

Soda Springs

April 1 / 1946

Phone by j.j. = "Swearing".
But not hard. Clear at Bend.
Will return to Bend with j.j. apr 2,

8:30 am, Bud for Soda Spgs.

Road clear until fall up
Downer Grade, then change
to Soda Spgs.

Home Lake has a lead
and two large open
areas on N. side and
toward head of lake.
Last week min. at 55. = 61°

New snow - Getting
wet. 30 in. deep off. Need
mobs.

Need

6 bottles of record ink

Glass tubes to sample
dyes.

Expenses

Apr 1	Fare	\$2.01
	lunch	80¢
	Dinner	1.50
Apr 2	Expt	1.00

Blaine snow melted down
day - melted snow. But when melted?

?

11 am. Blaine Eddy
starts S.S. No. 2
after lunch he will
go to Kiser's and Summit
Valley.

Donner Pass

Snow still deeper.
Shelter almost touches
snow. Ript snow inside.
Possibly 12 in. up.

Day comfortable. Samples
warm. Snow warm.

Snow cores -

Uncompressible. No adhering.
D. 232ⁱⁿ W.E. 105ⁱⁿ Dens 46.3%

Crystals very uniform
1 mm diam. Can absorb
water readily and
release some.

→ Study action of dyes.
Also shute or veins in
cores after transparent
with water.

New snow in forest.
Consists of star crystals
much larger than 1 mm diam.

Lunch 80¢.

Donner Lake - 4 pm

Snow like flour. but trail
because of pressure of
shoes crushed hard by 5:30 pm.
Untouched snow had only
thin crust.

Reset thermogs at Pass and
Lake - on Monday.

Recharged dip tank
with radiator powder.

Old Dpt 1,50 in.
New depth 10,04 ?

Valve opened again.
→ watch it.

Snow survey - 12 meas.
Some one (two) have been
here today and made
survey cloudy. But 10 meas.

Rieschel from Soil Cons.
S. to Denver Office of
Reclamation Service.
Now Head of Hydrologia
Division under Peter.

R.S. offers to pay Engineers
30% maintenance to
share laboratory here.

Study.

Temp. of drift snow
To study wind crust.

Temp. at +16° F at
intervals above snow.

Color camera

Glass sampler -

↓ T.T.'s idea. Good.

accumulation of frost
on snow in forest and
open. How patent? How
much a sublimate daily?

Salt here on snow.
not noticed.

Try balances.

—
eye color by bands

+

Hotel -

H-T -1° F Max 34°

Min -3.7°

Calms - cloudless.

Frost $\frac{3}{4}$ in on old
snow.

Fuchsine Dye.

Patency - 1 part in a
million.

Dr Sears considers
using it in tracing
leaks from a reservoir.

April 5/46

Dye Sampler -

Obtained glass sampler
tube from Dr. Kaifson and
Jack Ryan for J. J.'s dye
studies.

But cement dissolved
or loosened in water
and shoulder will not
take the core.

Downer somewhat more
open.

No snow on trees.

Johnnie and Eleanor
gone for day but
records changed.

Pasture 11:20 am

min for period -10.5°

Reset 42, 2

Max. 47° Reset 45°

What period? a week?

Stevens Q

11:30 am

11.76ⁱⁿ

By winding ^{for} shaken up to

11.83ⁱⁿ

acid in bearings?

horses?

Thermog for Cam 0 -
at 41°F .

N-T 29 in above snow

Mid of lower beneath
snow level.

Found J.J. Had gone
to Trucos for "Poulofe" -
Measured both Donner Pass
and Donner Lake,

No rise at Pass.

No change nor rise
at Lake.

Drip Tank at Trucos
R.S. -

Mon 2		1.4
6		1.3
9		1.4
13		1.4
14		1.4
15		1.4
→ 16		1.55
17		1.50
22	8am	1.80
	5pm	1.80
25		1.80

Mon 28 2.30
Total 0.90 = 0.09

Thermocouple wire
again broken

3:30 p

7 FT H-T 39°
Humid 70%

Overcast, storm clouds -

T. fr. on snow 37°
In light but not even

Semi-sun,

11 FT. H-T 35.5°

14 FT H-T 36.0°

|| Humid, 82%

3:50 p 7 FT 38.5° | 4570 ft 38°

On Snow 36.5° | 36.5°

4:10 p 14 FT 35° 115-34.5

Shuss max

Camera for Tubes

Plug from Jacox.

Color film for my camera

Bill Quintus, Munich, Heidelberg

Box of re salts in

Swort.

[Faint handwritten notes on a piece of paper, possibly a receipt or list, mostly illegible due to fading and bleed-through.]

[Faint handwritten notes on a piece of paper, possibly a receipt or list, mostly illegible due to fading and bleed-through.]

[Faint handwritten notes on a piece of paper, possibly a receipt or list, mostly illegible due to fading and bleed-through.]

