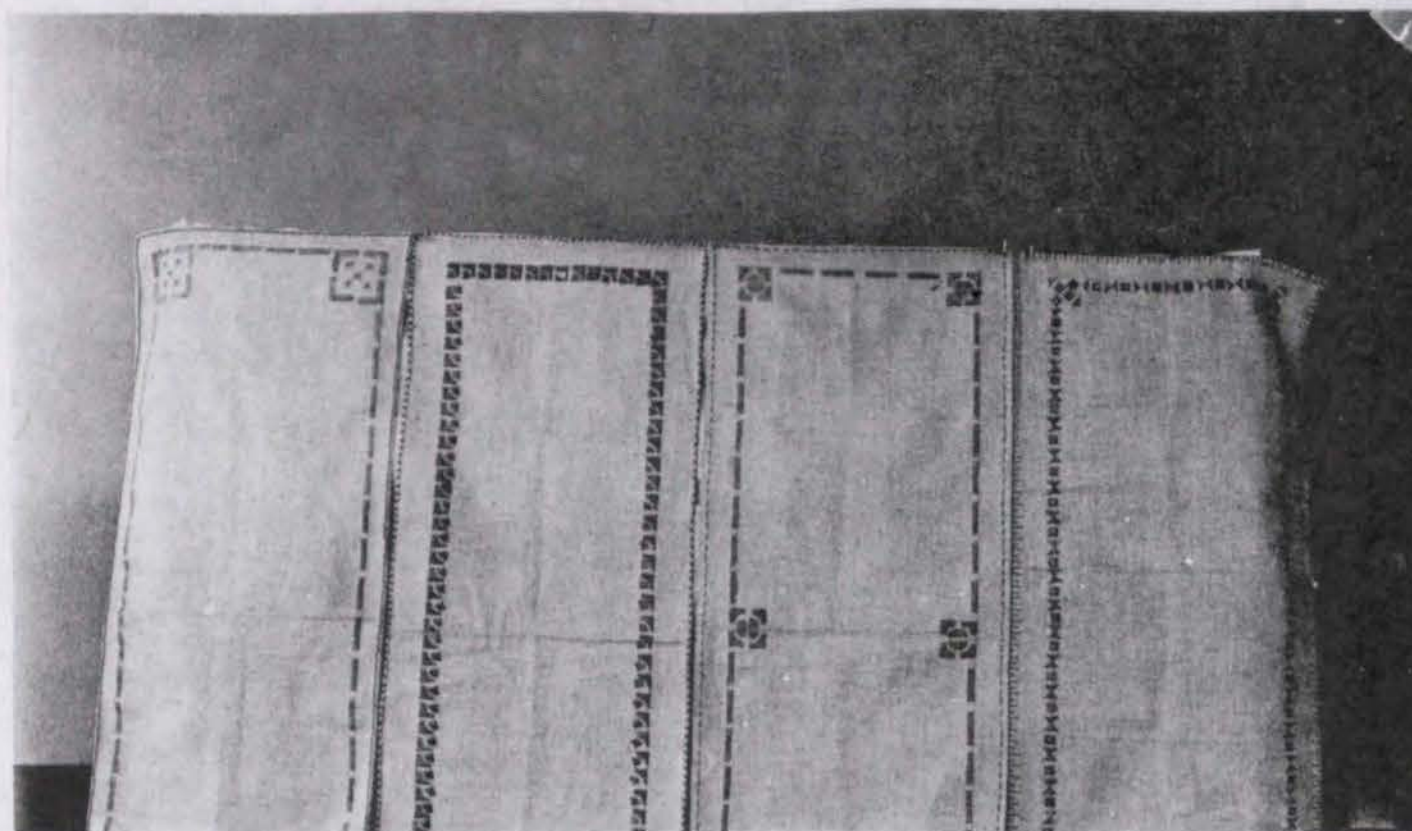


Fig. 2. BLOCK PRINT RUNNERS

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

Fig. 2. BLOCK PRINT RUNNERS

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

The Loyalty Sewing Club team demonstrated the making of a sport hat.

The boys gave two demonstrations. The Club yells and songs were also given. The Humboldt County teams did good work and put on a clever stunt; their singing was especially good.

The Pershing County Club members had an opportunity to see how they ranked in comparison with other clubs. It was an education for they did not do as well as the Paradise Valley Clubs. It was profitable experience for the children to get away from home and find out what other clubs are doing.

COOKING CLUB WORKStatistics:

Days devoted to work .....	10
Meetings held .....	17 Att.... 86
Social meetings .....	4 Att....242
Teams trained .....	1
Public demonstrations .....	1
Office calls .....	8
Telephone calls .....	34
Home calls .....	8
Letters written .....	25
Total enrollment .....	7
Number completing .....	<u>6</u>
One moved out of County	
Number of meals served .....	537
Total number hours Club Work ..	
Total number hours home Work ..	910 .

Work Accomplished:

The Sunshine Cooking Club completed their fourth year of meal preparation work. The Club was reorganized immediately after camp last year. Mrs. Alfred Thran, who was so well qualified for the work, moved out of the County and Mrs. Kjeldsen assumed the responsibility of the Club.

For two years the Club Demonstration Team had represented the County at club camp. This year they decided that the team from the Upper Valley should have that honor. Had the Club contested for first place in the County work, there is no doubt they could have won for they have worked hard for three years and were all better trained than the Loyalty Club girls, as the latter refused for two years to have a demonstration team but felt a bit slighted last year when their team did not win.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

The Sunshine Cooking Club team this year was trained by the team of last year and after a few practices, gave a demonstration on making of salads on Achievement Day.

The same method will be used this year in training the teams. The girls who have done the team work, will train those who enter the contest this year. They are far better fitted for the work than the leader who has never seen a contest. All of the girls in the Club receive the same training and the best are selected to represent the Club.

It has, however, been a question of selecting girls who were sure they could attend camp rather than the ones who could do the best work, though indirectly, it amounts practically to the same thing. Usually if the girl has the interest, she can persuade her parents to let her attend camp.

The Club gave a party to 150 people of Lower Valley. They prepared and served the refreshments of salad and coffee, and as there were only five to do all the work, the ladies of the Homemakers Club donated the cakes. The girls also decorated the schoolhouse. The Club met the expenses out of their Treasury.

In August, 1926, the Club was reorganized and a canning club formed under the original name, with eight members. This, however, will come under next years work though they have begun canning and will be reported in 1927.

LOYALTY CLUBStatistics:

Days devoted to work .....	10 $\frac{1}{2}$
Meetings held .....	19...Att.143
Social meetings .....	1...Att.150
Home calls .....	12
Office calls .....	7
Telephone calls .....	28
Letters written .....	28
Teams .....	2
Public demonstrations .....	3
Number of rooms improved .....	11
Number of rooms renovated ....	1
Total number articles made ...	42
Hours of club work .....	1140
Hours of housekeeping .....	925



Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:Work Accomplished:

The Loyalty Sewing Club was reorganized last Spring. After three years of sewing, the girls decided to change to a home improvement club and organized under their old name with twelve members.

As this character of club work was new in the State, there was no definite requirement for the work outlined. The agent had a conference with the Assistant State Leader and between them the work was planned. At least four articles must be made for the room -- the girl must take full care of at least one room for a period of three months.

The Club devoted two meetings to the study of color, made the color cards and planned the color scheme for their rooms. A rule was made that nothing which was neither "useful or beautiful" should have a place in the rooms of club members. It is surprising how free from useless dust catchers the rooms are; if the Club accomplished nothing more, this result would make the work worth while.

The members visited the rooms and suggested improvements. One girl has renovated her room, painted the floor and woodwork, removed needless articles, and made a closet to hang clothing; rearranged her furniture, removed top of chiffonier and made new curtains, lamp shade, bed spread and dresser scarf.

All of the girls have made new curtains, dresser scarfs, and bed spreads. Two have made slip-over covers for dresses; all have done more than their required house work.

At the club meetings, the daily and weekly care of bed rooms was discussed, and a demonstration of bed-making given and each girl made the bed as directed by the Agent.

The club demonstration team of two girls, Bonnie Biggs and Fanny Smith, gave a demonstration of the selection of color at the club camp. Large color charts and drapery materials were used as illustrative materials. They won third prize. The club also sent a demonstration team to the joint meeting at Paradise Valley who gave the demonstration prepared for last years contest, the making of a sport hat. The same demonstration by the same team was given on Achievement Day.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

Since all of the prescribed work is completed, the girls will devote their time until the holidays to the making of Christmas gifts. At one meeting, they made curtain pulls; at another, picture frames. The beginning of the year, they will reorganize under their present name and form a meal-serving club.

Sewing Club:

Six little girls in Lower Valley, all under club age, were so interested in the work that last year they organized the Happy Sewing Club.

They made two articles of the first demonstration but were unable to finish the work last year. This summer they decided they would be sure to finish in time for Club Camp in 1927 for they would all be ten years old by next June, so reorganized and resumed work. They were invited by the Sunshine Cooking Club to attend one of their meetings and at that time elected their officers and planned their work. The Cooking Club served ice cream and cake which they made that day as a special treat.

These little girls have been waiting three years to be old enough to become "sure enough club members". If they can hold their enthusiasm this long, there is no doubt they will be loyal workers of the Club.

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Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:D - NUTRITION PROJECTKeep-Growing Demonstration:

Days devoted to the work .....	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
Telephone calls .....	7
Leaders schools .....	3
Home visits .....	2
Dem. Meetings .....	
	5 Att 233

On account of a peculiar situation in one of the rural schools, the Keep-Growing Demonstration was discontinued this year. The directors ordered scales in August for use in the Big Meadow School. They were unable to get the scales or to hear from the firm from which they were ordered. Late in the Spring, the scales arrived with no explanation of the delay. The children were weighed once before school closed and the work was resumed this year.

The Demonstrations were resumed in the Fairview, and Big Meadow schools and introduced in the Lovelock Grammar School this Fall, although this work was done this month, it belongs to next years work and will be included in the report for 1927.

Food Preparation:

Days devoted to project .....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
Meetings held .....	6 Att. ...68
Number of co-operators .....	6
Practices adopted by coops.....	18
Total No. dishes made by coops..	77

The program of the Big Meadow Homemakers Club included the food preparation project and planned for six meetings to be devoted to the work. For various reasons, the meetings were postponed and only five, with an attendance of 57, were held. The subjects of these were soups and soup garnishes - (the fritter beans were very popular) - made-over meat dishes, cooking of eggs, Christmas candies and ice creams.

One meeting, devoted to the setting of the table and serving, was given in the Upper Valley by the Fairview Homemakers Club with an attendance of eleven.

E - HOME GARDENS

Nine home calls were made in the interest of the garden project -- seven co-operators, one in Big Meadow and six in Fairview, were secured.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

On account of the lack of water, the gardens produced few vegetables and those of the varieties which had always been grown in the valley. The results were so poor that the women thought it not worth while to report them as the vegetables in one garden were half grown when the water supply for irrigating ran short and the plants were ruined.

This has been the driest season for years in Lovelock Valley. The pump water, especially in the Lower Valley, is so alkaline, that it cannot be used for irrigation. This is the third year the Agent has attempted to secure garden demonstrations with the same poor results.

There are a few of the older ranches with water rights which give them a supply sufficient for both alfalfa and vegetables. A number of these ranches have always had gardens and, in spite of the late frosts, have raised excellent vegetables. The men with smaller holdings or who settled here later, most need the gardens and, unfortunately, cannot have the water.

Work is begun on a second and larger reservoir which will store the surplus water of the Humboldt River which goes to waste in the winter, and provide, we hope, an adequate supply for both crops and gardens. This may help to solve the problem of fresh green vegetables for local use.

F - HOME IMPROVEMENT

Statistics: (See page <sup>24</sup> for Junior work which is not included in figures below)

Days devoted to the project	.....	8 $\frac{1}{2}$
Meetings held	.....15 Att..	121
Clothes closet renovated	.....	1
Pictures rehung rooms	.....	2
Coops in renovating rooms	.....	4
Articles made for home	.....	115
Furniture renovated No. pieces..		3
No. Coops	.....	27
Rooms redecorated	.....	6
Rooms renovated	.....	4

Work accomplished:

The programs of both communities, Big Meadow and Fairview, included the home improvement project. Most of the women are more interested in lamp shades, runners, picture frames, etc., than in making the more necessary changes for increased comfort and efficiency in their homes. This probably is due to the lack of time.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

The ranch women, as a rule, do care to undertake so big a piece of work as the making over of a room. In some cases it has been the lack of money to make the desired improvements. Taken as a whole, the homes of Lovelock Valley are above the average. There are numbers of up-to-date homes providing every comfort. There are, however, a great many which could be made more convenient and more attractive.

The women of this County have a rather odd attitude toward the Agent. They are willing to receive her help and suggestions but are proud to say that they did everything without assistance. They do not want the Agent to see their rooms until they are completed and surprise her with what they have done.

While she appreciates their wish to please her, the Agent could be of greater assistance and the women could have better results were she allowed to give more help with the plans.

This attitude has made it difficult to carry on well-rounded demonstrations. Probably the results are the same as if the work were done entirely in accordance with extension methods, the spread of influence may be as great. Sometimes it is not easy to know if the work is the result of the extension service, and to get accurate reports. With the development of the project, this condition, no doubt, will disappear.

One of the women has remodeled three rooms and although the Agent spent a half day going over colorschemes and offering suggestions for furniture and the recommendations which seemed to be carried out in the completed room, the owner was proud of the fact that she did the work entirely without assistance. Since she had attended all of the meetings devoted to furnishing of houses, the Agent is reporting her remodeled rooms as a result of extension work.

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Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:**"BETTER HOMES"  
WEEK FULFILLED**

Women of Lovelock Valley's Two  
Community Centers Initiate  
Observance to Last Long

(Reported for Review-Miner)

"Better Homes Week" is well under way in both Fairview and Big Meadow communities with business houses in Lovelock cooperating. Miss Lassie Lane, home demonstration agent, gave an interesting lecture to the women of Fairview on "object of better homes and homemakers' week." Business houses which have window displays befitting the week are Young-Goodin Company, Edith Beeson, Sunbeam Bakery, Nevada Valleys Power Company, Lovelock Mercantile Company, Victory Highway Garage, Golden Rule Mercantile Company, Big Meadow Market, Skaggs Grocery, Savoy Cafe, Lovelock Pharmacy, Azores Mercantile Company, Temple Cafe, Rendezvous, MI Lady Shoppe, Big Meadow Hotel. This is the first attempt of the local community centers toward giving a "Better Homes Week" observance and we hope to do more with the work each succeeding year.

Better Homes Week

The two homemakers clubs co-operated in conducting a Better Homes Week in Lovelock.

While it did not create any marked attention or achieve any tangible results, it was their first attempt and has served its purpose in that it is a good beginning and the women have begun to plan for a more effective campaign next year.

The clipping attached gives an account of the work.

\* \* \* \* \*

MISCELLANEOUS HOME IMPROVEMENT WORK

## Block Printing:

No. Co-operators ..... 21  
Articles Made ..... 45

Before presenting the block printing to the girls at club camp, the Agent tried it on the women. In this way, she not only found out if it would be practical, but obtained models for use at camp. It certainly succeeded with the women. If it were just a means of supplying a few articles for the homes, the Agent would feel that it were not worth while.

The block printing, however, has been a means of bringing home some of the things the Agent has been trying to teach the women for the last three years, and it is serving the purpose well.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

There is too much time wasted by the busy ranch women in enbroidering all kinds of household linens and dresses stamped with commercial designs which are neither appropriate or beautiful. The Agent, however, cannot be too severe and come out boldly with this fact though she has suggested to them that this is true.

The block printing has developed their appreciation of simple designs and it is really astonishing how quickly the women have grown in their appreciation of color and line in design. Like the children, they have originated some rather clever motifs. They are learning that the design must have a definite relation to the space it is to fill. The finishing of the edges too has been training in the use of color.

