

STATE OF NEVADA

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

100 North Carson Street Carson City, Nevada 89701-4717

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March 19, 2009

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Nancy S. Zahedi Assistant Regional Solicitor United States Department of Interior Office of the Solicitor Pacific Southwest Region 2800 Cottage Way, E-1712 Sacramento, CA 95825

Re: Nevada Commission for the Preservation of Wild Horses

Dear Ms. Zahedi:

At a January 30, 2009 meeting in Reno, you and representatives of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) met with State of Nevada, Commission for the Preservation of Wild Horses (Commission) representatives to discuss the serious management deficiencies in BLM's wild horse program in Nevada. As discussed at the meeting, the Commission has grave concerns about BLM's failure to dedicate sufficient resources to meet the requirements of the Wild Free-roaming Horse and Burro Act, and as a result, has not achieved appropriate management levels of horse herds in Nevada. To address the increasingly severe plight of the wild horses, the Commission has asked that our office pursue appropriate legal action to compel BLM to meet its legal obligations.

Per our discussion, we include with this letter a Draft Complaint setting forth the Commission's case. We look forward to your prompt attention to this pressing matter.

Sincerely,

CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO Attorney General

By: MARTA A. ADAMS

Chief Deputy Attorney General Bureau of Government Affairs (775) 684-1237

MAA/CG

of the natural resources of those lands and the use of those lands for multiple purposes, and
 to identify programs for the maintenance of those herds. Nev. Rev. Stat. 504.470.

2. 3 Defendants UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, KEN SALAZAR, Secretary of the Interior, BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT 4 5 (BLM), and KEN POOL, Acting Director of BLM (collectively the U.S.), are required by the 6 Wild Free-Roaming Horses and Burros Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 1331 to 1340, consistent with the 7 requirements of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. §§1701-8 1782 (FLPMA), must protect and manage wild horses on public lands at levels known to 9 achieve a thriving natural ecological balance, within the limitations of the natural resources of 10 those lands and the use of those lands for multiple purposes.

3. The U.S. has permitted the number of wild horses in Nevada to exceed the appropriate number established for Nevada by the U.S. The estimated (by BLM) current wild horse population in Nevada is 18,000 horses, approximately 50% above the statewide appropriate management level, and more than the total wild horse population in all other states combined. Defendants have allowed the continual inappropriate numbers of wild horses to remain despite repeated written requests from the State of Nevada for BLM to take the appropriate actions to properly manage the wild horse herds.

18 4 The wild horse numbers in excess of the statewide appropriate management 19 level is due principally to inappropriate allocation of appropriated funds to support the BLM's 20 wild horse program, with far fewer dollars spent for management of wild horses in Nevada 21 than is proportionate to the number of Nevada horses compared to the nation's total wild 22 horse population.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

This action arises under the Wild Free-Roaming Horses and Burros Act, 16
 U.S.C. §§ 1331-1340 (the Act), and the Administrative Procedure Act (APA), 5 U.S.C. §§ 7101 This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331
 (federal question), 28 U.S.C. § 1346(a)(2) (United States as defendant), 28 U.S.C. § 1361

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1 (mandamus, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201-2202 (declaratory judgments), and 5 U.S.C. §§ 702-706 (APA 2 right of review).

3 6. Venue is proper in this Judicial District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(e)(1) and 4 (e)(2), as a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to this civil action occurred in 5 this judicial district.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTIES AND THEIR INTERESTS

7 7. The Commission is an agency of the State of Nevada, established and authorized Nev. Rev. Stat. 504.430 to 504.490. The Commission is adversely by the legislature. affected by the failure of Defendants to perform their non-discretionary duties as required by the 10 law.

8. Defendant United States Department of the Interior is a duly established federal 12 agency and is responsible for the administration of the Act. The principal place of business of Defendant United States Department of the Interior is located at 1849 C Street NW, 14 Washington, D.C. 20240.

9. Defendant Bureau of Land Management (BLM) is a federal agency within the 15 16 United States Department of the Interior. Defendant BLM administers the Act on behalf of the United States Department of the Interior. The principal place of business of Defendant BLM is 17 located at 1620 L Street NW, Washington, D.C., 20036. 18

FACTS GIVING RISE TO THIS ACTION

10 All unbranded and unclaimed horses that use public lands as all or part of their 20 habitat are classified as wild horses under federal law. In Nevada, wild horse habitats are 21 found throughout the State in all six BLM districts. 22

11. In 1971, Congress enacted the Act to protect, manage and control wild horses 23 and burros on public lands in the United States. In the Act, Congress vested the Secretary of 24 the Interior with jurisdiction over wild horses and directed the Secretary to manage wild horses 25 26 in a manner that is designed to achieve and maintain a thriving natural ecological balance on the public lands. The Act requires the Secretary of the Interior to carry out all management 27

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activities in a manner that protects the natural ecological balance of all wildlife species which
 inhabit the public lands.

12. The Act also requires the Secretary of the Interior to maintain a current inventory 3 of actual numbers of wild horses on the public lands. The Act requires that the Secretary shall 4 5 use this inventory to determine appropriate management levels (AMLs) of wild horses on given areas of the public lands, and to determine whether AMLs should be achieved by removal or 6 7 other action. If the Secretary determines that an excess number of wild horses exist on a given area of public lands, he must remove excess wild horses or take other action so as to achieve 8 the AML for the given area of land, to restore a thriving natural ecological balance to the range 9 and protect the range from deterioration. 10

13. FLPMA requires that the Secretary of the Interior shall manage the public lands within his jurisdiction in a manner that will protect the ecological and water resource values and will provide food and habitat for fish, wildlife, and domestic animals.