Buy

Pack bag

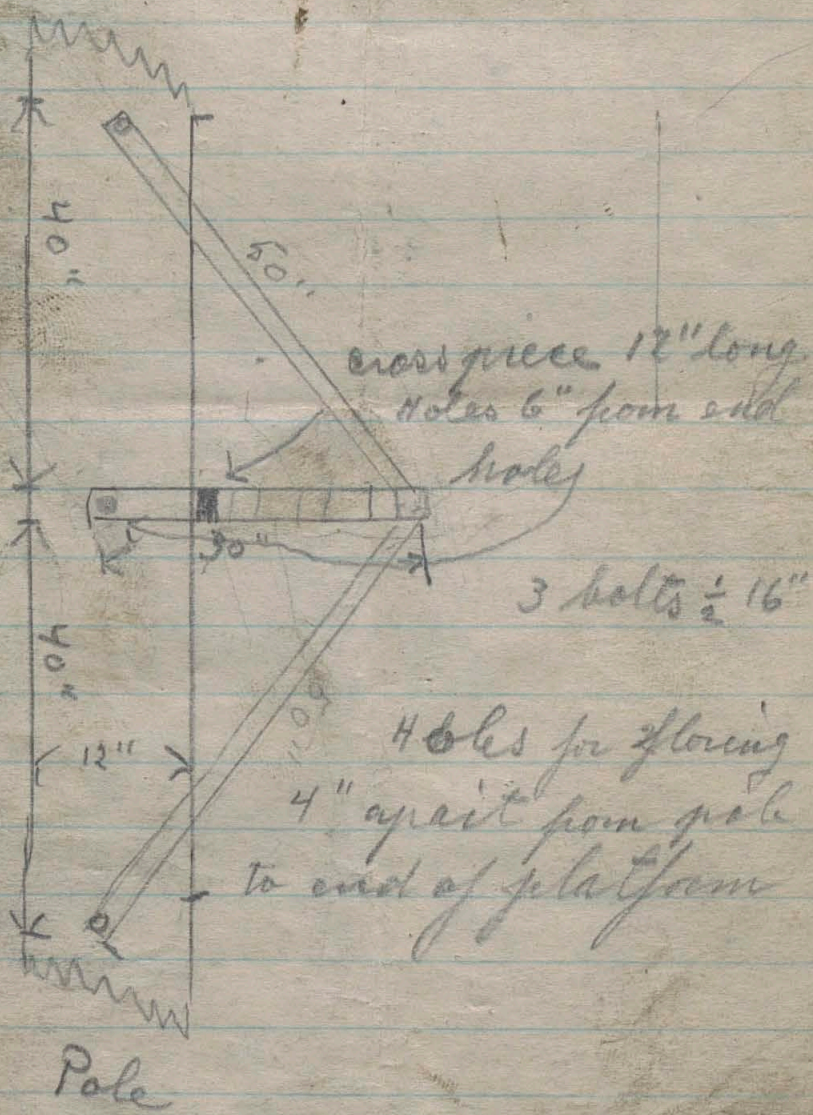
Sleeping bag

Repair bag

1.82
175
107

1.60
175
50

- 2 $\frac{1}{2} \times 11'$ bolts washers
- 6 $\frac{3}{8} \times 6$ bolts — " —



41.9

6.6
3.3
9.9

3.6
1.4
5.0

5.2

5.8
2.9
8.7

5.5
2.75
8.25

4.5
13.5
18.0

4
.
6

6 + 3 = 9 + 32 = 41

5.8
3.9
9.7

7.2 +
3.6
10.8

6
13.4
19.4

4.8
2.4
7.2

7
7.5
14.5

1.5
1.5
3.0

7.2
5.6
12.8

10.8
3.2
14.0

42.25

6.2
3.6
9.8

15
32
47

7.2
3.6
10.8

32
41
73

16.2
6.6
22.8

32
24
56

3.8
10.4
14.2

6.8
3.5
10.3

5.6
1.9
7.5

14
7
21

- Expenses -

April 21 - Ticket Reno to
Soda Spgs & Ret. \$2.01

April 22 -

Phone Reno 5¢

Truckee 10¢

Soda Spgs 10¢

5 Post cards 25¢

1 Notebook 10¢

To Nam for

Telephone message 1.00

Truckee Truckee 1.53

Apr 22
Dinner 95¢

Thomson couple
Thomson couple

April 22 - Trip to Soda Eggs

8:45 am

Truckee yellow-green to
Hirschdale. Water farther
up less copious.

Snow on N. slopes from
Hirschdale W.

at Truckee became
of bus smoking badly.
Finally a relief bus ordered
from Reno.

Phoned Beacon Hill to
tell Johnnie. at 11 am
Johnnie on his way to
Truckee to get me.

Phoned Forest Station -
only a 20-ft patch of

snow left at Course -
Station No. 1. And drip
pan will be empty of snow
in a few hours.

Melting very slow till
suddenly the water burst.
Measured three times a
day - Should have been four -
Better every hour.

Next year I must be
continuously on the job.

Thine crest but
runoff continued till early
morning. "Evening crest
makes night boiling better".

12 Noon -

Johnnie has arrived.

X all tanks working except D. Lake

Send to Tucker R.S.

1 set winter hyps thermog,
1 set summer "

Reset H-T,
by first of May

snow cover at Course T

For Homer take

1 - 5 ft ladder to platform
of drip tank.

J.J. can make steps
for Therm, Snelton.

[later: at Hotel evidently,

Apr. 25²⁵ ²/₃

5:25 pm

H-T 52°F ^{nearc.} Min 55°
Min. 13" above H-T in
same shelter.

In shade

At surface of snow bet. airt of
contact 8.0 44°F

On surface 4.4 38°

In surface 0.6 32.9°

On surface 2.0 , 5:50 pm 1.0
 35°F 33.5°

5:50 pm.

H-T 50°F , Min. 52.5°F

[Sunshine column just at the
contacts. Sun 15°]

$\frac{1}{2}$ in. in snow + 0.3 32.45

On surface + 1.0 $= 33.8^{\circ}\text{F}$

At surface - no contact 3 $= 37.4^{\circ}\text{F}$

1 in. above + 4.1 $= 39.4$

Thin air current 5-7
oscillates 38.15

2 in, above	4	} 39.2°F 35.1
3 in "	5	
4 in "	5	} 41.0°F 39.5
5 in "	5	
6 "	6	
7	4-7	air
8	7	
9	6	
10	7	
11	6.4	
12	7	} 43.5°F
13	6	
14	5	
15	5.1	
16	6.2	
17	7	
18	6	
19	7	
20	7.4	
21	6.4-7.4	
22	7.4	

23 above 7.4-8
 on surface 2 35°F
 6:25 pm
 H-T 45° Min. 47°

33.5
 1/2 surface +1 = 33.8°F
 Deeper in surface +0.6 32.9°F
 " still +10.4 32.6°F

Dye slowly changes to pink
 even up to surface except
 where dye is heavier
 The snow, cleared of
 old dirty crystals is 50% pure
 water because of shovel?

But at 6:40 pm, only 3
 crystals turn red from new
 dye. Remainder green.
 Get tinge of red beneath.

av. 6.07 = 41.1°F
 av. 6.4 approx
 = 43.5°F

Sunshine recorder
much below contacts at
sunset. Has it been readjusted?

Donner Lake open and
sparkling, but Norden still
snow covered.

Friday April 26

8:30 am. Rode up
with Mr Vogel of S.F. former
brother-in-law of Judge Barber,
and also of Sam Passathal.
Memorial many. Salute at
parting.

Donner Lake nearly full.

Some snow-slides and
corice fragments stalled on
hillside.

Norden still snow covered.

* Snow getting shallower. 3ft.
==

* Tank-area shows a definite
discharge and rest of snow
melt.

Tank ^{Donner} of Pass filling slowly.
Snow is more "spongy".

Photo View of shelter No. 4 exposure.
No snow below 7 ft to earth
but 3-4 ft around it.