As an example, one of the women made a sofa cushion printing it very prettily with a line two inches from the edge and a square motif in the corners and middle of the side, as it is a long pillow. She took it home and finished it. At the next meeting it appeared with a heavy ecru lace edge which is so popular now in the package stamped pieces. The lace did not match the linen of the pillow. The Agent complimented the work but finally suggested that it would look better with a black line around the pillow.

The woman went to town, purchased a ball of heavy rope embroidery cotton, and before the meeting ended, had cross-stitched the edges and the women were quick to see that it made an attractive pillow out of a very weak commonplace one -- that it was not a question of taste, but a principle in the use of color which was involved.

Sofa cushions, runners, lunch cloths and curtains have so far been made and the women are planning more work along this line.

\* \* \* \* \*

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:Picture Frames:

No. of Co-operators .....	18
Number of Frames .....	30

In Fairview, three meetings were devoted to the hanging and framing of pictures. The Agent demonstrated the hanging of pictures at a meeting in one home and re-hung all of the pictures. Frames were made of plain mouldings purchased from the lumber yard at  $1\frac{1}{2}$  and  $2\phi$  a foot. The women, with the assistance of mortise boxes, cut the frames, glued them, and finished in polychrome.

The completed frames cost about 25 cents. One of the women held hers up beside a commercial frame of about the same size and style which cost \$6.50. She remarked that she would not pay the difference in price that her home-made frame looked just as well as the one purchased.

The saving is, however, the smallest part of the benefit received. The women are unconsciously developing a better sense of color combination and color values.

The tinting of the frames to bring out the coloring of the pictures, has been helpful in this way. Eighteen co-operators made 30 frames; 96 feet of moulding was ordered this week by the Fairview Club to make frames for Christmas gifts. Really good prints in good subjects and soft colors can be obtained from advertisement calendars and when properly framed, make acceptable gifts at about the same cost as greeting cards.

Lamp Shades:

No. of Co-operators .....	18
No. taught by Coops .....	11
No. Shades made .....	28

Although lamp shades have, in some instances, been overdone with garish and elaborate shades entirely out of harmony with the rooms in which they are placed, the women still are interested in the work.

The shades made this year were of figured or plain materials shellacked and bound with dark seam binding or neat guimpes.



Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:Basketry:

Days devoted to work .....	2
Baskets made .....	10
Co-operators .....	7

The women seem to retain their interest in basketry and asked for more meetings to be devoted to it this year. They have been doing very good work and have made trays, fruit, flower, and sandwich and sewing baskets.

Color Work:

Days devoted to work .....	2
Meetings held .....	4 Att.. 51
Co-operators .....	12
Pieces of work applying color principles ...	17

The color work presented at the conference by Miss Stilwell last January, was given to the two homemakers clubs. Fifteen women made the color cards but only a part of them applied the rules of selecting color to their sewing or house decoration. Twelve used what their knowledge gained from the work in combining colors in their embroidery work.

The Agent has noticed that the women have unconsciously gained a keener sense of what is harmonious in color combinations but few women have any concrete results to report.

Testing Circle and Labor Saving Equipment:

The Fairview Homemakers Club has a testing circle but it has not functioned as it could have. The Agent feels that she may not have given it the attention which it required to make it a success. A mop wringer was purchased by the Club and tried by the members. One woman demonstrated the new vacuum cleaner which works as efficiently as one run by electricity but is run by hand. Six vegetable strainers have been ordered by the Club.

G - CLOTHING

Days devoted to work .....	3
Home Calls .....	3
Telephone calls .....	8
Demonstrations given No. 4Att34	
Tailors garments - 5 coops 11 garments	
Wash dresses made .....	21
Hats .....	2

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

The clothing project included in the years work of both Homemakers clubs. Fairview had two demonstration meetings of the making of wash dresses. Big Meadow - two all-day meetings on tailoring. The tailored garments were one sports coat, four childrens coats, three lumber jacks, two childrens dresses, and one lady's dress.

The color work was applied to five of the above mentioned wash dresses.

H - COMMUNITY ACTIVITIES

At the beginning of the year the women thought they would assist with every farm bureau center program. While they did not carry out this plan, they have assisted with the social side of a number of meetings during the year and if the women did not serve refreshments at every meeting, there would be a small attendance.

Many of the community meetings have fallen on dates when the District Agent was out of the County. The women have done well in helping with these meetings.

They assisted with a picnic held as a conclusion of the dairy school. The Lower Valley women were present and helped with a joint meeting of the Farm Bureau held in Upper Valley. They assisted the District Agent in serving lunch at the Poultry School, and while the Agent attended the Annual Farm Bureau Picnic, all arrangements were made while she was out of the County, and the women served on the Refreshment Committee. The women did much of the work of the Annual Farm Bureau dance given in October in Lovelock.

The Homemakers Clubs helped the children with the two dances given for the benefit of the Junior Clubs.

Each of the Homemakers Clubs entertained the Club from the other Valley.

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STATISTICAL SUMMARY FOR PROJECTS FOR PERSHING COUNTY

Projects	Days in Field	Days in Office	Office	Telephone	Letters	Home Visits	Method Dem. Meetings		Result Dem. Meetings		Meetings in Rel. to Project		Misc. Meetings		Leader
							No.	Att.	No.	Att.	No.	Att.	No.	Att.	
Keep Growing Dems.	3 1/2	2 3/4	0	7	0	2	9	233	0	0	0	0	22	38	0
Feeding the Family	2 1/2	0	0	7	0	0	5	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Jr. Food Club	8 1/2	2	8	34	25	8	17	86	0	0	0	0	4	242	1 Team
Home Gardens	3/4	1	0	2	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jr. Food Pres.	1	0	2	6	0	0	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	3 - 3
Home Imp.	8	2	3	9	0	5	15	121	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basketry	3	0	0	0	0	0	5	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jr. Home Imp.	9	4 1/2	7	28	28	12	19	143	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jr. Club Gen.	6 1/2	4 1/2	5	12	14	9	0	0	0	0	5	400	0	0	0
Clothing	2 1/2	0	0	8	0	3	4	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Color Work	2	1	0	5	0	0	4	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Better Homes Week	1 1/2	1/2	2	1	10	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Organization	7 3/4	0	7	3	80	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	147	6 - 274
Poultry School	3/4	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 - 23
Reports		24 1/2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inroute	1 1/2	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hand-work, Jr.															
Camp at Reno	1 1/2	4	0	0	0	0	9	369	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Publicity	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous		19 1/2	10	8	11	28	8	351	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>159 3/4</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>1500</b>			<b>3</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>7 - 300</b>

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

OUTLOOK AND RECOMMENDATIONS

There seemed to be more interruptions than usual this year in all of the counties of the District. The work was so late in getting started that the spring outdoor work, cooking for hayens and harvesters, and summer vacations came before it was well begun.

From a standpoint of goals reached, the work fell below that of last year. When, however, you consider that some of the most important accomplishments were not included in the goals, and look at the work from a view point of organization, the County has made more progress than in any previous year.

Much of the work on the programs has seemed trivial but it has been serving its purpose. It has held the interest of the women as more important projects could not have done. There is another reason for this character of work -- the little time the Agent has to devote to the County has made it difficult for the women to conduct projects which would require a great deal of assistance, especially with inexperienced leaders.

The organization is much stronger and the women are learning to bear responsibility so the coming year should bring a better program and stronger work.

The Better Homes Week will be stressed this year. Plans will be made for it at the beginning of the year and preparations made which will insure its success. Last year the women decided at the last minute, when the Agent was out of the County, to have a Better Homes Week. Considering they had no experience in the work, they did well. The Agent came too late to be of any great assistance.

There is a good field for the Keep-Growing Demonstrations and that work will be stronger and more far reaching than in the past three years.

Since the club work was started three years ago, there are a number of children who have reached club age and there is a chance for larger enrollment. A County organization of club members would help greatly, not only increasing the membership, but in many other problems which are of interest to all club members, both boys and girls.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

The organization could be similar to that of the Farm Bureau, the individual clubs corresponding to the communities, and the County Directors to the County Directors of the Farm Bureau. In such questions as expense money for club camp, it would be better for all the members to help raise the money for all the clubs than for each to work independently.

The Community Farm Bureau meetings have devoted their time to the men's projects, not because the men objected to giving some of the time to the women's work, but because the women have not planned any definite work for these meetings. It would be well for the women to put on two or three programs a year and show what the women are doing, and occasionally get a good speaker on women's projects to demonstrate or talk.

A big annual Farm Bureau meeting open to the public would do much to give good publicity to the work. In previous years, it has been a meeting of the directors. An all-day meeting with a good dinner, and a good program, would bring the people out and create interest.

With the strengthening of the organization in the County, the leaders are beginning to realize the responsibility of their work and are now ready for more important projects or phases of the projects and this coming year gives promise of greater results than have been achieved in any previous year.

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ANNUAL NARRATIVE REPORT OF HOME DEMONSTRATION WORK

LYON COUNTY

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Submitted by Lassie Lane, District Extension Agent.

November 1, 1925 to November 1, 1926.

Pershing, Lyon, Bureau and Lander Counties:

## WORK PLANNED -- PROGRESS MADE 1926.

<u>Project</u>	<u>Goal</u>	<u>Completed</u>
<b>Nutritions</b>		
Keep Growing Demonstration	203	217
Achievement Day Programs	2	1
Exhibits to reach State Goals	9	4
Hot lunches	5	3
		Children of 3 schools go home to lunch.
Poster Contest	1	1
Project leader school	1	2
<b>Food Preparations Cooperators</b>		
Groups of women	6	22
Exhibits	3	2
Demonstrations	3	1
	4	7
<b>Food Preservation</b>		
Demonstrations	5	0
Cooperators	20	13
Exhibits	3	1
Groups of women	3	2
<b>Home Gardens</b>		
Demonstrations	5	2
Cooperators	10	4
Tours	2	1
Exhibits	3	0
Clubs	1	0
<b>Home Improvement</b>		
Convenient Kitchens	3	2
Pressure Cookers	4	5
Labor-saving equipment	20	4
Refurnishing rooms	2	2
Rooms remodeled	5	5
Home equipment	4	2
Exhibits	2	1

Pershing, Lyon, Bureau and Lander Counties:

<u>Project</u>	<u>Goal</u>	<u>Completed</u>
<b>Clothing</b>		
Communities	4	3
Groups of women	3	3
Junior Clubs	2	2
Demonstrations	4	2
Exhibits	20	14
Achievement Day	1	0
Exhibits	4	1
<b>Poultry Show</b>		
Exhibit of hand-work	1	1
" " cooking	1	1
" " canning	1	1
" " preserving	1	1
" " hot lunches	1	1
" " made-over garments	1	1
Farm Bureau Membership	205	176
Farm Bureau Picnic	1	1
Community Picnic	1	0
Club Camp - Girls attending	15	9
Achievement Days	2	1



Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:STATUS OF COUNTY EXTENSION WORK

## (1) - Form of Organization.

The women's work in Lyon County is carried on under the auspices of the Farm Bureau in eight communities, Yerington, Southend, Meissner, Mason, Grant View, Smith, Wellington and Simpson. These women work together in four groups.

Two Homemakers Clubs have been organized for three years, one in Yerington, which includes the women of the Meissner District, and one in Southend, which includes the Women of Mason. While the work is done under the Farm Bureau, the women do not have to belong to the organization. They may become members of the Homemakers Clubs by paying twenty-five cents initiation fee and twenty-five cents for every subject they take.

Two groups of women in Grant View and Smith work directly through the Farm Bureau, with no separate organization. They, however, elect their own leaders, one responsible for all of the womens work in the community. This is true in Grant View and Wellington. The women of Wellington and Simpson meet in one group. The women of the Smith Community are divided between the two groups, Grant View and Simpson, but are called the Smith Community. Formally there were two groups in Smith Valley, Smith and Simpson with two programs of work. Since the same women attended both community meetings, at the beginning of the year, the two were combined and had but one program of work. Whether this plan was not successful or because of outside inter-utions there was little accomplished in Smith this year. No doubt the local condition had much to do with the situation.

Farm Bureau Membership

The goal for the Farm Bureau memberships was set at 205 this year. About 180 have been secured from Mason and Smith Valley. Each of the community centers put on a drive to obtain their quote.

Pershing, Lyon, Bureka and Lander Counties:

Publicity

The agents from time to time have written articles for the local paper giving the progress of the project work. The papers welcome all the material but will not write the items.

With the strengthening of the work, no doubt, the women will be able to take charge of the publicity.

(2) - Function of Local Leaders in Developing Project Work

With the increase of work, the development of efficient leadership is essential. Eight women have been doing strong work in the county during the year. Three county leaders, of homegardens, clothing, and keep growing demonstrations. If they develop in the coming year as much as in the past, it will mean that they will be able to assume a great part of the responsibility of their projects and will be able to carry on the work when the agent is out of the county.

The success of the project work depends on the functioning of the leaders. Strong leadership will bring strong work. Twenty-eight project leader schools were held during the year.

(3) - General Policies, Relationship to other Organizations.

In projects of general interest, such as the Poultry show, all of the women have done splendid work. They have been quick to assume the responsibility as well as to carry out the plans of the work. The Lyon County responded generously to demands for assistance in achievements of general interest such as the Keep Growing Demonstrations, Achievement Day and other public meetings. The school boards and Teachers Parent Teachers Association have given their hearty cooperation to the school nutrition work.

Pershing, Lyon, Bureka and Lander Counties:

Annual Farm Bureau Meeting.

The Annual Lyon County Farm Bureau Meeting was held in the Court House in Yerington, December 16, 1925. Cecil W. Creel, Director of Extension, Thomas Buckman, Assistant Director, Mrs. Eda Carlson, State Farm Bureau Secretary, Mrs. Florence Bovette, and delegates from each of the Communities were present.

The morning was devoted to the routine business, and at noon the Farm Bureau entertained the guests and delegates at dinner served in the Brooks Hotel.

In the afternoon, the delegates gave reports of the work done in the Community Centers, the agents discussed the work and goals of last year and presented the program for 1926. A large cloth chart showing last years goals and accomplishments and problems and suggesting remedies was used to present the work.

The Farm Bureau edition of the Yerington Times came off the press just in time to be handed out at the meeting. (See copy attached.)



Fig. 3. Publicity Stories

Pershing, Lyon Eureka and Lander Counties:

Farm Bureau Picnic.

The Annual Lyon County Farm Bureau picnic was held in Mrs. Fulston's orchard near Wellington on June 5th. Altho Nevada has the most wonderful scenery it is no small problem to find a place suitable to holace to hold a picnic in our land of sand and sage brush. Mrs. Fulsone's orchard was an ideal spot, for the purpose, plenty of shade grass and clear cold water in a steady stream.

About 275 people were present. Every one had a splendid time. The communities, Yerington, Southend, Grant View and Wellington competed in games for first place. The community centre chairmen ran a race, and there were contests in horseshoe pitching, pie eating and nail driving. A greasy pig race ended the contests. Grant View won the community pennant by 100 points. The picnic closed with a baseball game between the single and the married men, the latter won. The picnic was a wonderful success and every one is looking forward to an even greater attendance next year.

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Pershing, Lyon, Kureka and Lander Counties:

Poultry Show

*cut catalogue*

.13. Exhibit of Tailoring.

The second Annual Poultry Show and Farmers Week was held under the auspices of the Farm Bureau and the High School in the Lyon County High School building in Yerington, February 4th, 5th and 6th.

The show in a way took the place of the usual County Fair as it was the only exhibit of the kind held by the county. Beside the poultry show, there was an exhibit of womens work.

While there was not as great an attendance as last year the people were more interested and seemed to come to learn rather than to look and pass on. Some of the women came all three days, and asked for assistance in making some of the garments.