14. The Secretary of the Interior administers the Act in Nevada through the BLM Nevada State Office (NSO). To maintain and manage the wild horses in Nevada, the NSO has established 102 herd management areas (HMAs). The BLM NSO administers the 102 HMAs through field offices located in Ely, Elko, Winnemucca, Carson City, Las Vegas, and Battle Mountain.

19 15. Even though the Act was enacted by Congress over 30 years ago, the BLM NSO
20 has not achieved the statewide AML established at approximately 13,000 horses.

16. Even though Nevada is home to more than 50% of all wild horses in the nation, in
 federal fiscal year 2009; BLM only allocated to Nevada a disproportionately small share of the
 funding provided to BLM by Congress for wild horse management.

To the extent that allocation of wild horse program funding is a discretionary
function within the BLM, that discretion has been arbitrarily exercised because it is
demonstrably ineffective for BLM's compliance with the mandatory requirements of the Act and
FLPMA as set forth above in the preceding paragraphs.

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1 18. Based upon information and belief, BLM's census information for wild horse
 2 populations in Nevada is incorrect and actual numbers are even greater than reported because
 3 surveys are not performed as required.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

REQUEST FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF PURSUANT TO SECTION 706(1)

OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES ACT

19. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 18 as if fully set forth herein.

9 20. In accordance with 5 U.S.C. § 706(1), a reviewing court shall compel agency
 10 action unlawfully withheld or unreasonably delayed.

21. The Act requires BLM to conduct regular wild horse censusing, monitor effects of wild horses and other users on the range resources, and when an overpopulation of wild horses exists on a given area of public lands, to remove excess wild horses from the range so as to achieve appropriate management levels to restore a thriving ecological balance to the range, and protect the range from the deterioration associated with overuse. These requirements are non-discretionary duties.

17 22. The wild horse populations in excess of the BLM's statewide AML are contrary 18 to the Commission's interests. By failing to conduct regular censusing of wild horses, failing 19 to monitor effects of wild horses and other users on the range resources, and permitting the 20 population of wild horses in Nevada to exceed the established AMLs, defendants have 21 unlawfully withheld agency action required by 16 U.S.C.§ 1333(b)(2) and other law.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

MANDAMUS

24 23. Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as though fully set forth, each and every one of
25 the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 22.

26 24. In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1361, a reviewing court, in its discretion, may 27 issue a writ of mandamus if the court determines that the government official has failed to 28 discharge a duty that Congress intended for the official to perform.

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25. 1 The Act requires BLM to conduct regular wild horse censusing, monitor effects 2 of wild horses and other users on the range resources, and when an overpopulation of wild horses exists on a given area of public lands, to remove excess wild horses from the range so 3 as to achieve appropriate management levels to restore a thriving ecological balance to the 4 5 range, and protect the range from the deterioration associated with overuse. These requirements are non-discretionary duties. 6

26. By failing to conduct regular censusing of wild horses, failing to monitor effects of wild horses and other users on the range resources, and permitting the population of wild horses in Nevada to exceed the established AMLs, defendants have unlawfully withheld agency action required by 16 U.S.C.§ 1333(b)(2) and other law.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

DECLARATORY JUDGMENT

27. Nevada incorporates herein, as though fully set forth, each and every one of its allegations in paragraphs 1 through 26.

28. In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 2201, a case of actual controversy exists between the Commission and the U.S. Further, as stated and alleged above, the U.S. has failed to fulfill the duties which the law establishes with respect to the management of wild 17 horses in Nevada. The Commission is therefore entitled to a declaration of its legal rights 18 19 respecting the same.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

21 WHEREFORE, the Commission respectfully prays that this Court enter judgment in its 22 favor and against the U.S. as follows:

1. Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 706(1), issue an order compelling the U.S. to immediately 23 allocate agency funding to Nevada's BLM field offices in proportion to the number of excess 24 25 horses which the Nevada districts contain as compared to the national total; therewith to conduct necessary censusing of wild horses and evaluate effects of wild horses and other users 26 27 on the range resources; and if necessary reduce wild horse numbers commensurately;

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2. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1361, issue a writ of mandamus ordering the U.S. to immediately allocate agency funding to Nevada's BLM field offices in proportion to the number of excess horses which the Nevada districts contain as compared to the national total; therewith to conduct necessary censusing of wild horses and evaluate effects of wild horses and other susers on the range resources; and if necessary reduce wild horse numbers commensurately;

3. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201, declare that Defendants have violated 16 U.S.C.
§ 1333(b)(2) by not funding Nevada's BLM field offices in proportion to the number of excess
horses which the Nevada districts contain as compared to the national total; conducting
necessary censusing of wild horses and evaluating effects of wild horses and other users on the
range resources; and by not achieving and maintaining AML for the State of Nevada;

4. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202, issue an injunction ordering the U.S. to immediately allocate agency funding to Nevada's BLM field offices in proportion to the number of excess horses which the Nevada districts contain as compared to the national total; therewith to conduct necessary censusing of wild horses and evaluate effects of wild horses and other users on the range resources; and if necessary reduce wild horse numbers commensurately;

16 5. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2202, award the State of Nevada its attorneys fees and
17 costs incurred in bringing this action; and

6. Such other and further relief as may be warranted.

Respectfully submitted,

CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO Attorney General

By:

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Attorneys for Plaintiff

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