Drip Tank - Donner?
51.5, 49.4, 49.8, 50

12:35 pm

Stevens Q 12.16ⁱⁿ
Very evident temp. of 0.1ⁱⁿ
daily. Weather hottest of
record for April. Remound.

* SE cable loose - Broken?



1/2 in

* 254.5, 50.4, 50.3, 50.4

Effect of surge in pipe - by
letting yardstick down too fast -
Tried wooden sticks but it
floated - tank too full for it

2:30 pm 2 52, 52, 53, 53

3:30 pm 2 52, 52, 52

* Temp. 18 in in snow 32.6°F

Thermocouple

4:40 -

In road -

On white snow 4.8 - 5.0
7.5 - 8.5

On smoky snow 44°F
50% binding 8, 7 42.5, 44.0

75% 10, 8 47, 44

90% 7, 11 42.5, 48.5

39.2 - 44.8°F

In Pasture

On fairly clean snow 35.9 - 36.2
2.6 - 2.8

" 40% dirty 7.3 43.0

" 75% " " 5.6 40.4

On pure white

35 - 39°F
2-4 as

blows the breeze

Evening temps -

Max. Apr. 25 59.5°F 7 Ft.

" " 26 55.0

14 Ft. Max since Monday 67°F

Min " " 21.7°

Max by H-T 63°F

6 pm -

On snow T-C 2 = 35°

" Thermom 36°

3 1/2 Ft. T 46

Therm. 43.2
7 Ft H-T 48

Thermom.

11 Ft 48

14 49.5
Min. 48.9°

3 1/2 Ft T 37.8

7 Ft H-T 42.5

Humid. 60%

11 Ft H-T 42.1°

14 Ft. H-T 40°

Humid. 65%

Wind 40.4°

6:06 pm

T-C close to snow 1.5 = 34.2°

T. above snow 34°

3 1/2 Ft Tgh 44.0° F

Thermom 43.2

6:40

On snow T-C - 0.6 = 31.1° F

Crust 1/2 in.

Tgh 32°

T 31°

3 1/2 Ft 34

6:10

On snow T-C 1 = 33.5

Over snow

" T 34°

" Tgh Ic

Snow congeling.

6:20 - T-C 0.4 32.6°

T 32.5°

Tgh 34°

Nine Horizon Hotel, L.A.

Emma Silver.

Expenses

Apr 26.

Face Pens & 5 Pgs	1.09
Lunch	80¢
Dinner	1.50

* 12 Midnight

Boy & girl out on the snow making in the stoves & marshing at cigarettes - and eating when skiing would be good tomorrow.

I told them not tell of us, so they could have a good sleep. Enthusiastic.

Drip Tank

?	2.578	ff
6:30 pm	2.57	"
9 pm	2.58	"
10 pm	2.59	eg
11 pm	2.59	"
12 Mid.	2.59	ff

Flow 6:30 to 10 pm after crust formed

7 FT H-T 24°F

Hole in Snow Tgh 22°?

6:30 am 2.59
No percolation after 10 pm
Descent 3-3 1/2 hrs. How deep?
hours

6:30 pm - 6:38 am

14 FT Win 19.6°

H-T 20 Humid 96%

11 FT H-T 17.5°F

7 FT H-T 20°F Humid 84%

In hole on snow Tgh 20°F

Still 20° in hole
Others here in snow approx. 1°F

Why 7 FT and Hole in Snow

so high? Protected from
air drainage? Hole in snow
they ~~totally~~ frosted. opaque.

Ground frozen. Pool beyond
course had over
Crust how deep?

Today's dye Apr 27

at 6:30 am

Green in shade, red
on slope tilted toward sun.

Old dye on level frozen
gray but begins soon to
reappear.

How long for melt water
to reach bottom? 6:30 till
noon? Longer? Depends

? on thickness of crust or
cold of previous night?

How long to soften
crust? But will melt
water percolate without
delay thru it?

Waiting for 7:15 am bus

~~11:30 photo~~

~~11:40 am~~

~~Dip tank~~

~~3.88~~

Test

#

May 4 -

6:30 a

Hotel H-T # 63°F (-Max) 28°F (Min)

Min 26.6°F.

(Below) 32°F 8 hrs time

Cost 7ⁱⁿ

Sun up at 5:30 am

#

Thermocouple Test. in Room.

Check 64.6°F 21 = 63.5°F

65.0 21.4 = 64.1°F

65.0 21.6 = 64.4°

68.2 24 = 68

68.6 24.6 = 68.9

9:50 am

On snow

Crest 7 in.
Min. 25.5° on board

9:50 am Dye still green.

Current
Thgh 44° T. 39°
TCouple 38°

10 am Dye turns red.

Tgh 44° T. 41.5°
TC 41°

7 FT H-T 52°
Over bare ground.

11 FT H-T 50°

14 FT H-T 52°

[Min 22°] Curr 53°

Humid. 28% at bath.

3 1/2 FT T. 1/5 in. above snow 53°
at snow TC 38°

1/2 in above Tgh 43°

[Tgh sluggish -
Metal?]

On snow. 33.5° F

10:20 am.

On snow 34.1

" 35°

Because of narrowing of shade
and indirect sun.

↓ 3 1/2 FT T 54°

7 FT H-T 53.5 Humid. 28%

11 FT H-T 54°

14 FT H-T 54° " 26%

Min. 54°

all over ground, not snow.

10:40 am

On snow TC 35°

1/2 in. above snow

Tgh. 42.5°

Snow crystals still frozen
together. But dye has
already penetrated 2 1/2 in.

1.4

0.7

2.1

34.1

In snow $3\frac{1}{10}$ in - in pencil hole

TC 35°F

$\frac{1}{2}$ in (deeper) + less air 32.6°F
10:40 + ? + 50 min (?)

In sun at dye

In $(\frac{1}{10})$ snow, 38°

Wind shows. Tiny breeze
causes slight fluctuation of needle

On snow 41° to 42.8°F extremes

$3\frac{1}{2}$ FT 55°

7 FT N-T 54° Humid. 27%

11 FT N-T 54.5

14 FT N-T 54° Humid. 26%

Min. 55.1°

11:00 am + ? + 50 min

TC On snow but sunk down $2\frac{1}{10}$ in
 41°F

In " " Tgh 44°F

In snow 41.3 to 47°

(1 in deep pencil hole) 42.5 to 43.25°

($9\frac{1}{10}$ in deep)

11:35 am + 50 min

On snow TC 42.8°

7 am 1.70^{L}

9:30 am 1.75

10:15 am 1.79

10:45 1.86

11:45 2.04

* Dye goes down thru crust
5 in. Mostly in shade

Suggest -

Dye in sun - descent.