While there were not as many exhibits as last year they were much better chosen and much better in quality. This was particularly noticeable in the fancy work. The previous year there was much discontent with the judging. The first prize for colored embroidery went to a little card table cover bound in color and decorated with a simple design in the corners, which could be made in a couple of hours. Elaborate pieces of embroidery of the present "Crazy daisy" and "Kensington of the last generation were ignored. It was rather hard on the feelings of the women and this year the judge gave a

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

Fig. 14 Men visit the Fancy Work Exhibit.

talk on the judging of Home Economics exhibits and told what is good in design and color. Some of the women were good sports and saw the point some are still "sore", but nevertheless, the embroidery which was exhibited was better in design and color even though there was not as much of the eye straining needle work.

Four educational exhibits were planned but on account of illness, the women had but two, one an exhibit of tailoring by Mrs. Stickney, the County Project leader. It consisted of one finished pair of little boys trousers, one-half completed leg and the pattern laid on the cloth ready to be cut from the leg of a discarded pair of mens trousers. All of the garments were made of old materials. Coats, suits and dresses were included in the exhibit. (Picture on preceding page). Twelve women asked Mrs. Stickney to teach them to tailor boys trousers.

The other educational exhibit was prepared by the teacher in one of the rural schools. It showed the method and equipment for serving the hot dish at noon in school.

The exhibit of canned products was very good. While not large, some were perfect examples of canning.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:




.15. Home Improvement Exhibit showing equipment and plan of Mrs. Edwards demonstration.

An exhibit of labor saving equipment was lent by the Extension Division of the University of Nevada. The plan of Mrs. Edwards demonstration of the remodeling of her home, which took third prize in the State Home Improvement Contest was displayed. Mrs. Edwards also exhibits her collection of Mason Valley wild flowers. She has preserved specimens or water-color sketches of 150 wild flowers which are native of this valley. It is quite a remarkable collection and added interest to the exhibit.

The laboratories of the High School were used for the womens work. They were prettily decorated with evergreens, the discarded Christmas trees which the women had saved for the purpose

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

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Pershing, Lander, Eureka and Harder Counties:

SECOND ANNUAL  
**LYON COUNTY  
 FARMERS' WEEK**  
 AND  
**NEVADA STATE  
 POULTRY SHOW**  
 TO BE HELD AT  
**YERINGTON, NEVADA**  
**FEBRUARY 4, 5, 6, 1926**



**PREMIUM  
 LIST**



This show is held under the jurisdiction of the Lyon County High School No. 1 and Lyon County Farm Bureau co-operating.  
 For further information address Lyon County Farm Bureau or Lyon County High School No. 1, Yerington, Nevada.

SECOND ANNUAL  
**LYON COUNTY  
 FARMERS' WEEK**  
 AND  
**NEVADA  
 POULTRY SHOW**  
**Yerington High School**  
 Yerington, Nevada



**FEBRUARY 4, 5 AND 6, 1926**

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:NUTRITIONFood Preparation.

Days devoted to the project -----	5 $\frac{1}{2}$
Meetings held ----- No. 7 Att.	67
Groups of women -----	2
Number of Cooperators -----	22
No. of new practices -----	49
Exhibits -----	1

The food preparation project was included in the program of Smith and Southend.

Meetings devoted to the making of Christmas candies and puddings were held in both communities. Eleven women ordered "Our Candy Recipes" by Van Arsdale, Monroe and Barker. A demonstration of fancy breads was given by one of the leaders. The cooking of meats was demonstrated at three meetings.

Food Preservation.Products Canned or Preserved

Tomatoes canned -----	480	Qts.
Green tomatoes for pies -----	6	"
Corn Canned -----	74	"
Beans canned -----	25	"
Pickles -----	75	"
Relishes -----	165	"
Fruit canned -----	458	"
Jam -----	134	"
Meat canned -----	233	"
Sausage -----	400	Lbs.
Meat smoked -----	2840	"

Although there were no demonstrations of canning other than the demonstration of the use of the pressure cooker the above products were either put up in the pressure cookers owned by the Farm Bureau or were influenced by the extension work.

COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK IN AGRICULTURE AND HOME ECONOMICS  
University of Nevada, Agricultural Extension Division and U.S. Department  
of Agriculture Cooperating

Yerington, Nevada.  
December 28th, 1925.

My Dear Friend:

You will soon be thinking of sending for your seed catalogues. I am enclosing a leaflet which I hope may be helpful in planning your garden and making your seed bed.

We are looking forward for the banner year for gardens hoping that we may be able to raise not only enough vegetables to supply us for summer use but also enough to can and dry to last us through the winter months.

With best wishes for the success of the garden, I am

Very sincerely yours,

*Lassie Lane*

District Extension Agent.

L.HC

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

A total of 1413 quarts of vegetables and fruits and 3473 pounds of meat were preserved in the two communities of Yerington and Southend which included the project in their program of work.

Canning Exhibit.

An exhibit of canned products was included in the poultry show held the first of February in the Lyon County High School in Yerington. While the exhibit was not large, the quality of the products was unusually fine. It was attractively displayed.

Home Gardens.

Days devoted to the project -----	5		
Home calls made -----	25		
Meetings held -----	2	Att.	18
Garden tour -----	1	"	25
Leaders schools -----	4	"	4
Meetings held by leader -----	1		
No. of Cooperators -----	4		
Demonstration gardens -----	12		
Receipts for products -----			
Number of varieties vegetables -----			

The home garden project was started in March in two communities, Yerington and Southend. Two meetings were held for the purpose of planning the gardens. The project leaders, Mrs. Edwards and Mrs. F. O. Stickney, who has had a great deal of experience in gardens in this valley, helped the women to draw a plan of their grounds and advised the varieties which do best in this climate. As a result of this work, two women who had no previous experience, started back yard gardens for the first time.

There were two demonstration gardens, one in a town and one in the country. To be a demonstration garden it should contain at least the following varieties:

4 green-leaf vegetables--spinach, chard, kale, lettuce, cabbage, asparagus.  
3 root vegetables--beets, carrots, turnips, rutabagas, parsnips.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

2 pod vegetables--peas, beans,  
3 miscellaneous vegetables--tomatoes, onions,  
squash, pumpkins, celery, peppers, cucumbers.

There were four garden cooperators, gardens in which recommended vegetables were grown for the first time.

The garden program was planned for one of the Farm Bureau Community meetings in Grant View. The specialist could not come and the agent was out of the county. Mrs. Edwards, the County leader, Mrs. Stickney and Mrs. Willis took charge of the meeting. Mrs. Edwards gave an outline of the garden project work in the county. Mrs. Stickney spoke on varieties of vegetables best adapted to this soil and climate. Mrs. Willis talked on the preparation of soils from her experience on back yard gardening.

The leader and the agent visited the demonstrations twice during the summer.

#### Garden Tour.

The garden tour was held at a very inopportune time but as the plants were in the right stage it could not be postponed. The ranchers were busy with haying and many of the towns people were away on vacations. The tour, however, served its purpose. It created interest in the project and next years gardens will, no doubt, profit by the experience gained by those who made the trip. The clipping attached from the local paper gives a full report of the tour.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

# Gardens are Inspected by Farm Bureau Women

The garden tour conducted by the Yerington Farm Bureau women Friday was a decided success. Twenty-five people were up before the sun

Swiss chard and spinach. She recommends Swiss chard highly, as the outside leaves can be cut for use and the plant keeps on growing and is

Nevada has never before direction of its present of capital and travel as Vice President Dawes will never lay down made before to bring know that no such in- condition has never been informed voters know us motive, is as ill-con- teful, unattentive to safe- sills that the present ad- become a part of the jealous, over-ambitious

the by the granting of an- of one term of adequate, getic, constructive man is party has as its stan- to the belief of the fair- the identity of his op- their choice is Scrugham rugham. The assertion atic party needs offer no r with records, ambitions tizen of Nevada is going tions in defense of his sts of his family if he

And me days of California were read. all, what real joy it was for the men and who had lived up around Sonora and Cor and Jintown and Sontsbville to coming more.

That's the way with the Nevadans who these annual reunions at Mosswood park. enjoy the speeches and the set program, if one, but the great pleasure out of it all is to- gether and exchange a hearty hand-shake, by the flow of reminiscences of the early the Comstock, of Treasure Hill, and even of for there are veterans of that old camp still land of the living.

Southern California has a silk industry w producing fabrics spun from the finest silk made from creamy white cocoons. A bale of silk was recently shipped to our shores con- 41,000,000 yards of thread. Shipments of spun goods are going into eastern mercanti- fishments and the demand is always in adv- the supply. California is fine as silk.

From Yerington Times  
August 11, 1925.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

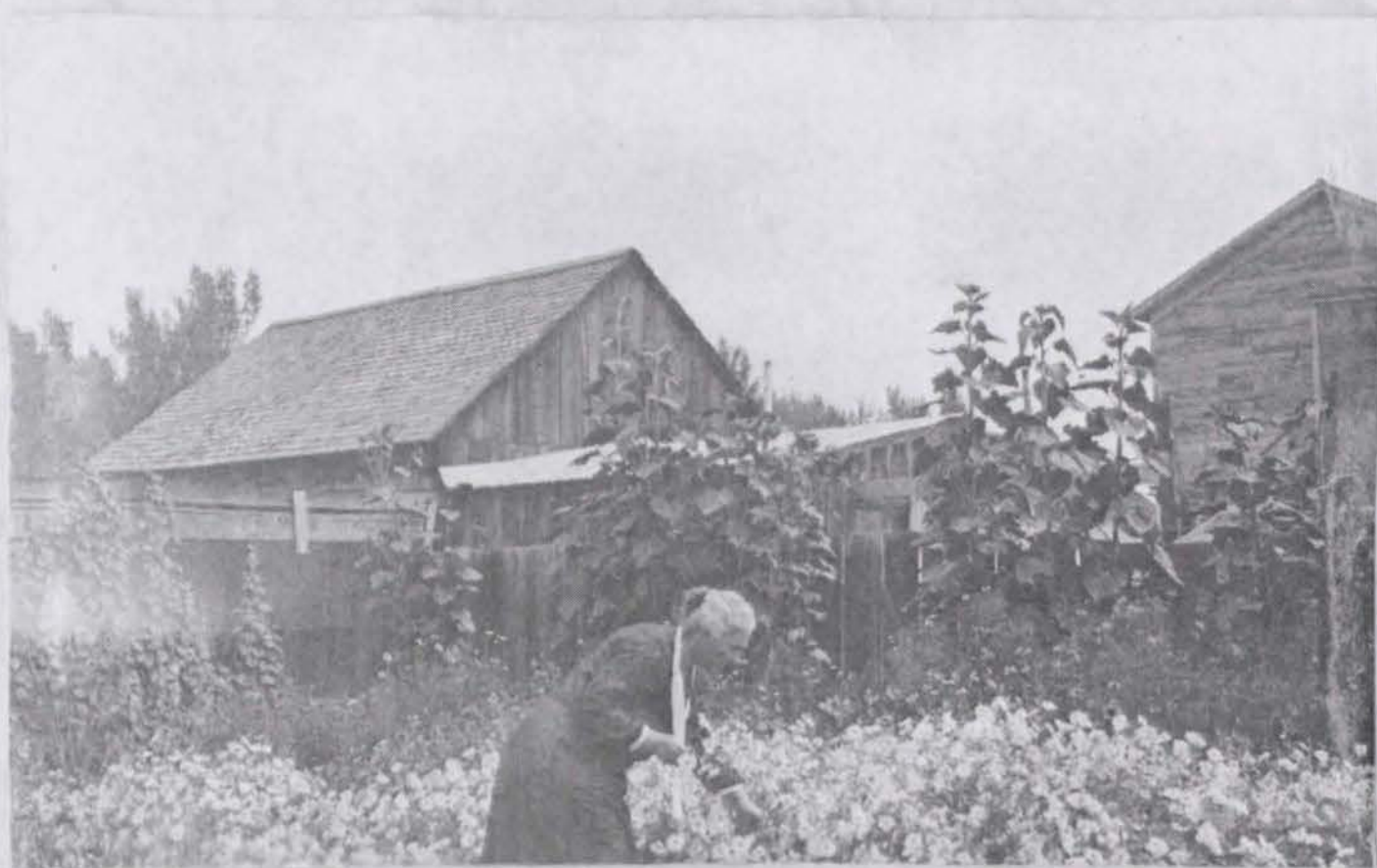


Fig. 4 The perfume from this old-fashioned garden at five in the morning, made the people on the tour glad they came.



Fig.5. By seven o'clock Bacon and eggs tasted good.

Pershing, Lyon, Mureka and Lander Counties:

GARDENS VISITED ON TOUR

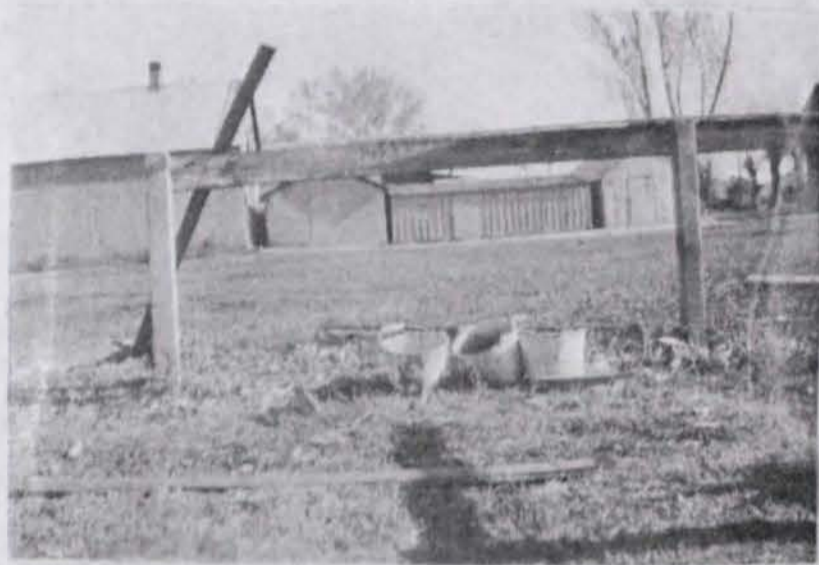


Fig. 6. Mrs. Edwards garden site as it appeared last year.



Fig. 7. Mrs. Edwards Demonstration garden 14 x 45 feet this year grew fourteen varieties of vegetables at a profit of \$31.66.



Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

Mrs. Houses gardens visited on Tour.



Fig. 8. The wind pumps the water for the water-melons in this desert garden.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

Mrs. Houses-gardens visited on Tour.

cut  
Catalogue

Fig. 9. Sun flowers for chicken feed fill every available space in Mrs. Houses acre garden.