Density by weights, not springs.
Depth + springs too uncertain.

.75

Metal scale came loose
at 12 noon in Drip Tank.
Unscreened pipe 4 ft. up.
Ground water covered top of
tank.

Late lunch. Then luck,
caught scale in split in end
of stick

→ Link on scale pulled open,
Must get continuous link
chain. How long?

Donner Pass

at 3 pm or later to Donner
Pass. 5 views of courses and
therm. shelter,

Crows nest vertical, ladder
carried down at bottom by snow.
Must get angle-iron brace
support.

Visit to Donner Pass Absent.
Have seen me all the
winter.

U.S. W. & Inspector accepts
 Univ. Gage readings and would
 like to keep it. Congratulations
 Didn't expect it.

5:30 pm. + 50 min = 6:20 pm

TC -

In sun - In snow $\frac{1}{10}$ in. deep. 34.1°F

On snow

36.5

In shade - Over snow.

$\frac{1}{10}$ in T graph 39°

$\frac{3}{10}$ T 40°

Eye red.

$3\frac{1}{2}$ ft T 50° Overground

7 ft H-T 50.5 Humid. 46% "

11 ft H-T 50.2

14 ft H-T 49 (but 10 min. later)

Humid. 52

T 49

11 ft H-T 48

7 ft " 48 Humid 50%

$3\frac{1}{2}$ ft T 47 (but in sun
10° above haze)

T graph. $\frac{1}{10}$ in 37°

T $\frac{3}{10}$ in 37°

TC $\frac{1}{10}$ in. in snow 32°F (Shade)

On snow 33.5°F (Shade)

On dirty snow (50% dirt) 33.5°
(Shade)

Snow congealing, tho still
turning red

On dirty snow (50% dirt) 32°
(Shade)

T_{gh} as above 37° (shade)

T " " 37 (Shade)

3 1/2 FT. 42° (in dim sun)

7 FT H-T 44° Hum. 65%

11 FT 42.5

14 FT 43.2 Hum. 76%

Min. 42.6

No. 9 Min. H. J. Green U.S. West.

U.S. 402779 Bureau

→ For ash ton.

TC, on snow 32°

T_{graph} 35°

T 34.2

6:25 + ? = 7:15 pm

Snow congealed on surface
Eye semi-green
Drip Pan

6:30 + 50 min = 7:20 pm

Wrip tank 327
327

TC, on surface 32°

Eye green

Const 1/10 in

Watch 50 mi. slot
spring unhooked?

8:30 pm

T_{graph} 3/10 32°

3 1/2 FT T 34°

7 FT H-T 32°

8:55 pm

Wrip tank 329

7:15 to 9 for water to
run out = 2 hrs.

* Stream has fallen $\frac{3}{4}$
since 6 pm. Expected
it to hold up longer because
of distance.

Snow hard, slippery, crystals
glisten in flash light.

X 9:50 pm
Drip tank 3.29

Rock becoming dry. Flood
fallen to subvent only.

Snow hard

Cable on Stevens again
broken by snow strain.
Hook on SE spring.

Sunday May 5/46

Spring. Birds - meadow
lows - Mild.

Some pools unfrozen - Some
near pasture have shell ice
 $\frac{1}{10}$ in thick to wind edge.
Sun on snow at 5:30 am.

Drip tank

6:45 am 3.29, 3.29

7 am

In sun

Temp on clear snow ($\frac{1}{10}$ in)

TC 44°

T 42

In shade On snow

T graph $\frac{1}{10}$ in 36° (min. night 29°)

3 1/2 ft T 46°

^{in open}
Hanger $\frac{1}{2}$ in from 4x4 timber.
Effect from woods.

7 ft H-T 42° (min. 38°)

Humid. 48%

11 ft H-T 41.5 (Min 25.5°)

14 ft H-T 44° (Min 28°)

Humid 48%

Wind Current 47.3°

7:18 am

On snow $\frac{1}{10}$ in.

TC 45.5

T 43°

Dye - 7:30 am,

2 hrs sun - clear snow
Coarse $3\frac{1}{2}$ in depth.

In semishade

Depth 3 in.

In shade

Temp. in sun -

$\frac{1}{10}$ on snow TC 45.5

$\frac{1}{20}$ " " T 43°

stick of TC and glasses tube

of T are sinking into snow
 $\frac{1}{3}$ of their diam.

Crystals leave water marks
on palm of hand.

Crystals come loose when
scraped by point of pencil.

7:45 am

TC 44
T 42.8

Semi-shade

TC 39.5°
T 41° F but fell quickly.

Shadow

TC 38°	TC 38.5
T 37°	T 39.8-40.7 brage

8 am

TC 40.25	39.5	39.2
T 39°	39.	38

*
Crust. 9 in. ^{thin, on snow}
27°; in air 28°

Core 16 in. upper half less responsive to dye. Colder than lower half, has less free water,

quay; Can one get greater density by weight in lower half?

→ * Why depth at only 27°?

"Parsons" says J.I.

Coarse and wet.

Snow is an independent

8:30 am In shade

TC 39.5

T 39.5 (sink $\frac{1}{3}$ in snow)

Relaid on snow

TC 40.7 to 41°

T 40°

TC 43.4 but fluctuating with breeze.
T 46.5

TC 42.8

T 47.8

8:45

In shade.

T 43

Tgt 42

Dye not quite

changing, but

~~new dye green~~

red.

→ However in sun dye has penetrated full depth of 16 in

Top 1 in, 100% red.

Upper snow still firm - 10% red?

Bottom 8 in, 25%

Theory: Melt water at surface penetrates crust to moist snow below and adds its weight to start

gravity descent of capillary
water. In other words
the bottom primes the
runoff.

The crust need not be
melted fully, but is perforated.

Drip Tank at 8 am.

#

6:45 (x20)	3.29 in
7 am	3.29
7:30 am	3.29
8 am	3.29
8:30	3.29
9 am	3.32

Pumped 0.35

5:30 to 9:00 renewing
circulation = 3.5 hrs.

7:15 am to 9 am drying
= 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ hrs stopping.

Water stoppage 12 hrs
with snow 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft.

When snow deeper
delay is longer —
slower starting.

9:30 am

Temp.
In snow TC Wire $\frac{2}{10}$ in snow 35°
T - $\frac{1}{2}$ buried 41.2

On snow

TC 41°
T 45.4°

See H-T² for air
temp. at this time.

Brief

12:15.

Pod planted 18.5" above
snow level.

Sub-snow T graph photo
No. 6. + brought in

pasture

Hot day - * - *

Drip pan edge

Today or tomorrow
last day of me
here in Pasture

Found cutter

J.S. will return
Blair Eddy.

Pump for tanks
efficient but valve
pipe must be tight

Donner Lake

Wetted slab - Litter on snow

on surface

1:55 pm

TC

T

36.8

36.5*

32.8

32.8*

T bulb sunk in snow more

than wires of TC.

1/10 in above snow for both. Tiny breeze

Ward sun

TC

T

44

45.5

34

34.0

1/10 in beneath snow surface.

TC

T

35.6

32.2

39.8

37.4

33.0

33.0

TC

T

39.5-40.7

33

Wires buried

Bulb covered
with wet snow

7.5

5.8

8.7

3.2

3.6

2.9

13.5

5.2

2.6

7.8

2.4

1.2

1.6

4.8

1.8

5.4

9

1.5

32

pasture
Hot day - A-T 62°F
16 hrs above 30°
90°

Drip pan edge shows
Today or tomorrow is
last day of melt. near
here in Pasture.

Found cutter of Ore
J. J. will return it to
Blair Eddy.

Pumps for tanks very
efficient but valve in
pipe must be tight closed

afternoon

Donner Pass

No large balance. So
wait until tomorrow.

Donner Lake

In semi-shade

TC 38°

T 34.8°

above ground

NB | T graph 6 3/4" N for just
hour 68-70°F
Over bare ground.

Dames Lake Cause

→ Dames own these grounds,
So ask them for permit for
thermal shelter.

T & I will ask for privilege
on County Road for pan and
tank

2:30 pm

at same spot

at Cause

Sun stronger

On snow - just in surface
for TC; on surface for T

TC 42.2-42.5°

T 38°

In strong sun - middle of road.

On snow surface ^{Dirty snow = forest dust.}

TC 50.5, 53.5

T 37°

In surface (In shadow) by tree top.

1/4 in

TC 39.5-40.4 | 35.0 |

T 32.5 | 32.1 |

In sun again.

In surface

1/10 in, in snow 1/10 37.4° | 38.9

TC 1/10 37.4°

T 2/10 33° | 34

T-graph 70°F

Study

contrast between temps
over soil and over
snow.

The 70°F in shelter seems
high as compared with
the high 30's over snow.
What would have been
the maximum over snow?

Took #1 photo of gate and
snow clad ridge above
snow course.

Take also view of Mt Rose
from W shore of Donner Lake.

Norden still snow covered
except small area at
head.

- Note.

* April precip. at Donner
Observatory was heavy
wet snow almost like
rain. So the two gages
caught the same amount

Rested at office

* Tipped slightly
above snow
surface
perhaps $1/10$ "

Pasture - Evening

6:15 pm

In shade ^{on cleaned snow} Sun 15° up -

TC 33.5° / 35.0° / 32.0° * / **

T 33.0 / 33.0 / 32.5

Snow crystals leave water
marks on my hand but have
congealed - i.e. $1/2$ of the tiny
area but the other $1/2$ has a
surface still soft;

Over soil -

7 FT H-T 52° (max. 62°)
Humid 46%

11 FT - H-T 52.8° (Max. 63°)

14 FT H-T 52° (Max. 62°)
Humid. 48%

Min. current 52° F.

NB -

Is Temp. change over
bare ground more sluggish
than over snow? Radiation
effects less? Is this the difference

between Sendel and me?
He can't see the next step?

= Is excess of temp. over soil
much greater than over snow
with reference to congealing
of snow?

** Bath readjusted.

6:45 pm Sun just down.

More congealing.

TC 32° F / 32° / 31.4°

T 32.2° / 32 / 32°

7 FT 44° F

11 FT 44° F } 20 min. later

14 FT 44° F } than 52° F etc.

Min. current 42.5° Humid 78%

Eye on surface crystals green
but under crystals red. X

Drip tube has rivens .03 in.
last 50 min. Snow only 6 in
deep.

May 6[?]

Sun on level 5:30 am.
but over hill on pan 6 am
at thermoms 10° high. at 6 am

6:05 am. In direct sun. 10° up.
On the frost (dusty)

TC	33.5
T	32.3
In thin shade of alga	
TC	31.9 / 30.8
T	30° / 29.6

In stronger sun

TC	35°
T	32.5

Before 6:15.

new dye has turned slightly red
quite red in front of reflecting
6:20 am board.
Signs of red returned in
several places. Frozen muck
softening slightly,

6:25 am

TC	35°
T	33.6

On shaded slope
32°
Sun plants on
33.5 bulbs
31.0

6:30 am

Frost drifting from metal cans
and towers

6:40 am

New dye has decondensed $\frac{8}{10}$ in
Muck soft to tread on
Ice surface mist
Shell ice $\frac{5}{100}$ in or $\frac{1}{2}$ in

Temp. In shade
On snow - In shade
T graft 32° (Min 26)
T 32°

7 Ft H. T 32° (Min 28°)

Humid. 78%

11 Ft T 30° (Min 26°)

14 Ft 33° (Min 28°) Humid 90%
Min. current 35.4°

7 am

On snow - In sun

TC	39.5 (but wire sun $\frac{1}{10}$ " ²)
T	34.0

readjusted	In same spot
TC	38.9 / 35.0
T	33° / 33.0

Dry tanks 2.24

7:10 am

In sun	On snow $\frac{1}{10}$ " deep
TC	39° / 39.5
T	34.4 / 34.0

Depth Loss
at glass tube since
12 Noon yesterday 2.7 in,

Orig May 5 18"
May 6 20.7"

In tiny 2x2 area of melted

(a) shaded snow	TC	38° / 37.4 / 38°
	T	34° / 33° / 34°

Crust 7 in. thick.

(b) Slanting toward sun / dipping into snow	TC	44° / 41
	T	33° / 33.6

The tiny pinpoint crystals
flash out and disappear
like twinkling stars. Each
flash is a melting and
disintegration. A wonderful
panorama a foot beneath
your close gaze.

The day of melting is here
a field of white sparkling
jewels!