Pershing, Lyon, Nureka and Lander Counties:

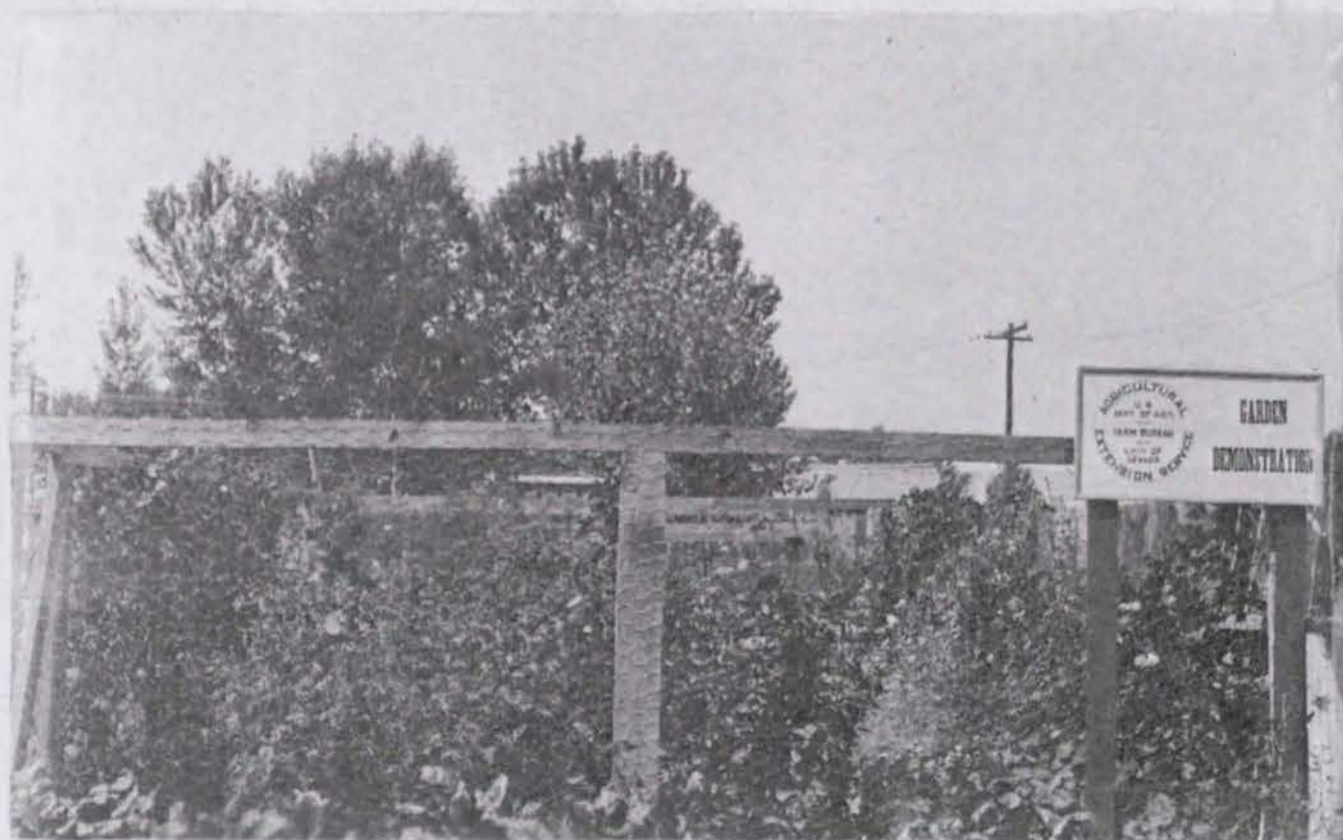
Garden Profits.



The net profit on Mrs. Edwards city garden was \$30.11. Fourteen varieties of vegetables were grown including all required for demonstration garden. She also planted twelve fruit trees, two hundred strawberry plants and twenty-four berry bushes.

Mrs. Powers back-yard garden was 10 x 29½ feet. In it she grew eight kinds of vegetables and thirty-two varieties of flowers were grown in the garden and the yard. Her net profit was \$15.30 but she says it repaid her well. One bequet was worth all her trouble and next year she will enlarge her plot.

Fig. 10 Mrs. Powers Back-yard garden.



. 11.  
Mrs. Powers  
Garden.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Landar Counties:

Mrs. Hansen had an acre garden in a new country, part of it was under cultivation for the first time. Water pumped from a well by a wind-mill was used for irrigating.

Unfortunately Mrs. Hansen was ill or away from home at the time the garden was at its best. She has, however, written a narrative report which is attached.

Mrs. Nicholas netted \$39.00 from her 26 x 100 feet garden in which she grew eleven varieties of vegetables.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

Garden Report for 1926, by Mrs. W. M. Edwards,  
Yerington, Nevada.

My back-door garden, 14 x 45 feet square, was spaded up two years ago from a heavy growth of salt grass. It was part of a corral in years gone by and has very little alkali left in it.

Spading this year cost \$3.00 and water \$3.00 over the minimum. Planting, weeding, and watering I did myself.

I raised the vegetables which were recommended by the University Extension Bureau. The seeds were planted on April 14th. There was no late frost to kill anything.

Leaf vegetables were Swiss Chard, New Zealand spinach, curly cress, beet greens. All these grow easily with no care except the water. I keep the spinach covered at night and it is still fresh and green. (October 24th)

Root vegetables were Dark Blood beets, Oxheart carrots, Hollow Crown parsnips, Icicle radishes. Radishes and carrots were planted in the same rows. The turnips were bothered with aphids and root worms and were pulled out early in the season and more beets planted in their place. Beets grow especially well in this heavy soil and serve as greens and roots.

Thirteen Earlyana Tomato plants transplanted in June began to bear in September and they produced six cases of ripe tomatoes and some green ones to ripen in the cellar.

Kentucky Wonder Beans on the fence, bush wax beans and Little Gem peas produced about 10 quarts each.

Thirteen Everbearing strawberry plants had one dish every second day in August. Four two year old rhubarb roots grew more than we could use.

A twelve foot row of asparagus grew well and should have some to eat next year. I expect to plant more as it is a favorite with us and little care.

Pershing, Lyon, Mureka and Lander Counties:

In the ground used for fruit trees grew White Spine cucumbers, four hills of crookneck squash and six hills of Hubbard Squash. These had no care except water \$3.00. I have twenty large hubbards for winter use and more crook-necks than I would give away and plenty of cucumbers for our own use. Hubbard squash were planted June 21st. and harvested September 26th. If they had been planted earlier 16 more would have ripened.

Our family averages three persons. Some meals we had six varieties of vegetables. Lettuce is the only one I bought all summer. The profit was \$30.01

August 11, 25 people visited the garden at six o'clock in the morning.

Pershing, Lyon, Bureau and Lander Counties:

## Garden report by E. Isabelle Hansen

It is very difficult to give an accurate report of my garden. I went to Miss Lane's classes and was particularly interested in her garden plans. My experience up to this summer has been largely with flowers, not vegetable gardens. She, however, has laid considerable emphasis on the value of the family vegetable garden from both the standpoints of health and of finances. Miss Lane gave lists of vegetables that should be found in the properly planned family garden, so many leaf, so many root and so on. I am fond of gardening and it all sounded very fascinating, especially in the spring at catalogue time, so I determined to try a real food garden for my family and laid plans accordingly.

We are homesteading and my soil is good but new. I was not able to get as much fertilizer as I would have liked, but about 2½ wagon loads were plowed under in a patch about 30 x 150 feet. The melons, potatoes and squash and pumpkin section had no fertilizer, was just the new desert soil. I put out one long row of potatoes the 23rd of April in the vegetable garden, for early potatoes but the others were not planted until the middle of May. Those in the garden had more water and were better cared for, also fertilized and by "grabbling" the largest potatoes off in early July without digging up the vines that 100 ft. row provided me with potatoes for 6 weeks. They were good size too.

My strawberry patch was overcrowded and did not bear as well as it should, still for two weeks or more, off of a patch about 16 ft. square, we had berries every other evening for dinner, about 2 quarts at a time, average. After that we had a few occasionally from the everbearing variety. Next year, I'll have more. As to other products, the young green onions and radishes began to bear in March and by the middle of April I had green peas. Although fond of peas we had them until the family wearied of them. I made three plantings of the peas so had them still in the middle of July. Peas were high here all summer so I am sure ours would have paid well if sold at market prices. I gave away a good many but sold more and canned more.

I had either string or wax beans all summer after the middle of July until the heavy frost about October 1st. We have a longer season up here against the hill than the valley has.

In my garden I had practically all of the ordinary vegetables represented. About the only things I didn't have were artichokes and egg-plants. My turnips and carrots, both early and late, were wonderful.

Pershing, Lyon Eureka and Lander Counties:

As nearly as I can calculate we used daily on the table at least 75¢ worth of green vegetables, valued at market prices. This did not include the melons, of which we always had all we cared for, probably half a dozen cantaloupes for breakfast and two or three water-melons, no matter what else there was for dessert, for dinner in the evening. Besides these I sold at least \$10.00 worth of cantaloupes and gave away quantities and stored a couple of dozen casabas in the cellar. On sweet corn days we would use considerably more than 75¢ worth also, as I never cooked less than 2 dozen ears. So 75¢ a day is a conservative figure.

I planted four varieties of tomatoes one of them the small yellow preserving tomatoes. Of the red varieties I best liked Chalks Early Jewell. Daily in season I sliced and served a big platter of tomatoes. We ate so many I canned only a few, but did make about a dozen and a half jars, quart, of tomatoe jam besides a dozen or so canned plain and pickled and a couple of gallons and have four boxes ripening in the cellar.

I have plenty of Hubbard squash, pie pumpkins, carrots, parsnips and a few cabbages for winter besides the potatoes which there are about 13 sacks. My sunflowers were worth while in the odd corners.

I consider that my garden has been a big success. I have stored and canned for winter easily \$50.00 in value. At 75¢ per day for the five months the garden was in full bearing, or at least supplying all the vegetables we used, May, June, July August and September, we used 5 x 30 x 75¢ = \$112.50 worth of vegetables. The early vegetables in April and March and the carrots and tomatoes etc. in October are thrown in for good measure.

\$112.50 plus \$50 in cellar makes \$162.50. The melons I can not value. We had all a family of 8 could eat for two months and I sold some. Produce sold amounted to \$15 besides so this brings total cash up to \$177.50 as nearly as I can value. The value of the potatoes can easily be estimated at \$28 which makes the total cash \$205.50. Had I kept more careful account I could give a much better report. However, I feel contented with the success of my garden and it has been a great comfort to us all. I have really set a wonderful table all summer. There were always from three to five vegetables at dinner and yet I never bought a vegetable after the middle of April except potatoes and none of those after the first week in July.

Next year when my soil is older and better fertilized, I hope to do better.



Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:



Fig. 12. Children who took part in the Keep Growing Demonstration Program held in the Lyon County High School May 1926.

KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATIONS.

A full report of the Keep Growing Demonstrations begun in September 1925 and ending in May 1926 is attached to this report. (See next page).

The demonstrations were resumed this year in nine schools carrying on the work for the past three years and established for the first time in the Yerington Grammar School.

At the beginning of the year publicity was given to the results of last years work. The four gold star schools, Barrett, Smith, Plummer and Colony were presented with the pennants offered by the state extension service for the schools which reached the state goals.



COUNTY ACHIEVEMENT DAY PROGRAM  
 KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATIONS  
 Lyon County High School.  
 Barrett, Colony, Mason, Meissner, Perry, Plummer,  
 Smith, Sanders and Wellington Schools.

Song-----Barrett School.  
 Recitation-----Meissner  
 Play-----Perry  
 Song-----Sanders  
 Drill-----Mason

Presentation of Prizes by Mrs. Lillian Church-  
 yard, County Project Leader.  
 May 8, 1926.



Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

PRIZES AWARDED IN  
KEEP GROWING CONTEST

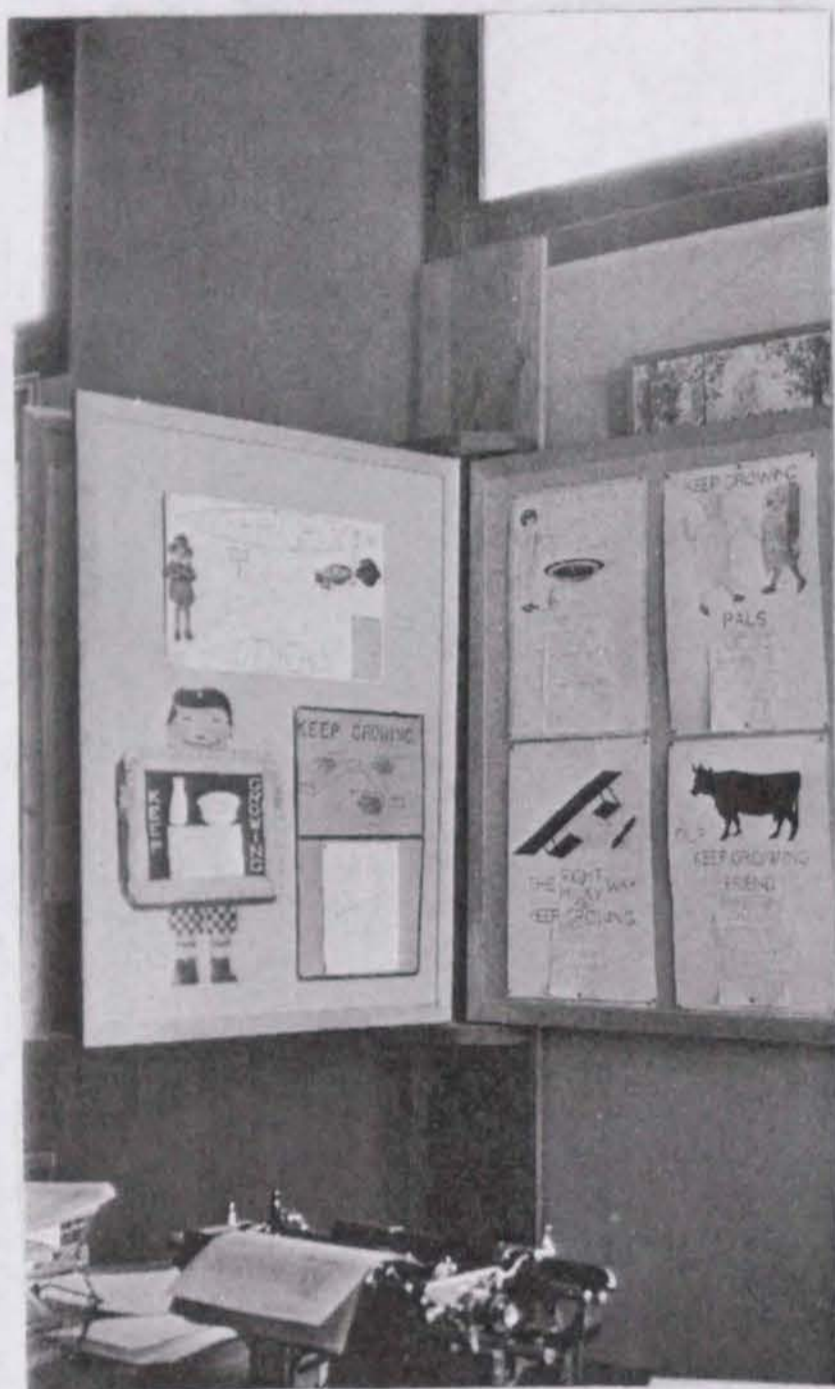
Wellington, May 12. (Special)

The "Keep Growing" poster contest which has just been finished in the schools of the county, has not only aroused interest among the children themselves in the value of steady growth, but has given them training in an artistic way, for many very good and original posters were produced by the children.

Those of Smith Valley who received prizes were Ella Madeline Mann, first, and John Lind, second for the first grade; Dwight Elder, first and Vivian Terry second for the second grade; Helen Elder, first and Zada Cardinel, second for the third grade; James Hardy, jr., first for the fourth grade. All of the other prizes were awarded in Mason Valley. The judges were three high school teachers of Yerington, Miss Mac Mitchell, Miss Clair Williams and Miss Clifford.

Fig. 12 Keep Growing Posters  
Exhibits on folding rack in  
Farm Bureaus Office

Pershing, Lyon, Burke and Lander Counties:



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KEEP GROWING CONTEST**

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Fig. 12 Keep Growing Posters  
Exhibits on folding rack in  
Farm Bureau Office

UNRA-PL749-415

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

## County Schools Have Achievement Program

The County Keep Growing Achievement day program held in the Yerington high school Saturday was a great success. It is the first celebration of this kind ever held in this county. Although the demonstrations have been carried on for three years. After this it will be an annual event. The Achievement Day is a culmination of the year's work in the "Keep Growing" demonstrations. They have been carried on in the following schools: Barrett, Colony, Mason, Meissner, Perry, Plummer, Smith, Sanders and Wellington. Keep growing demonstrations are just what the title implies. If a child gains weight steadily, it is a pretty good indication that he is in good health. The object of the demonstration is to encourage the children to keep growing.

A short but interesting program was given by the children from the schools in which the keep growing demonstrations have been conducted. The older children of the Mason school gave a drill. They were dressed in orange colored caps and frill collars and sashes. Each child recited a nutrition rule, telling how to keep growing. The drill was followed by the smaller children who recited clever little verses, introducing themselves and telling how the articles, milk, bowl of mush, green vegetables, etc., had made them wonderfully strong. The Barrett and Sanders schools sang clever songs. The Meissner school was represented by Billy Nagel who recited a quaint little parody on the King was in the Parlor. Mrs. F. O. Stickney, member of the school board, gave a short

talk. Mrs. Lillian Churchyard, county project leader, awarded the prizes for the posters.

Keep Growing posters were submitted by all of the schools carrying on the demonstrations. The posters represent the one or more of the four rules for Keep Growing. A graphic chart, showing the progress of the child during the year was attached to each poster. Ten prizes were awarded. A pencil box, donated by the Nevada Drug Co. was awarded to the best poster in the county. One dollar for the second best. Each grade received \$1.00 first prize and 50 cents for a second prize. The Woman's Club of Yerington, The Parent-Teachers' Association and County Farm Bureau donated the prize money. Three of the high school teachers, Miss Clifford, Miss Williams and Miss Mitchell, judged the posters on Saturday morning.

The prize winners are as follows:

- 1st grade, Ella Mann, first and John Lynd second.
- 2nd grade: Duright Elder, first; Vivian Terry, second.
- 3d: Helen Elder; first; Zada Cardinad second.
- 4th grade: Junior Hardy, first; Pete Fenili, second.
- 5th grade: Bruno Fenili, first and Louise Borsini, second.
- 6th grade: David McGowan, first; and second grand champion; Palma Lommoni, second.
- 7th grade: Donald Gay, first; Ellen Osborne, second.
- 8th grade: Thomas Fay, first and first grand champion; Miriam Perry, second.

NUTRITION PROJECT  
KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT  
Lyon County -- September 1925 to May 1926  
Lassie Lane, District Extension Agent

For the past three years the Keep Growing Demonstrations have been carried on in Lyon County in the following schools: Barrett, Colony, Meissner, Perry, Plummer, Smith, Sanders and Wellington. The work was introduced into the Mason School for the first time this year.

In August, before the demonstrations were started, two schools were held for project leaders and teachers, one in Mason Valley and one in Smith Valley. Miss Mary E. Stilwell, Nutrition Specialist, assisted with the Mason Valley School.

A county leader, Mrs. Lillian Churchyard, worked under the direction of the agent and had charge of the work in the county. The community Farm Bureaus appointed one local leader to make the monthly weighings and to take charge of the work in each school. The leaders functioned better than in any previous year, but there is still room for improvement. The county leader did splendid work.

The agent visited every school at least seven times during the year. She noted the progress of the demonstrations; awarded the gold stars to the children who had come up to their normal weight during the month. The following rules have been stressed: A quart of milk a day, two green vegetables every day if possible, cooked mush for breakfast, and ten to twelve hours of sleep every night.

During the past six months, epidemics of mumps, chicken pox, measles and colds have lessened the good results of the demonstrations, but in spite of this fact most communities have made good progress.

A hot dish was served at noon in the Meissner and Sanders Schools. The pint jar method has been used very successfully for the past two years in the Sanders school, and for the last year in the Meissner school. Three years ago it was used in the Barrett School. The children of the Perry, Mason and Wellington communities, with the exception of five, go home to lunch. These five should be equipped with thermos bottles or the pint jar method should be adopted.

Last September, 204 demonstrations were started in Lyon County. During the first part of the year a number of children entered school so that 216, or 106% completed the demonstrations in May. Four schools were gold star schools, that is, they reached the state goal, having 75% of the children either normal (not more than 20% overweight) or slightly underweight (one to 6%). Barrett had 77.7%; Colony 75.7%; Smith 79.5%; and Plummer 80.1%. The county now has 73.7% of the children in this class. It ought to be able to reach the state goal next year.

For the county, there is only a 0.8% increase in the number of normal weight children instead of the state goal of 5%. The number of dangerously underweight children decreased 0.9% instead of the state goal of 5% decrease. There are now in the county 13.8% of dangerously underweight children. The state goal is to have not more than 10% dangerously underweight. We ought to be able to bring this down to 10% during the coming year.

A County Keep Growing Poster Contest was held and the prize-winning posters were entered in the state contest. Ninety-nine posters were submitted from the nine schools. Prizes were donated by the Lyon County Farm Bureau, the Yerington

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

Women's Club, the Parent-Teachers' Association, Nevada Drug Company and the Lyon County Bank. Two grand champion prizes were awarded, also a first prize of one dollar and a second prize of fifty cents to each of the eight grades in school. Three high school teachers judged the posters. Sixty percent was allowed for the progress of the child as shown by the graphic weight charts attached to the posters and forty percent for the cleverness of the idea illustrating how he Keeps Growing.

The presentation of the prizes by Mrs. Churchyard, the county project leader, was part of the first County Achievement Day Program, held in the Lyon County High School in Yerington on the afternoon of May 8th, with 100 present. Four schools took part in the program with songs, recitations and drills. Mason school gave a clever drill illustrating what they ate and did to Keep Growing.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE COMING YEAR

1. That the Farm Bureau and the Extension Service cooperate in holding 2 schools for project leaders, one in Mason Valley and one in Smith Valley before the demonstrations begin in September.
2. That a parents' meeting be held as soon as possible after the demonstrations begin, and another later in the year to interest the parents and secure their cooperation.
3. That the Keep Growing Demonstrations be established in the Yerington schools.
4. That the present County Project Leader continue her services during the year and that her duties be as follows:
  - a. Assist in planning and conducting the leaders' school.
  - b. Assist the agent in making the preliminary examinations, and take the place of the local leaders when necessary.
  - c. Schedule the scales and assist the leaders to get them at the proper time.
  - d. See that the leaders make their monthly reports and forward to the agent.
  - e. Assist at parents' meetings when possible and visit parents.
  - f. Make report of work at annual farm bureau meeting and secure adequate publicity for the work.
5. That the community farm bureaus appoint two instead of one leader for each school with the following duties:
  - a. Make monthly weighings and report to county leader.
  - b. Assist in establishing and conducting of hot dish where necessary.
  - c. Assist in parents' meetings.
  - d. Assist with county achievement day program and poster contest.
  - e. Report on work at community Farm Bureau meetings.
  - f. Secure adequate publicity for the work.
  - g. Visit parents of underweight children.
6. That a hot dish be served at noon in every school where the children cannot go home for lunch.
7. That all schools take part in the poster contests and achievement day programs.
8. That scales be purchased for use in county, one for each valley.
9. That small prizes be awarded by community farm bureaus for posters to encourage the children in their efforts to Keep Growing

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

NEVADA'S KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT - 1926

LYON COUNTY RESULTS COMPARED WITH THE STATE GOALS

LASSIE LANE - District Extension Agent

Communities	Children			Increase in normal children State goal 5%	Decrease in dangerously underweight. State goal -5%	% children now normal and slightly under. State goal 75%	% children now dangerously underweight State goal 10% or less
	Exam	Compltg	%				
* Barrett	21	27	128	+1.0	+ 0.6	77.7	10.0
* Colony	21	29	138	+7.5	-7.6	75.7	6.6
Mason	26	24	92	0	+1.3	66.6	16.6
Meissner	17	16	94	-3.6	+0.1	68.7	18.7
Perry	7	8	114	+8.9	0	62.5	0
* Plummer	20	25	125	-21.0	+8.0	80.0	8.0
Saunders	30	28	93	+5.0	-7.4	42.8	39.2
* Smith	52	49	94	+5.2	+5.0	79.5	8.1
Wellington	10	11	110	-32.8	+9.0	63.6	9.0
Totals	204	217	106	-0.8	-0.9	69.1	13.8

\* Gold Star Communities.



Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

## NUTRITION REPORT

Barrett Community

Lyon County

KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT  
Sept. 1925 to May 1926.

Total number of children examined - - - - - 21

Number completing demonstration - - - - - 27 or 128%

	<u>Sept. 1925</u>	<u>May 1926</u>
Normal (N and up to 20%)	61.9	62.9
Slightly underweight (1-6%)	14.2	14.8
Seriously underweight (7-9%)	9.5	7.4
Dangerously underweight (10% & up)	9.5	10.0
Seriously overweight (21% above & up)	4.7	3.7
	<u>99.8</u>	<u>98.8</u>

The Barrett Community is one of the four gold star communities in the county. They exceeded the state goal by having 77.7% of the children either normal or only slightly underweight, instead of the prescribed 75%.

The number of normal weight children was increased only one percent instead of the 5% state goal. The state goal of decreasing number of the dangerously underweight children 5% was not reached as there was an increase of 6%. Only 10% of the children are now underweight, which is the state goal.

The progress for this year has not been as great as that of last year, as only one of the yearly state goals was exceeded and one reached, while in 1924-25, three of the state goals were exceeded and the fourth within one percent. But this slower progress is to be expected the nearer we reach the state goal. Barrett Community should be proud of the fact that in spite of mumps, measles, and cold, they were able to maintain their high standard.

## Recommendations for the coming year:

1. More cooperation of the parents in assisting the children to carry out suggestions for food and rest habits.
2. A hot dish at noon.
3. A mothers' meeting soon after the demonstrations are started and another later in the year.
4. Graphic charts posted in the school room as soon as the first weighings are done.
5. If possible, secure scales for school.
6. Visits to parents by agent and leader.
7. Take part in the poster contests and achievement day program.
8. The whole community should cooperate to keep up this excellent standing during the coming year.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

## NUTRITION REPORT

Colony Community

Lyon County

KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT  
Sept. 1925 to May 1926

Total number of children examined - - - - - 21  
 Number completing demonstration - - - - - 29 or 138%  
 (nine children entered during the year and one moved away)

	<u>Sept. 1925</u>	<u>May 1926</u>
Normal (N and up to 20% above)	47.6	55.1
Slightly underweight (1-6%)	23.8	20.6
Seriously underweight (7-9%)	14.2	13.3
Dangerously underweight (10% & up)	14.2	6.6
Seriously overweight (20% above & up)	3.3	0.0
	<u>103.1</u>	<u>95.6</u>

The Colony Community is one of the four gold star communities, having 75.7% of the children normal weight or only slightly underweight. They reached the state goal, which is 75%.

They made a splendid record by exceeding all of the state goals. The number of normal weight children was decreased 7.6%, which is 2.6% more than the state goal.

The state goal of not more than 10% of the children dangerously underweight was exceeded as Colony Community has but 6.6% dangerously underweight.

The success of the demonstrations in the community is largely due to the splendid work of their leader, Mrs. Frank Arentz, who has been very faithful in her visits to the school and has kept up her records and reports and the whole-hearted cooperation of the homes.

## Recommendations for the coming year:

1. Hot dish at noon.
2. A meeting of parents soon after the demonstrations begin and one later in the year to secure their interest and cooperation.
3. If possible, purchase scales for the use of the community.
4. Assist in holding community demonstration meeting for Smith Valley.
5. Take part in state and county Poster Contests.
6. Give publicity to work.
7. Obtain the cooperation of the parents, the school and the children to maintain this excellent record.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

## NUTRITION PROJECT

Mason Community

Lyon County

## KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT

Oct. 1925 to May 1926.

Total number of children examined - - - - - 26  
 Number completing the demonstration - - - - - 24 or 94%  
 (only these are included in the statistics below)

	<u>Oct. 1925</u>	<u>May 1926</u>
Normal (N and up to 20%)	30.6	20.8
Slightly underweight (1-6%)	30.7	45.8
Seriously underweight (7-9%)	23.0	16.6
Dangerously underweight 10% & up)	15.3	16.6
	<hr/> 99.6	<hr/> 99.8

The results of the demonstrations have not been all that could be wished, but it must be remembered that this was the first year that the work has been done in the community. Mason is a railroad center, rather than a farming district and milk is not so easily obtained. Mrs. Beth Ellis, the leader, has been untiring in her efforts. She visited the mothers of all the children and in four cases induced them to buy milk for their children.

There are 68.7% instead of the state goal of 75% of the children either normal or only slightly underweight.

The number of dangerously underweight children increased 1.1% instead of decreasing 5%, the state goal.

There are now 18.7% of the children dangerously underweight, the state goal is not more than 10%.

The Mason Community took part in the county Achievement Day Program and gave two splendid drills.

## Recommendations for the coming year:

1. That the mothers be sent special written invitations to be present at the examinations at the beginning of the demonstration.
2. That a meeting of the parents be held at the close of the first month of the demonstrations and one later in the year and that the graphic charts of the progress made be exhibited at these meetings.
3. That the home visits by the leader and agent be continued.
4. That the community take part in the state and county poster contest and the county achievement day program.
5. That the parents, school and children earnestly cooperate in this work during the coming year and endeavor to reach the state goal.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

## NUTRITION PROJECT

Meissner Community

Lyon County

KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT  
Sept. 1925 to May 1926

Total number of children examined - - - - - 17

Number completing demonstration - - - - - 16 or 94%  
(Only these are included in the statistics given below)

	<u>Sept. 1925</u>	<u>May 1926</u>
Normal ( N and up to 20% above)	29.4	31.2
Slightly underweight (1-6%)	41.1	37.5
Seriously underweight (7-9%)	11.7	12.5
Dangerously underweight (10% and up)	17.6	18.7
	<u>99.8</u>	<u>99.9</u>

The Meissner Community has not kept their splendid record of last year, probably because of the epidemics of mumps and colds, and they have not reached any of the state goals. The number of normal weight children, instead of increasing 5%, the goal set by the state, decreased 3.6%. Instead of decreasing the number of dangerously underweight children 5%, the state goal, they increased 1.1%. Only 68.7% of the children are now either normal or only slightly underweight instead of 75%, the state goal, and 18.7% of the children are still dangerously underweight.

In spite of the fact that the records show poor results, Mrs. Morgan, the leader, has been faithful in her work, and it is only because of the unusual amount of sickness that the school has not kept up its good record of former years. But this tendency to infectious epidemics can be done away with by earnest cooperation in this work. The whole community should give it their loyal cooperation during the coming year.

A hot lunch was served during the cold weather, the pint jar method being used. This is a big help and should be continued next year.

## Recommendations for the coming year:

1. A parents' meeting soon after the demonstrations begin and one later in the year to secure more cooperation of the parents.
2. Local leader continue to do monthly weighings.
3. Graphic charts of children's growth be posted in the school room after the first weighing.
4. Take part in county and state poster contest and county Keep Growing Achievement Lay program.
5. Continue to have the hot dish at noon.
6. The earnest cooperation of parents, school authorities and children to improve this community's health level and have an excellent Keep Growing Demonstration for the coming year.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

## NUTRITION PROJECT

Perry Community

Lyon County

KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT  
Sept. 1925 to May 1926.

Total number of children examined - - - - -	7	
Number completing demonstration - - - - - (one child entered school during the year)	8 or 114%	
	<u>Sept. 1925</u>	<u>May 1926</u>
Normal (N and up to 20% over)	28.5	37.4
Slightly underweight (1-6%)	42.8	25.0
Seriously underweight (7-9%)	28.5	37.4
Dangerously underweight (10% and up)	00.0	00.0
	<u>99.8</u>	<u>99.8</u>

The Perry Community made a very good record by over reaching the state goal and having no dangerously underweight children, and by increasing the number of normal weight children 8.9%, instead of the prescribed 5% increase.

They are still far below the state goal of having at least 75% of the children either normal or slightly below normal, having only 62.5% in this class. But the remarkable record of having no dangerously underweight children almost compensates for this. Next year, with earnest effort, this community can certainly reach all the final state goals.