Quote

7:55 am.

Drip Tank 2.24ⁱⁿ

Chain 16ft long - links
pull open.

Sunk $\frac{1}{10}$ in into snow $\frac{2}{10}$ in

TC 37.4-38.0 | 42.5 | 36.8

T 34 | 33.2 | 34.0

$\frac{1}{2}$ in above snow

TC 56° 52.4

T 43.8 49.8°

Query! Which is more
accurate - mine or mine's?

8:30 am

Drip tank 2.26 + $\frac{2.26}{2.25}$

Dye Down 5 in but still in crust.

In shade
Big snow.

graph 39°

T 39°

7.5 FT H-T 46° Hum 40%

11 FT H-T 46°

14 FT H-T 48° Hum 44%

In sun $\frac{8}{10}$ in above snow

TC 53°

T 48°

Note similarity with shade temps

8:50 am 2.29 (T.T.)

Drip Tank

Total depth approx 5 in.

NB - Temp at surface
at 8 am similar to
temp. at Dancer lamp
at 2 pm yesterday.

No need to carry this today

9:15 am In shade 39° T-38°

Eye red. Melting even in shade

11:30 am
Photo of drip pan partly
bare - #2.

11:40 am 2.88
Drip tank 3.88ⁱⁿ

* 3. Mole nest in snow.

* Today hot.

Afternoon

Donner Pass.

→ No gain in drip tank.
Pumped in test of valve.
Could pump water but
air in drip pan valve.
Due to solidity of snow?

Must lower therm shelter.
J.J. made sketch of angle-
iron support for crow's nest.
Photo of crow's nest & pump

Donner Lake

* Depth of drip tank
constant at 1.02ⁱⁿ.
Leak probably.

Must exhume tank.

Steps + ladder for platform
and therm shelter.

* Must see Dallans re
right to erect tank.

2 photos of Mt. Rose and
Donner Lake.

Truckee R.S.

Set pen down 20°F.

The Precip. gauge
located near H-T. Moved
from maintenance station
by highway in Truckee.
Back home at 5:35 pm

Thurs. May 9

Cool damp air and a sprinkle sprain last night.

Some clouds today.

But only a few drops of rain at Soda Springs last night.

Does this break the drought? 30⁺ days of it.

Clyde took me to Donner Pass and back, left at 8 am.

Drip pan at Donner Pass full of water. Wire failed to clear it as far as valve.

Valve must have failed. Turning does

not open the pipe.
Clyde ^{and Johnnie} suggests the standard faucet valve. Must make this change. The tank also leaks.

- Met Johnnie at Donner Pass and transferred our load to him.
1. Calcium ordered but none available here.
 2. Took up 2nd dye Fuchsin.
 3. Iron wire and bolts for cross-rod.
 4. Soft chain for tank.

// Johnnie will renovate the tanks and build fences around them for summer. Fred Paget needs him next week or

a survey.

* Gerald wonders about
work at Soda Springs next
winter if I go to India.
Johnnie can be instructed.

Tuesday May 21 /46

To Soda Springs 9 am bus.
Truckee R. to Boca just
bansfull. North slopes
(ie facing south) are almost
bare. Lake Norden blue
"water with snow on south shore."
Bad news - good news!

Dennis wants us to move
equipment in Pasture to
bare ground. He is bringing
cows as well as horses.

Ashton is now in charge
of Central Sierra Snow
Laboratory and invites
me to lunch - Johnnie.

Visited both Pasture
and Laboratory.

NB
Rent House has now
been squared up. The
guylines will be removed
and the bare spots made
by us will be resodded.
We shall offer Dennis
hay and grain for the
grass spoiled.

↓ Ashton blowing up the
snow drifts in the road.
He has a Commodore
house and very valuable
recorders of sun, wind,
temp. at three broad
levels.

The Parshall flame ^{now} works
quite satisfactorily.

The house should have
been located on a rock
outlook nearby in an

large opening.

Is making a quantitative snow survey. 176 near, by marked points and diamond-shaped groups.

Both Parsons and Nelson desire it.

Many precip. gauges too. Shave in the anemometer now cut from Univ. to 3 in. Should be even less. No air space should be left.

Rode on the snow-mobile.

Looks like my taxon. Takes laboratory of all days, except his continuous measurements of weather elements.

Our project at Soda Springs is more versatile

and is seeking more fugitive phenomena.

Ashton feels that I should be living with them.

Gendel suggested to Johnnie that he direct Soda Springs project if I abandoned it for India. Does he consider it his fourth station?

Damner Pass being well cared for. Crow's nest rebuilt. Solid but rather small.

Johnnie at Ashton's suggestion has put a cap on outlet and forced the air up thru drip pan. He pumped till he sweat. Since

then the water in the
tanks has been rising -

[On May 22-23 it was
rising very slowly but
days had been windy and
cold.]

* Johnnie has course
of 5 samples. Now 80 to
150 in. deep. Density
well over 50%.

* (a) Study development of
density in windblown
snow and rate of
melting or better power
of capillary suspension.

(b) Now need density
measurements for depths
of 60 in. (5 feet) to compare
with deeper

(c) and mass of snow
when water laden and
when percolated almost

dry (ie when dripping
has ceased).

NB

↓

Showed Johnnie how
to weigh cores at home
on the weight scale.
Use a bucket with water
that will balance the
lead weight and put
cores in bucket to
weigh them. Check also
by weighing by spring
balance. Compare density
of wet and dry snow.

Downer Lake

Described by Johnnie.
all fencing ready but
tank must be dug up
for repairs.

Drif pan dry.
Permission to use land
granted by Dellan agent

to Johnnie and by higher
ups, probably ^{of} Dollar family.

Must now ask Henry Locher
Nevada County Commissioner
for use of side
of County road. Henry
was our neighbor boy
and shared our Tahoe
camp.

Home by 5pm bus.

May 23.

Phone from Johnnie
and Dennis. We can
continue to use the
Pasture.

The valve at Donner
Lake was $\frac{1}{4}$ wrong
i.e. opening was NW
instead of N. Must have
* a shoulder on the valve
to feel its correct position.

Get estimate from
State Printer of cost
of printing Monograph.

Maximum cost

2500 copies \$4500

1500 " 3850

Library binding

500 copies @ 70¢ each.

Includes 70pp extra.

But additional blocks?

Station has set aside \$3000

I will add war bonds for
balance of \$3850.

April 16 - May 1, 1943.