## Recommendations for the coming year:

1. A meeting of the parents as soon after the first weighings as possible and another later in the year to secure their interest and cooperation.
2. Visits to parents by agent and leader.
3. Graphic charts posted in school room after the first weighing.
4. Take part in the state and county poster contest and the county achievement day program.
5. Earnest community cooperation to make this a gold star community during the coming year.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

## NUTRITION PROJECT

Plummer Community

Lyon County

KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT  
Sept. 1925 to May 1926

Total number of children examined - - - - - 20  
 Number completing the demonstration - - - - - 25 or 125%  
 (Five children entered during the year)

	<u>Sept. 1925</u>	<u>May 1926</u>
Normal (N up to 20% above)	65.0	44.0
Slightly underweight (1-6%)	30.0	36.0
Seriously underweight (7-9%)	5.0	12.0
Dangerously underweight (10% and up)	0.0	8.0
	<u>100.0</u>	<u>100.0</u>

The Plummer Community is one of the four gold star communities in Lyon County. They have over reached the goal of 75% of the children up to weight, or only slightly underweight set by the state by having 80.1% in this class.

They fell below the state goal, however, as the number of normal children was decreased 2.1% instead of increased 5%, the state goal. Instead of decreasing the number of dangerously underweight children 5%, they increased them 8%. But this is to be expected, for as the state goal is reached, there is less room for improvement.

During the spring, the majority of the school were ill with various infections, but in spite of these handicaps, were able to maintain their excellent record. This demonstrates that when children do reach their normal weight for age and height, their general resistance is greatly improved. There is not as great a tendency to infectious disease and much greater ability to recover quickly without serious harm.

## Recommendations for the coming year:

1. A meeting of the parents at the beginning of the year and later in the term to secure their interest and cooperation;
2. A hot dish at noon.
3. Home visits by agent and leaders.
4. Posting of graphic weight charts after the second weighing.
5. Take part in the county and state poster contest and the county achievement day program.
6. The whole community cooperate to continue this excellent record.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

NUTRITION PROJECT

Sanders Community

Lyon County

KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT  
Sept. 1926 to May 1926.

Total number of children examined - - - - - 30

Number of children completing demonstration - - - - - 28 or 93%  
(Only these are included in the final statistics given below)

	<u>Sept. 1925</u>	<u>May 1926</u>
Normal (N and up to 20% above)	20.0%	25.0%
Slightly underweight (1-6%)	10.0	21.4
Seriously underweight (7-9%)	20.0	10.7
Dangerously underweight (10% and up)	46.6	39.2
Seriously overweight (20% and up)	3.3	3.5
	<hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> 99.9	<hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> 99.8

Sanders Community, we are sorry to say, did not make a very good record in the Keep Growing Demonstrations this year. The prevalence of children's diseases and colds probably accounts, in some measure, for the poor record. But improvement in food habits and more sleep will build up resistance and help prevent these epidemics.

Instead of increasing the number of normal or slightly underweight children 5%, which is the state goal, they were decreased .7%. There are now in the community 39.2% of dangerously underweight children. This is an alarmingly large percent of dangerously underweight children, and over one-third of these are only two-thirds of the weight they should be for their height and age. These facts should be earnestly considered by the entire community, parents, school authorities and the children themselves, and a concerted effort made to secure a marked improvement during the coming year.

One good thing done by this community this year was the serving of a hot dish at noon. This should certainly be continued.

Recommendations for the coming year:

1. A meeting of the parents at the beginning of the demonstrations and one later in the year to interest them and to secure their cooperation.
2. That individual graphic weight charts be posted after the first weighing and exhibited at the parents' meetings to show actual conditions.
3. That the hot dish at noon be continued.
4. That there be an examination of the children at the beginning of the year by a local doctor.
5. That home visits be made by the agent and leaders to the parents.
6. That the demonstrators take part in the state and county poster contest and the county achievement day program.
7. That the whole community, parents, school authorities and children cooperate in making this work of first importance throughout the year. The children of this community are well worth this effort.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

## NUTRITION PROJECT

Smith Community

Lyon County

## KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT

September, 1925 to May, 1926

- - - - -

Total number of children examined . . . . . 52  
 Total number completing demonstration . . . . . 49 or 94%

	<u>Sept. 1925</u>	<u>May 1926</u>
Normal (N and up to 20% above)	51.9	57.1
Slightly underweight (106% below)	15.3	22.0
Seriously underweight (7-9%)	21.1	10.2
Dangerously underweight (10% and up)	7.6	8.1
Seriously overweight (20% and up)	3.8	2.2
	<u>99.7</u>	<u>99.6</u>

The Smith Community made a splendid record this year. They exceeded three of the four state goals and are a gold star community, that is, they have exceeded the state goal of 75% of the children either normal or only slightly underweight by having 79.5% in that class.

The number of normal weight children has been increased 5.2%, the state goal being 5%.

There are now only 8.1% of the children dangerously underweight, state goal being not more than 10%.

This is a record of which the entire community should well be proud.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE COMING YEAR:

1. Keep up this year's excellent record by remaining a gold star community.
2. Hot dish at noon.
3. Meeting of parents soon after the demonstration begins and one later in the year to obtain their interest and cooperation.
4. Posting of graphic weight charts after the first weighing.
5. Take part in the county and state poster contest and the county and community achievement day program.
6. The whole hearted cooperation of parents, school and children to maintain this splendid record during the coming year.



Wellington Community

Lyon County

KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT  
Sept. 1925 to May 1926

Total number of children examined - - - - - 10

Number completing the demonstration - - - - - 11 or 110%  
(One entered after demonstrations started)

	<u>Sept. 1925</u>	<u>May 1926</u>
Normal ( N and up to 20% above)	60.0%	27.2%
Slightly underweight (1-6%)	20.2	36.4
Seriously underweight (7-9%)	20.0	27.2
Dangerously underweight (10% and up)	0.0	9.0
	<hr/> 100.2	<hr/> 99.8

The Wellington Community last fall had the enviable record of not having one child dangerously underweight. This spring there are 9% in this class. However, this is not very surprising as about the best we expect of a community is to maintain a health level where only 10% are dangerously underweight. This is the state goal.

We are sorry to state that this has been a hard winter for the physical growth and health of the Wellington school children. Instead of increasing by 5% those who are normal, they were decreased 32.8%. This is such a radical decrease that it must cause all thoughtful parents and the school authorities to seriously consider the cause. We suggest the following factors for their consideration. Are Wellington children obtaining enough sleep? They need at least ten hours every night. Are all these children eating a good substantial breakfast, including cooked mush? Are they eating a good substantial lunch, including some hot dish to aid digestion and relieve fatigue? Are not some of these rapidly growing children carrying too many outside activities, social parties, etc? How can the community cooperate to relieve this strain, so these children may be able to do justice to their physical as well as mental growth?

There was a high prevalence of infectious diseases in the school this year that very probably contributed to this decline in their health record. But frequent infection epidemics are a danger sign of wrong living habits. More sleep, sensible eating habits, and less strenuous activities outside of school will do much to increase the general resistance and so prevent these infections, and insure normal physical growth.

Recommendations for the coming year:

1. That at least two meetings of the parents be held during the year, one at the beginning of the demonstrations and one later in the year, and that the graphic weight charts be exhibited at these meetings, and every effort be made to arouse the cooperation of the entire school.
2. That the community take part in the county and state poster contests and the county achievement day program.
3. That home visits be made to the parents by the agent and leaders.
4. That a hot dish be served at the noon meal all during cold weather to the few children who do not go home for lunch, and that the children who do go home eat a hot dish for lunch; also that the mothers of the community give this matter their earnest study and cooperation.
5. Wellington too can again be a gold star community if all the community will cooperate in this problem.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

Page \_\_\_\_\_

Colony, Barrett, Mason, Meissner, Perry,  
Plummer, Sanders, Smith, Wellington Communities

NUTRITION PROJECT

Lyon County

Name	Age	Orig		Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Final		Lbs Gain	Orig Var.	Final Var.
		Ht	N.W.										Ht	N.W.			
COLONY SCHOOL																	
Zelma Beaman	6	42	39		35		38		39	39	39	39	43	41	3	-9	-4
BARRETT SCHOOL																	
Fred Batchelder	9	50	58	55		58	58		59	59		61	51	61	6	-5	N
MASON SCHOOL																	
Rosie Riccardo	7	49	54		49	51	52	51		53	53	54	50	57	5	-9	-4
HEISSNER SCHOOL																	
Victory Tamagni	11	52	64	61			67		60	68	68	68	53	68	7	-4	N
PERRY SCHOOL																	
Donald Gay	14	64	113	103			112	116	114	116	114	113	65	121	10	-8	-5
PLUMMER SCHOOL																	
David McGowan	12	58	85	77			85		87	86	88	90	60	92	13	-8	-2
SANDERS SCHOOL																	
Thomas Fay	13	59	89	82	87		90		91	96	93	96	61	97	14	-8	-1
SMITH SCHOOL																	
Ernest Grasso	6	46	48	44	45	45			46			48	47	47	7	-8	N
WELLINGTON SCHOOL																	
Violet Compston	7	50	56	51			54		63	56	56	55	51	56	4	-8	-2

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

HOME IMPROVEMENT.

Days devoted to project -----	4	
Meetings held -----	7	Att. 47
Home visits made -----	15	
Rooms remodeled -----	5	
Cooperators in remodeling rooms -----	3	
Rooms redecorated -----	2	
Picture frames -----	1	
Demonstration of hanging pictures -----	1	

While there were no real well rounded demonstrations of remodeling this year as there was last, good work was done in the making over of one complete house, sitting room and kitchen of one house and remodeling an attic into a play and sewing room.

A small house was moved from Mason to a ranch. A high spot was selected which gives a delightful view of the river, the town and the mountains beyond.

The space above a disappearing bed was utilized on the kitchen side for cupboards and on the sitting room side for closet space. The kitchen was remodeled. The pantry was torn out and a breakfast nook took its place. Built in cupboards provide for storage. The tall window in pantry was turned on side and makes two windows for the breakfast nook. The walls are covered with blue and white sanatas, the wood work painted a warm gray and the curtains white trimmed in blue.

When the owner put the first coat of paint on her wood-work, she was not pleased and did not know what was the matter. The agent helped her select a warmer gray for the kitchen and a greyed yellow for the sitting room, using the color cards to illustrate the differences of the colorings.

One kitchen was lined with plaster boards and tinted, the wood-work painted and kitchen rearranged.

Two rooms were repainted.

Two meetings were devoted to the framing and hanging of pictures. A demonstration of the hanging of pictures was given and the pictures in one house were rehung.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

The frames were made of unfinished mouldings which were purchased at the lumber yard for one and one-half to two cents a foot. The frames were cut and glued and finished in polychrome. Ten frames were made at about twenty-five cents apiece.

Home Conveniences.

The home convenience project was not stressed as much as it should have been. Two demonstrations of the use of the pressure cooker were given. Five pressure cookers were purchased and two electric washing machines. Also, a long handled dustpan and three can-openers.

The extension of the power lines in the near future through Mason and Smith Valley will make possible the use of electrical appliance and the selection and care, mending and use of electrical appliances will be stressed during the coming year.

Hand Work and Christmas presents.

Three meetings were devoted to the making of Christmas presents. The following articles were made by nineteen cooperators:

Decorated candles -----	24 pairs
Polychrome trays -----	10
Candle sticks -----	2
Book ends -----	1 pair
Rose vanity bags -----	12
Slip over covers -----	9

The candles were made by dripping over them melted candle wax colored with tube-oil paints and gold powder.

Pershing, Lyon, Fureka and Lander Counties:Clothing

Days devoted to the project -----	3
Home calls made -----	3
Demonstration meetings No. 3 Att.-----	12
Groups of women carrying project -----	3
Cooperators -----	14
Women adopting approved practices -----	41
Number of garments made -----	63
Total saving on garments made -----	\$328.70

The clothing project was adopted on the program of three communities, Yerington, Southend and Grant View. One demonstration of tailoring was given in Southend, an all day meeting was held and only two women came. They made coats. Two meetings very poorly attended were held in Yerington. The greater part of the work done was under the supervision and with the help of the county's project leader, Mrs. Stickney who gave 12 persons instructions in the alteration of patterns, 10 women assisted in cutting and fitting dresses and 15 assisted with finishes.

Mrs. Stickney's exhibit of tailoring shown at the poultry show is described on page \_\_\_\_\_.

Junior Sewing Club Work

Number of days devoted to the project -----	9½
Demonstration Meetings 9 Att. -----	79
Achievement day programs -----	150 1 Att.
Number of clubs -----	2
Total enrollment -----	19
Number finishing -----	17
Number of dresses made -----	21
Undergarments -----	21
Other garments and articles -----	21

There are two junior clubs in the county, the "Wide-a-Wakes" with 12 members in Fernley, and the "Four-leaf-Clobers" with 7 in Wellington.

The Wellington club had ~~100%~~<sup>40%</sup> finish their work and the Fernley club had nine to complete their projects.

Seven girls attended Club Camp and two of the Fernley club gave a demonstration of the selection of mending methods. It was the first attempt of the club to have a team, they are planning to have another at the next years camp. The Fernley club members wrote the county song to the tune of Aloha.

The clubs will reorganize in November for the next

Pershing, Lyon, Bureka and Lander Counties:

years work and at that time the achievement day program will be given.

The depreciation fee of \$1.00 for each of the club members who attended club camp was raised by a dance given in Yerington. It was given when the Agent was out of the county, and the county Agent took the responsibility of it.

OUTLOOK AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The outlook for the next years work is particularly good. On account of the unusual amount of sickness in the two valleys and for various other reasons, the meetings have been very irregular during the past year. During September, the agents time was entirely taken by the Keep Growing Demonstration which she started in all of the counties of the district. This made it necessary to neglect the women. In October, again the Keep Growing demonstration with the addition of the work on the annual report made it again impossible to meet with or devote any time to the womens work. This seeming neglect has acted as a stimulus and the women of every community are beginning to be anxious to begin work. The agent hopes to have the time during November to get the work well started. If it were not for the fact that there are some good project leaders in the county, it would be impossible for the agent, with 10 schools having the Keep Growing Demonstration and with but ten days a month in the county, to keep in all the other project work.

There is a good prospect of stronger school nutrition work and a stronger organization of the womens work.

A stenciled copy of the years program, something in the form of a club year book might be helpful in keeping the women to the schedule.

An early start in the years work would help to accomplish the goals. Most of the work must be done before the beginning of the out-door spring work and before the harvest.

More contests and tours would add interest in the work. A county wide "Better Homes Week" would be a good thing to give publicity to the "Home Improvement" work being done.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

This year, if there is a poultry show, as yet it is not decided, exhibits which show the progress of womens work instead of the usual country fair style would be more worth while. More educational exhibits and less fancy work, which after all illustrates the past time and not the work of the women.

During the past year, the womens project has been stressed sometimes at the detriment of the juniors work. Last year the junior clubs will be emphasized, and the "Keep Growing Demonstration" will be the major project in the county, and after all it is the work of the children that will be the most lasting.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY FOR PROJECTS FOR LYON COUNTY

Projects	Days in Field	Days in Office	Calls			Method		Result		Meetings		Misc.		Leader.
			Office	Telephone	Letters	Home Visits	Dem. Meetings	Dem. Meetings	in Rel. to Project	Meetings	Meetings	No.	Att.	
							No.	Att.	No.	Att.	No.	Att.		
Color Work	2½	0	0	0	3	0	6	56	0	0	0	0	0	0
K. G. Dem's	23½	15½	0	9	133	8	68	1398	1	100	2	65	15	15
Food Prep.	2½	3	0	7	3	1	7	67	0	0	0	0	0	0
Home Gardens	5	0	4	20	4	25	2	18	1	25	0	0	4	4
Food Pres.	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Home Imp.	4	0	4	5	4	15	7	47	0	0	0	0	0	0
Organization	7	2½	0	0	15	15	0	0	0	0	3	42	9	558
Jr. Clothing	9½	0	0	8	39	14	9	79	0	0	1	125	0	0
Sr. Clothing	3	½	0	0	0	5	3	12	0	0	0	0	0	0
Poultry Show	5	1½	3	2	20	6	0	0	3	90	0	0	0	0
Reports	0	13½	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Enroute	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Publicity	0	2½	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	½	9	16	33	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>70½</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>1677</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>677</b>

SPECIALIST ASSISTANCE

Mrs. Stilwell	Nutrition	4 days
Mrs. Stilwell	Judge fair	2 days
Mr. Creel	Organization	2 ½ days
Mrs. Bovett	Organization	1 day
Mrs. Carlson	Organization	1 day



ANNUAL NARRATIVE REPORT FOR HOME DEMONSTRATION WORK

EUREKA COUNTY - NEVADA

--ooOoo--

Submitted by Lassie Lane, District Extension Agent  
One sixth time November 1st, 1925 to November 1st, 1926.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

WORK PLANNED AND PROGRESS MADE DURING 1926

<u>Projects</u>	<u>Goals</u>	<u>Work Done</u>
<u>NUTRITION:</u>		
Keep-Growing Demonstrations	137 Coops.	149 Coops.
Poster Contest	1	1
Achievement Day Program	1	1
Feeding the Family	5 Coops.	12 Coops.
Fair Exhibit	1	0
New practices adopted	0	55
Junior Club	1	1
<u>GARDENS:</u>		
Dem. Garden	1	0
Co-operators	5	0
Garden Tour	1	0
Fair Exhibit	1	0
Junior Club	1	0
<u>POULTRY:</u>		
Co-operators	5	0
Demonstrations	1	1
Exhibits	1	0
<u>HOME MANAGEMENT:</u>		
Elec. Working Machine	0	1
Co-operators	5	0
Demonstrators	3	0
Testing Circle	1	0
Exhibit	1	0
Demonstration	0	1
Small equipment	0	24
Pressure cooker	0	1
<u>CLOTHING:</u>		
Short cuts	0	8 ideas
Color study	0	2 Coops
Garment Making	10 Coops	3 Coops
		7
		25 dresses made
Hat making	10 Coops	3
Junior Club	0	0
Exhibit	1	0
<u>HOME IMPROVEMENT:</u>		
Kitchens remodeled	0	1
Curtains made	0	1
<u>HANDWORK:</u>		
Fancy Candles	0	9 Coops
Polychrome	0	108 pairs
Block Printing	0	2 Coops
		3 Coops
<u>Miscellaneous:</u>		
Countryside meetings	3	0
County fair	1	0
membership	25	0

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

ORGANIZATION AND FARM BUREAU MEMBERSHIP

The Agent spent 3-3/4 days and made 25 calls in the interest of the organization of the women's work in the County. Little was done on the general organization and membership drive. Plans were made several times to hold a big social meeting for the purpose of interesting the people in the Farm Bureau.

For various reasons, they were not carried out. Plans are now underway to put on a membership drive in November when both agents will be in the County.

While the County has an organization and directors, no meetings have been held as there is practically no membership. Mr. Townsend, the Agricultural Agent, has been working in the community and it seems an opportune time to interest the ranchers in the work.

The Agent has made two trips since the purchase of a car and has called upon the ranch women of Diamond Valley. Women's work is being organized in Romana, a post-office 35 miles from Eureka. There are six ranches within 15 miles, and these women will form the group which will carry on the work.

The Keep-Growing Demonstrations were established in the Diamond Valley School which has but six students, and is forty miles from Eureka.

Effort was made to interest the women of Palisade in organizing for the work. Palisade is a railroad town and there are few women who make their permanent residence there, and not enough were interested to warrant the Agent to make the trip and devote her time to the community.

The purchase of a car in June has made it possible for the Agent to go to communities which cannot be reached by stage or train. On account of the increasing work, and consequently the lack of time, the Agent has not been able to give the attention she would like to these outlying communities.

The preliminary organization work necessitates home visits. When it is taken into consideration that the Agent drove 112 miles to make six home calls, it is readily seen that it is impossible to cover the district in the Agent's allotted time.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

The women's work is done through the homemakers club in Eureka. It was organized three years ago and now has a membership of eighteen.

During the past year there seemed to be many interruptions. There were more state lodge conventions held near the County than usual, and more people seemed to go away on vacations. No meetings were held by the women during the Summer. Thirty-eight meetings were held during the year with a total attendance of 326.

After the Summer distractions, the meetings so far this Fall, have been poorly attended. It is the same condition which always exists at this time of the year. Something has to be done to renew the interest in the work. At the last meeting, the Agent attended, the women decided to put on a membership campaign for the Club. The members are divided into two groups and the side which has the greater attendance through the year will be dined by the losing side.

Last November, the Club made their program for the year. While the more important projects were not included in the work, the program served to create an interest in the Club, and as the organization is strengthened, the type of work will improve.

The Club planned for a County Fair this year as the County had never had one. On account of the unusually dry season, the Fair was postponed until next year.

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Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:NUTRITIONFood Preparation:

Days devoted to the work .....	4
Meetings held .....6 . Att.....	68
New practices adopted .....	55
Co-operators .....	12

Six demonstrations of cooking were given during the year. The subjects of the meetings were selected by the women, and were as follows: pie making, pastry, salads, ices, icecreams, Christmas candies, cookies and meats in pressure cooker. A demonstration of proper table service was also given.

Junior Meal Preparation Club:

Time devoted to Project .....	3
Meetings held ..... 5 .. Att....	50
Enrollment .....	14
No. Completing .....	12
Total No. meals served .....	1190
Total hours work .....	607
Total hours outside work .....	875

The Club earned the money to defray the expenses to Club Camp but for several reasons found it impossible to go. A death in the family of the leader, the taxi man raised his price from \$75.00 to \$100.00, and at the last minute, the parents would not give their consent for the children to go to Reno.

The Little Housekeeper Club was organized during the Spring with Miss Pauline Hjul and Mrs. Gensoli as leaders. The Club had meetings every two weeks during the year. Thirteen girls signed registration cards and have completed the work. Fifteen girls attended the first meeting but two did not register and dropped out.

The members were very much disappointed as they had their stunt, yells and songs ready to enter the contests at camp. They now have \$100.00 for Club Camp trip in their Treasury which they earned by giving a "show" and by selling candy at the dances. The Agent is planning to be in Eureka next year to take the Club to camp for the first time and after the parents are familiar with the conditions at camp and know that the children will also receive splendid care enroute, there will be no trouble securing their consent to let the children take the trip.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

Keep-Growing Demonstrations:

Days devoted to work .....	7½
Demonstration meetings .14 Att	442
Achievement Day program 1 "	250
Leaders training schools 6 "	10
Poster contest .....	1
State poster prize .....	1

The stenciled report (attached page) gives a full account of the Keep-Growing work from September 1925 to May 1926.

One of the posters mentioned in report as entered in the State Poster Contest, won the fifth prize. This is not a very great honor but it will stimulate the interest in next years contest.

The Keep-Growing Demonstrations have been resumed in the Eureka Schools and established in the Romana School for the coming year. While it belongs to next years work and will be reported in 1927, the most important part of the work was done in September.

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Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

CLIPPING FROM 'THE EUREKA SENTINEL'

September 25th, 1926.

To stimulate interest, the results of last year's demonstrations, are published at the beginning of the year.

## HEALTH CAMPAIGN IN EUREKA SCHOOLS

Nutrition work was begun for the third year in the Eureka high and grammar schools this week. One hundred and thirty-seven Keep Growing Demonstrations were started. This is a part of a State-wide effort to get the children up to their normal weights and to maintain a steady growth. It is gratifying to know that Eureka is taking part in a project which is bringing Nevada to the front in nutrition work.

In discussing the year's plans, Miss Lassie Lane said in part:

Dr. Emerson, the eminent child specialist, in a recent letter, said: "Nevada's Keep Growing Demonstrations is one of the best pieces of nutrition work being carried on in the United States to-day."

The following are the goals of the project which the Eastern physicians and the Federal government are complimenting so highly to have 7 per cent of the children normal in weight for their height and age; to secure a 5 per cent increase in the number of normal-weight children; to secure a 5 per cent decrease in the number of dangerously under-weight children, (10 per cent or more underweight); to have more than 10 per cent of the children dangerously under weight.

The Keep-Growing Demonstrations are the means by which these goals are being reached. The children are weighed and measured at the beginning and end of the demonstration period, and once a month by the leaders, Miss Pauline Hjul and Mrs. Stella Gensoli, during the nine months the demonstrations are carried on. After the preliminary weighing and measuring, the extension agent has a conference with each child, discusses his food habits and makes recommendation for his improvement. These suggestions are five rules which every wise mother wants for her child. A quart of milk or milk substitutes each day, at least one green vegetable every day, 10 to 12 hours sleep each night and a hot dish at noon. Just the food of our sturdy fore fathers which helped to build the foundations of our nation.

Although Eureka did not attain the goals last year, the results of the work were encouraging. There was

an increase of 4 instead of 5 per cent in the number of normal-weight children, a decrease of 4.5 per cent instead of 5 per cent in the number of dangerously under-weight children, and 71.1 per cent of the children were either normal or only slightly under-weight. There were only 12 per cent dangerously under-weight.

The Summer vacation should have improved the condition of the children. Contrary to expectations, this week's examination proved that they have lost ground during the Summer, the same as they did a year ago. There are now only 65.6 per cent of the children up to weight or only slightly below, a loss of 5.5 per cent.

Now 22 per cent are dangerously under-weight while there were only 12 per cent in this class last Spring.

The loss is probably due to irregular life of the children during the vacation, particularly in regard to meals and sleep.

It is interesting to note that in spite of the Summer losses, which are common in all communities, the condition of the children is gradually improving.

In the Fall of 1922 the work was started in 8 communities in three counties, with 941 children. That year there were no Gold Star communities, that is communities which reached the State goals. In 1925 there were 2488 demonstrations in 51 communities in 7 counties and 13 Gold Star communities, one of which was Eureka. Last Spring with the same number of communities there were 18 Gold Star communities but Eureka was not one of them.

Next Spring we hope Eureka will again be on the Gold Star list and win one of the banners offered by the State Extension Division of the University of Nevada to communities reaching the State goals. If Eureka does, however, it will mean not only earnest effort on the part of the children, but also the hearty co-operation of every parent, both fathers and mothers, of the children carrying on the demonstrations.

To assist the parents slips are sent home after every weighing telling the progress of the child and offering suggestions for his improvement. If the mothers and fathers do not understand these recommendations the extension agent, Miss Lane, will be more than glad to explain them and help in any way she can to bring the children up to weight and to help the Keep-Growing Demonstrations succeed.

The Keep Growing Demonstrations have been carried on for the last two years in Eureka County. One-hundred and fifty-one children started the demonstrations in September, and one-hundred and forty-nine or 98% completed in April.

While none of the four state goals were reached by the county, they did not fall far below. The Junior High School exceeded two and the grammar school reached one of the goals set by the state.

The number of normal weight children in the two schools was increased 4%, the state goal being 5%. The number of dangerously underweight children was decreased 4.5%, just one-half of one percent below the state goal. There are now 12% of dangerously underweight children, the state goal being to have not more than 10%. There are 71.1% of the children either normal or slightly underweight. The state goal is to have not less than 75% in this group. (Normal weight is defined as not more than 20% above or 6% below the average weight for the child's age and height). By earnest cooperation from school, homes and children, Eureka County ought to reach the ultimate state goals this coming year.

The demonstrations ended in April with the First Annual Demonstration meeting held in the picture show house with 250 present. The awarding of the prizes for the county Keep Growing Contest was a part of the interesting program. The merchants of Eureka donated the cash prizes. Miss Stilwell, Nutrition Specialist, judged the posters and presented the prizes. The best posters were entered in the state contest.

Mr. Chauncy Smith, the principal of the schools and his teachers, gave splendid cooperation. Mrs. Judson Hooper, Miss Pauline Hjul, and Mrs. Stella Rogantina, the leaders, were untiring in their work.

The agent visited the schools five times during the year.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE COMING YEAR:

1. That the present leaders continue their services during the coming year with the following duties:
  - a. Do the monthly weighings and send report to agent.
  - b. Assist with the preliminary examinations.
  - c. Hold a parents' meeting soon after the beginning of the demonstrations and one later in the year.
  - d. Assist with the poster contest and county achievement day.
  - e. Give publicity to the work.
2. That a parents' meeting be held soon after the beginning of the demonstrations and one later to interest the mothers and to secure their cooperation.
3. That some arrangement be made to serve one hot food at noon to all children who do not go home for lunch. This is of great importance as all growing children need some hot food at noon.
4. That efforts be made to obtain a larger milk supply.
5. That an exhibit of the work be made at the county fair.
6. That publicity be given the good results of the demonstrations.
7. That a second annual achievement day program and poster contest be given this year.
8. That Keep Growing Demonstrations be established in one or two rural schools



NEVADA'S KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT - 1926  
 EUREKA COUNTY RESULTS COMPARED WITH THE STATE GOALS  
 LASSIE LANE - District Extension Agent

Communities	Children			Increase in normal children State goal +5%	Decrease in dangerously underweight. State Goal -5%	% children now normal and slightly underweight. State goal 75%	Children now dangerously under. State goal 10% or less
	Exam	Compltg	%				
Grammar	93	90	96	+3.0	-3.0	73.5	10
High School	58	59	101	+8.0	-7.0	64.0	15
Totals	151	149	98	4.0	-4.5	71.1	12

NUTRITION PROJECT

Grammar School

Eureka County

KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT

September 1925 to April 1926

-----

Total number of children examined . . . . . 93  
 Total number children completing demonstration . . . . . 90 or 96%

	<u>Sept. 1925</u>	<u>April 1926</u>
Normal (N and up to 20% above)	50.5	50.2
Slightly underweight (1-6%)	30.1	23.3
Seriously underweight (7-9%)	4.3	11.1
Dangerously underweight (10% and up)	12.9	10.0
Seriously overweight (20% and up)	2.1	3.3
	<u>99.9</u>	<u>97.9</u>

While the Eureka Grammar School reached only one of the state goals, their record is also better than that of last year.

There are now 73.5% of the children either normal or only slightly under; that is, not more than 6% underweight, or more than 20% overweight. The state goal is 75% of this group. There are 10% of the children still dangerously underweight (10% or more). The state goal is not more than 10% dangerously underweight. There was a 3% increase in the number of normal children, state goal being 5%. The dangerously underweight children were decreased 3%, state goal being 5%.

The leaders, Mrs. Judson Hooper, Miss Pauline Hjul, and Mrs. Stella Rogantina, did splendid work. They weighed the children every month during the demonstrations.

Eureka Grammar School should certainly make every effort to reach the ultimate goals. You are almost there, and so let's all cooperate and win another penant for your school.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE COMING YEAR:

1. That the present leaders continue the work during the coming year.
2. That a hot dish be served to the children who cannot go home.
3. That a meeting for parents be held as soon as possible after the beginning of the demonstrations and one later to secure the cooperation of the mothers.
4. That a Keep Growing Poster Contest be held again this year and that a public demonstration meeting be held at the close of the demonstrations.
5. That the farm bureau offer small prizes for the posters.
6. That publicity be given the work.
7. That every effort be made to increase the milk supply of the community. These children need more milk.
8. Ten hours of sleep be insisted on for all children, six nights of the week.
9. That the whole community cooperate to help these children reach the ultimate state goals this coming year.

## NUTRITION PROJECT

Junior High School

Eureka County

## KEEP GROWING DEMONSTRATION REPORT

September, 1926 to May, 1926

- - - - -

Total number of children examined . . . . . 58  
 Total number completing the demonstration . . . . . 59 or 101%

	<u>Sept., 1925</u>	<u>April 1926</u>
Normal (N and up to 20% over)	36.2	44.0
Slightly underweight (1-6%)	20.6	20.3
Seriously underweight (7-9%)	13.8	8.4
Dangerously underweight (10% and up)	22.4	15.2
Seriously overweight (20% and up)	6.9	11.7
	<u>99.9</u>	<u>99.7</u>

The Eureka High School improved on their last year's record. They exceeded two of the state goals. The number of normal weight children was increased 8% instead of 5%, the state goal. The number of dangerously underweight children was decreased 7% instead of state goal of 5%. This is an excellent record of which the school can well be proud. Keep it up next year.