FEDERAL-STATE COOPERATIVE SNOW COVER SURVEYS
 FEDERAL, STATE AND PRIVATE AGENCIES
 SURVEY NOTES

Directions and Suggestions for Snow Cover Sampling

- (1) The usefulness of snow cover surveying depends primarily on the care and honesty of the men actually doing the field work
- (2) The work of the snow cover surveyor is often laborious, especially in stormy weather, and men willing to undertake such work can usually be depended upon to do their best and record the results faithfully.

Directions for Using the Snow Sampler

A. Care of Sampler:

- (1) In transporting sampler, extreme care should be used to guard it against injury; it can be easily dented.
- (2) When sampling on steep slopes do not cling to the sampler to avoid sliding down hill; the tube is easily bent.
- (3) Keep the sampler covered inside and out with a thin coating of

Soda Springs
 July 28, 1946

be used in spacing by tape measurements, so that the samples taken in different years on the same course will be at the same spots.

(1) Plunging the tube should be avoided. In driving, a steady down-thrust is preferable to twisting, because with the latter a small amount of snow enters the slots. However, a minimum amount of twisting aids in the driving and also facilitates the quick cutting of the thinner crusts. Plunging should be entirely unnecessary. In case the sampler sticks or freezes down, a light twist will usually release it.

(2) The presence of temperatures below 32 degrees F. in the snow, while the temperature of the air is above freezing, often causes the snow to adhere firmly to the orifice of the cutter after a depth of from 10 to 12 feet has been reached. This difficulty can be met in three ways.

(a) Withdraw the sampler when cutter becomes clogged and clean cutter and tube thoroughly. Push the tube rapidly through the snow without stopping until bottom is reached but do not plunge tube. Repeat until a complete core is obtained. *A complete core is one whose length is not less than 90 per cent of the depth of the snow.*

(b) In case sampling is being done in the forest, keep the sampler in the shade as much as possible to keep it cold.

The best method of all is to sample when the temperature of the snow is below freezing, or late in the season when the temperature of the snow has risen to 32 degrees F. At these times

In some cases, where not too far from a night's lodging, time can be saved by taking the samples in the morning or evening instead of during the warm part of the day.

C. Weighing the Sample:

Before taking the sample, place the empty sample tube in the cradle hanging from the scales. If the Mt. Rose scale is used, turn the pointer back to zero. If the standard tubular scale is used, record the weight empty in proper column in field book. When the sample has been taken, place the sampler in the cradle and record the weight for tube and core. For the Mt. Rose scale this reading equals the water content of the snow core. For the standard tubular scale the water content is given by the difference between the reading empty and the reading for tube and core. The zero setting in the case of the Mt. Rose scale, and the "empty" reading for the standard tubular scale should be checked at frequent intervals (not more than 5 measurements).

If dirt is picked up by the cutter it should be cleaned out with knife before weighing the sample, and proper deduction made before recording length of core or depth of snow.

D. Recording:

The snow cover survey sheets are made in pads of two sizes, the smaller being white and the larger pink. Only the white waterproof pads are to be used for field notes. The larger pink pads are to be used to make copies from the white field sheets as soon as possible after each survey. Instructions regarding the disposition of the pink copy sheets will be issued for each State and where necessary for each drainage basin, since the needs will require some variation in this respect.

Appropriate covers are to be provided for protection of field notes. Sketch maps showing points of observation are pasted to the inside of the covers.

Use pencil only for recording field measurements. Fill in complete description of course, party, date, etc.

If the depth of core is very much less than the depth of snow, the reason should be determined and noted under "Remarks." In case of doubt regarding the core, determine the density (water content divided by depth gives density) and compare with that of other adjacent measurements about which there is no doubt. "Remarks" should include special items as to the character of snow, nature and condition of soil or other bottom reached by the cutter, whether wet, dry, frozen, etc.

Any extended remarks as to weather conditions at the time of survey or shortly before the survey, unusual difficulties encountered, etc., may be placed on the back of the sheet, as one side only is to be used in recording the snow measurements.

FEDERAL AND STATE
COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS

State

Drainage Basin

Snow Course *Weather at Sage Springs*

Party *Dec 20 - 30, 1942*

Date *Nov 11; Dec 20 - 30, 1942*

*Description or Number of Course	†Sample Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks
<i>Dec 20</i>	61	16			16	LE	cl	
21	45	2	1.22	3	19	LW	cl	
22	43	6	T		19	LW	"	
23	38	24	2.09	10	29	LW	cl	
24	44	29	2.15		26	BNW	"	
25	33	20	.81	12	38	LW	"	
26	28	3			38	LSE	cl	
27	43	4	.16		36	LW	cl	
28	41	36	.22		34	LSE	cl	
29	38	30	1.28	4	38	LW	"	
30	42	21	T		36	LW	"	
<i>Rain (trace amount) Dec 30 7:00 - 8:00 am</i>								<i>0.22 in.</i>
<i>9 am Found at Hotel 32°F Snow still soft</i>								

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.

†Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.

No. of sheets. Comp. by Checked by

FEDERAL AND STATE
COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS

State South Carolina
 Drainage Basin Soda Springs
 Snow Course West of bit near Tractor
 Party in Pasture
 Date Dec 30, 1942.

*Description or Number of Course	†Sample Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks
	1	33.5	28	49.8	62.8			Sad near West
		-1.5	-1.5					
<u>Pasture</u>	1	6	3.7	"	50.8			Pasture West
	2	8	8	"	53			
	3	16.5	16.5	"	59			incl. crust
	4		7	50	53			Crust only

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.

†Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.

No. _____ of _____ sheets. Comp. by _____ Checked by _____

FEDERAL AND STATE
COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS

State

Drainage Basin

Snow Course

Party

Date

*Description or Number of Course	†Sample Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks
	12	12	12	50	55			Below assets
	-	-	-					
est								

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.

†Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.

No. of sheets. Comp. by Checked by

**FEDERAL AND STATE
COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS**

State 700 Shutter
 Drainage Basin Ulin 33 - S. Ba 34 AT 3270 ft
 Snow Course 1/4 in above wet ground -
 Party dry psych 34° F
 Date air full of mist
S. Ba wet spires

Description Number of Course	†Sam- ple Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.
 †Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.