There are only 64% of the children either normal (N up to 20% above), or only slightly underweight (1-6%), the state goal being at least 75% in this group, and so there is still room for improvement.

Fifteen percent of the children are dangerously underweight, that is, 10% or more less than their normal weight. The state goal is not more than 10% dangerously underweight. (Another year of persistent work could make this school eligible for a gold star penant).

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE COMING YEAR:

1. That the present leaders continue the work during the coming year.
2. That a hot dish be served to the children who cannot go home.
3. Be sure all children are obtaining 10 hours sleep each night.
4. That a meeting of parents be held as soon as possible after the beginning of the demonstrations and one later to secure the cooperation of the mothers.
5. That a Keep Growing Poster Contest be held again this year and that a public demonstration meeting be held at the close of the demonstrations.
6. That a farm bureau offer small prizes for the posters.
7. That publicity be given the work.
8. That the school, homes, children and leaders earnestly cooperate to reach the ultimate state goals, this coming year.

NUTRITION PROJECT GROUP

EUREKA COMMUNITY

EUREKA COUNTY

Name	Age	Orig		Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Final		Lbs. Gain	Orig Var	Final Var
		Ht.	N.W.										Ht.	N.W.			
Jack Vance	Dec. 8	48½	55		51½	53	52½	53½	54	56½	54½	54	49¾	58	2½	-6	-7
Josephine Minoletti	May 11	52	65		60¾	62	63¼	63	64	65½	63½	65½	53	69	4½	-7	-5
Thelma Lewis	Oct 12	56½	82		80	83½	84	a	85½	88	90	88	58	86	6	-2	+2
Estelle Venturino	Sept 11	51½	63		55¾	56¾	58	57¾	58½	59¾	61½	63	52½	65	7½	-11	-3
Ruth Johnson	July 11	57½	82		77¾	79¾	81	82½	84¾	86½	87½	88½	58	86	10½	-5	+2
Virginia Josey	June 7	44½	42		41¾	42	43½	43½	44½	44½	45¾	47½	46½	47	5½	-1	N
Effie Eather	Aug 10	52½	64		64½	67½	66½	66½	68	67	70	69	54	70	4½	+1	-1
Mario McNaughton	Feb 12	61	101		97½	100¼	99¼	105¼	105½	105½	107¾	108¾	62½	106	11½	-2	+2

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:Home Management:

This project, the women were reluctant to include in the years work. They did, however, adopt the home management work but did practically nothing on the project.

One of the women remodeled her kitchen. The large kitchen was converted into a dining and sitting room combined, and the end of a wide porch made into a "Pullman" kitchen. It is large enough to have a place for everything but has no waste space.

Two dozen vegetable strainers have been ordered by the club members. These are a half circle of perforated tin with a wire handle and little projections on the rounded edge to fit over any pot. They are simple and easy to clean and use and prevent burnt fingers.

One electric washer and one pressure cooker were purchased.

HAND WORKChristmas Candles:

Just before Christmas last year, a demonstration of the making of Christmas candles was given by the Agent. Ordinary tallow candles were decorated with colored wax. The wax was obtained by melting one of the candles and coloring with tube oil paints. This is dropped slowly upon the upright candle to be colored. The melted wax runs down the sides and covers the surface of the candle. By blending two colors of the shades and tints of one color, a very pretty effect may be obtained. As a finish, little drippings of gold are put on the top in the same way as the color. Gold powder is added to the melted wax. Nine women made 108 pairs of candles for Christmas gifts.

Polychrome Work:

The Agent gave demonstrations of the polychrome work and two women made candlesticks.

Block Printing:

One demonstration of block printing, the same as that given at Club Camp, was given in September. Little work has been completed at this time.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:Garment Making:

Days devoted to the work .....	2
Meetings held .....	2 Att. 20
Garments made .....	25
Practices adopted .....	8
Co-operators .....	7
Coops in Color Work .....	3

The clothing project was carried over from last year -- silk wool and wash dresses were made by the seven women who were still interested in the work. Two women also made four hats.

Color Work:

Meetings held .....	2 ...Att. 17
Days devoted to the work .....	2

The color work was given in connection with the sewing project. Two demonstrations were given. Color cards showing the primary and secondary colors were made by three co-operators. The purpose of these was to show how colors are formed. The chart with the shades and tints of the primary colors were used to illustrate the difference between the graduations of color and the tints and shades were used to assist in the combination of color.

After the first demonstration, one of the women came to the Agent with a pillow slip she was embroidering, and said, "What is the matter with it? Yesterday I thought it beautiful, and today, it is all wrong". The Agent told her to get out her little color cards and see what was the matter. She immediately found the trouble -- she had great patches, a shade of violet, a true green, and a tint of blue pink instead of using the same number of the shades, colors or of tints, she had combined true colors, shades and tints of three colors.

This is an example of how quickly the women responded to the work. They unconsciously acquired a sense of color and a color combination. This very fact, however, makes it difficult to estimate the benefit of the work. While practically every woman at the meetings improved her taste, she had nothing concrete to report. The Agent sees an improvement in the way the women handle the colors in their embroidery.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY FOR EUREKA COUNTY

Projects	Days in Field	Days in Office	Office	Letters: Written	Home Visits: Made	Method		Other Meetings held.	
						Dems. Given	Rel. to Project	No.	Att.
Keep Growing Organization	4½	3		6	2	14	442	6	266
Food Preparation:	3-3/4			2	25	2	17	3	4
Junior Food Club:	4	½	3	2		6	68		
Clothing	2½			9	5	5	50		
Home Improve.	2				2	2	20	1	2
Color Work	3/4					1	8		
Enroute	1					2	17		
Reports	8½								
TOTAL.....	27	6	3	19	34	32	622	10	272

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

Mary E. Stilwell - 3 days - Keep-Growing Demonstrations

V. W. Scott - 2 days - Poultry.

Special Assistants - 5 days.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:Outlook and Recommendations:

When taking into consideration the small amount of time the Agent has given to the County, the women have done well with their work. They have strengthened their organization, the leaders are functioning better, and they have a good foundation for future work.

The work the Agricultural Agent has done among the ranchers has paved the way for a stronger Farm Bureau.

More good publicity work is needed for the work in the County. Big public meetings with good speakers and club demonstrations would create interest in the work. The Agent has found that whenever she has called for assistance, there has been a ready response to her demands. This was shown by the co-operation of the merchants with the Achievement Day program of the Keep-Growing Demonstrations last Spring.

The women's meeting would be improved and more work would be accomplished if the Agent gave the leaders more training and helped them with more definite plans for the coming year. A year book giving the program for every meeting, might be of assistance in bringing out more women to the meetings. The cover could be designed and the book stenciled by students of the High School. A small prize could be offered for the best cover design.

A membership drive similar to the one which was so successful in Grant View, might create an interest in the Farm Bureau membership. There a contest was carried on between two sides, the one which obtained the most members was dined by the losing side. The people of Eureka are very much interested in all forms of amusements and might respond to the social side of the organization and when once started, the more important project work could be developed.

While the pioneer work has not all been done, the County seems to be in a better condition for organization than it was last year. The personal work done by the Agents has given the people a better understanding of the extension work and they seem to be in a friendly attitude toward the Farm Bureau organization. It remains, however, to be seen how much support they will give the organization. The district Agent judges only by their reception of the womens and the Junior Club Work.



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LANDER COUNTY - NEVADA

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Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:Organization:

Days devoted to work .....	3
Meetings .....	2 Att. 250
Meetings held .....	1 " 4
Home Work .....	14

Although there is a farm bureau organization in Lander County, there have been no regular meetings during the year and no membership in Austin. The extension work is in its pioneer stage.

In November and December of last year, the Agent made two trips into the County. She attended a meeting in Battle Mountain and spent three days in Austin, the largest town in the County. The purpose of the visit was to get acquainted with the people and to ascertain their attitude toward the work. The way was prepared for the organization of a Junior Club which was done in June.

While Austin is only 95 miles from the main line it is a day's journey and costs \$22.00 for the round trip on the narrow gauge railroad. It is a four hours drive over the highway from Fernley to Austin. The Agent has work in Fernley and passes through on her way from Pershing to Lyon County. The same condition exists in Eureka. It is only a three hours drive from Austin to Eureka. The round trip from Fernley to Eureka can be made by car in 14 hours, while by train it requires 4 days of travel.

The purchase of a car in June makes it possible for the District Agent to cover the territory every other month which was impracticable by train.

The Junior Work is preparing the field for re-organization of the women's work. In September, the first attempt to introduce the women's work was made. A meeting was held for the purpose of getting their reaction toward the work. It was, however, a most unfavorable time. It happened to be a disagreeable day. Nevada has so few bad days that weather which in other states would pass unnoticed here will keep women in the houses. It also was on the day before a banquet and only four women attended the meeting.

Several women, however, have requested the work and there probably will be no trouble in getting the work well underway during the coming year.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:Junior Club Work:

Days devoted to work .....	3½
Meetings held .....	3 Att. ... 44
Leaders schools .....	5 " . ... 7
Home visits .....	15

On her visit to the County in November 1925, the Agent made ten home calls in the interest of club work.

Mrs. Regina Trolson, a county farm bureau director, took the responsibility of the work and Mrs. Easton is her assistant. The club was organized with 17 girls the last of June. For various reasons, five dropped out after the first meeting; some left town, others had too much other work, only 10 signed registration cards and became bonofied members.

On account of the late start and summer vacations, only a few of the members will be able to complete their work in time for it to be included in this years report. All ten, however, are completing their first demonstration and will commence on the second years work.

The Club has been holding meetings regularly since its organization in June, and are doing an excellent quality of sewing.

Because of the late date of organization, the Club could not attend club camp but are making plans to attend in 1927 and are preparing to enter all of the contests.

Outlook and Recommendations:

The women of Austin are just beginning to get a little understanding of the work. When the Agent first called some of the women said they were not interested as they "could not afford another club -- they belonged to other lodges". The Junior Club is acquainting them with the character of the work and it is now time to begin the organization of women's projects.

A Club Achievement Day program and demonstrations at other public meetings, would give good publicity to the work. As there is no home economics in the school, Austin is a good field for the Junior Club projects. A Farm Bureau organization meeting could be held in connection with the Achievement Day program. People are always interested in children and a good attendance would be assured.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:PUBLICITY:

The Austin and County papers have given their hearty co-operation to the work. Mr. Tandy, Editor, has been an enthusiastic supporter. He feels that the extension service can give the children training in home economics which the school cannot afford.

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STATISTICAL REPORT \* LANDER COUNTY

Reports by Projects	Days in Field	Days in Office	Letters Written	Home visits made	Method demon- strations given		Other meet- ings held		Misc. meet- ings held	
					No.	Att.	No.	Att.	No.	Att.
Organization	3		3	14	1	4	1	25	1	30
Sewing Club	3½		8	15	3	44	5	7		
Publicity		1								
Reports	½	½								
Travel	5									
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1½</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>30</b>

Specialist Assistants: Mrs. Bovett - Cecil W. Crue,

Thomas Brockman on organization - 6 days.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

STATISTICAL SUMMARY FOR DISTRICT

Projects	D.F.	D.O.	Off:	Tel.:	Let- ters	Home: Vis.:	Method Dem. mtgs:	Result Dem. mtgs:	mtgs. re: Projects:	Misc: mtgs:	Leader				
	:	:	:	:	:	:	No.:	Att.:	No.:	Att.:	No.:	Att.:			
K. G. Dem's	:31½	:21½	: 6:	16 :	139 :	12 :	19 :	2073 :	2 :	350 :	24 :	28 :	0 :	0 :	0
Food Clubs	: 9 :	3½ :	0:	14 :	5 :	1 :	18 :	198 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Jr. Food Clubs	:11 :	2 :	11:	34 :	32 :	8 :	23 :	154 :	0 :	0 :	5 :	342 :	0 :	0 :	1-Team
Jr. Canning "	: 1 :	0 :	2:	6 :	0 :	1 :	2 :	7 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Home Gardens	: 5½ :	1 :	4:	22 :	4 :	34 :	2 :	18 :	1 :	25 :	4 :	4 :	0 :	0 :	0
B. Homes Week	: ½ :	¼ :	2:	1 :	10 :	4 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Home Imp.	:12½ :	2 :	7:	13 :	0 :	20 :	23 :	176 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	6 :	0
Jr. Home Imp.	: 9 :	4½ :	7:	28 :	28 :	12 :	19 :	143 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	150 :	0 :	0 :	2-Teams
Jr. Club Gen.	: 6½ :	4½ :	5:	12 :	14 :	9 :	0 :	0 :	3 :	400 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Clothing	: 7½ :	½ :	0:	8 :	0 :	10 :	9 :	66 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Jr. Clothing	:12½ :	0 :	0:	8 :	47 :	29 :	12 :	123 :	1 :	125 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Color Work	: 5½ :	1 :	0:	5 :	3 :	0 :	12 :	124 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Basketry	: 3 :	0 :	0:	0 :	0 :	0 :	5 :	48 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Poultry School	: ½ :	0 :	0:	5 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	1- 23
Poultry Show	: 5 :	1½ :	3:	2 :	20 :	6 :	0 :	0 :	3 :	90 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Organization	:21½ :	2½ :	0:	0 :	100 :	54 :	3 :	21 :	0 :	0 :	16 :	142 :	51 :	902 :	0
Publicity	: 0 :	6½ :	0:	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Reports	: 0 :	41 :	0:	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Travel	:22½ :	0 :	0:	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Misc.	: ½ :	27½ :	26:	41 :	11 :	33 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
Annual Conf.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Junior Camp	: 14 :	4 :	0:	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0 :	0
	179½	124½	73	215	413	205	227	3496	10	990	55	660	51	925	

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

## SUMMARY FOR THE DISTRICT

In Pershing County 29 goals were set in the womens project and 13 were reaches. Seven more important pieces of work, however, which were not included in the program, were accomplished. Lyon County had 44 goals and 18 were attained, but work not included in the program was done in the County. Eureka set 24 goals and reached 7, but 11 pieces of work, not included in the program, were accomplished.

In reviewing the work for the year, the agent feels that she has tired to cover more ground, both literally and figuratively than it is possible for one person to do well. The distance and lack of stenographic assistance has been a handicap in the district. The purchase of a car in June has not only saved time in travel, but has made it possible to work in communities which have been inaccessible.

The district is in much better condition than it has ever been before, stronger organization, more interest in the work, and the extension service and farm bureau have a greater influence upon the community. A leader, in discussing the work for the year, says the greatest accomplishments are not those that can be put in a report. She considers the change of attitude of women toward the work and toward each other the most valuable result of the womens work. The change thought, improved homes and increased friendliness cannot but influence the children and improve the next generation. For example, there is a mother in a rural district who has been completely changed by the Farm Bureau work. Five years ago she did nothing but work, she thought that a woman to belong to a club, must neglect her work, but now she knows differently. She says she now managages her work better and can leave home for an afternoon without neglecting her family. Formerly she had nothing to wear and never went to town. Now, she and her seven children are nicely dressed through the assistance she receives through the Farm Bureau and she is president of the Home-makers Club and leader of a junior club. Not long ago her husband remarked that she is a different person. She used to be so cross, but now he cannot make her mad. Getting out among people has entirely changed her attitude towards life.

Pershing, Lyon, Eureka and Lander Counties:

The homes have been improved through the direct and indirect influence of the work. Women who did not know their neighbors and never went anywhere are not improving their homes because they are entertaining the members of their clubs. The majority of women in Fairview Community have no other social life than the activities of the Farm Bureau.

The women are not beginning to outline the project for the coming year, and are waiting for the agents to assist them. They are waiting after the summer vacation to begin their work. Their attitude and interests speaks well for the success of 1927.