No. _____ of _____ sheets. Comp. by _____ Checked by _____

**FEDERAL AND STATE
COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS**

State.....
 Drainage Basin..... *South Yuba*
 Snow Course.....
 Party.....
 Date..... *Apr 16, 1943*

Description or Number of Course	**Sam- ple Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of Tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks
<i>2</i>	<i>50</i> <i>-1</i>	<i>42.2</i> <i>-1</i>	<i>82.2</i>	<i>82.2</i>	<i>105.6</i>	<i>23.4</i>		
<i>3</i>		<i>47.4</i>	<i>41.5</i>	<i>82.6</i>	<i>110.0</i>	<i>27.4</i>		<i>Water ran from core</i>
<i>4</i> <i>Road</i>		<i>39.6</i>	<i>39.6</i>	<i>89.6</i>	<i>108.2</i>	<i>25.4</i>		<i>"</i>
<i>6</i>		<i>51.5</i>	<i>48.1</i>	<i>82.6</i>	<i>109.8</i>	<i>27.2</i>		<i>"</i>
<i>7</i>		<i>50.7</i>	<i>48.2</i>	<i>82.6</i>	<i>110.6</i>	<i>27.3</i>		<i>Be careful when ice is at bottom also - use or sheet Study table tip of form</i>

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.

**Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.

..... sheets. Comp. by..... Checked by.....

FEDERAL AND STATE
COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS

State.....

Drainage Basin.....

Snow Course.....

Party.....

Date.....

Description or Number of Course	**Sample Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of Tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks
	8	47.8 - .3	43.8 - .3	82.6	105.22	22.6		Wet but no drift
	9	49.5 - .5	47.7 - .5	82.6	107.62	25.0		Sod very wet - No drift
	10	50.3	48.7	82.4	108.52	26.1		Ice on top No drift has
	11	48 - 2.0	44.2 - 2.0	82.4	106.23	23.6		Wet and No drift
	12	56.5 - .5	53.7 - .5	82.4	111.3	28.9		Wet and at bottom
	13	Not measured						
	14	Not measured						
	10 - means total as Edoly did							
	48.7							

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.

**Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.

No.....of.....sheets. Comp. by.....Checked by.....

**FEDERAL AND STATE
COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS**

State.....

Drainage Basin.....

Snow Course.....

Party.....

Date April 26, 1943

Description or Number of Course	**Sample Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of Tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks
	1							
26 Ac;	2	25.6	19.2	49.7	58	8.3		
		26.5	23.3	49.7	61	11.3		
		-1.9	-1.0					
27 in (8 Ac);	3	23	21.4	49.7	62	12.3		Water run out in a stream
		-1.0						
Snow Stake 27 in (8 Ac);	4	18.5	17.2	49.7	60	10.3		"
	5							
	6	27.5	27.5	49.7	64.3	14.6		
		-1.5	-1.5					
Snow Stake 27 in (8 Ac);	7	24	23.5	49.7	62.1	12.4		See at bottom
	8	24	24.7	49.7	59.9	10.2		
		-2.5	-2.5					

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.

**Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.

No.....of.....sheets. Comp. by.....Checked by.....

FEDERAL AND STATE
FEDERAL AND STATE
COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS

State.....
 Drainage Basin South Yukon
 Snow Course Soda Springs No. 1
 Party 19
 Date April 16/43

Description or Number of Course	**Sample Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of Tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks
1	30							
2	45 -8	40 -8		65.8	86.8	21.0		Ground slip
3	40.5	37		65.2	88	22.8		Secondary massing, small ice crystals
4	36 -13	34.8 -3		66	87.8	21.8		Handpicking ice crystals
5								
6	45.5	43		66	89.6	23.6		Water-soaked ice crystals
7	45 -13	42.3 -13		66	90	24		Hot dry tube
8	46.5 -5	38 -5		66	84.8	18.8		

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.

**Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.

No.....of.....sheets. Comp. by..... Checked by.....

FEDERAL AND STATE COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS

State.....
 Drainage Basin.....
 Snow Course.....
 Party.....
 Date.....

*Description or Number of Course	**Sample Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of Tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks
	8 ^a	50.5	44.8	66				Soil 9 in - Sampler too clogged near 50 back & had to redress it
	8 ^b	41 -5	40 -5	65.8	86.6	20.8		
	9	43	35	66	87.8			
	9	42	38.5	66	88	22		
	10	43	40.6	66	88.2	22		
	11	42 -1.2	36.4 -1.2	66	84.8			
	11 ^a	42 -3.5	41.5 -3.5	66	86.2	20.8		

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.
 **Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.

No.....of.....sheets. Comp. by.....Checked by.....

FEDERAL AND STATE
COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS

State.....
 Drainage Basin.....
 Snow Course.....
 Party.....
 Date.....

Description or Number of Course	**Sample Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of Tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks
	12	46	42.2	66	88	22		
						42 in (A.C.)		45 in (J.E.C.)
	42.1					22.10		
						22.16		
	44	41		66	87			
		-1.5	-1.5					
	2.5			66	67			1 1/2 in. max.
								cannot cut cores depth - they squeeze out and because of "ice" cannot hold up but break down before the weight of the sampler

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.

**Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.

No. of sheets. Comp. by Checked by

FEDERAL AND STATE
COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS

State.....
 Drainage Basin South Yuba
 Snow Course No. 1 (key)
 Party.....
 Date May 1 - 10:30 - 11:30 am

Description or Number of Course	Sample Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of Tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks
1								Wet soil
2	17 -18	15.2 7.8		49.8	57.4			Wet soil "
3	15 -2	15 -2		49.8	58.9			" Water <u>seeps</u> at <u>interior</u> surface water
4	15.5	15.5		50	56.6			Ice crystals strip Water in hole
5								
6	21	21		50	62.1			Ice at bottom Wet
7	18 -5	18 -5		50	60			Orig "

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.

**Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.

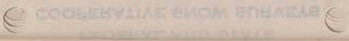
No.....of.....sheets. Comp. by.....Checked by.....

**FEDERAL AND STATE
COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS**

State.....
 Drainage Basin South Yuba
 Snow Course No. 1 (May)
 Party.....
 Date May 1 - 10:30 - 11:30 am

*Description or Number of Course	**Sample Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of Tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks
1								Wet soil
2	17 -18	15.2 7.8		49.8	57.4			Wet soil "
3	15 -2	15 -2		49.8	58.9			" *Water, surface at machine Surface water
4	15.5	15.5		50	56.6			Ice crystals rip Water in hole
5								
6	21	21		50	62.1			Ice at bottom Water
7	18 -5	18 -5		50	60			Drift "

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.
 **Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.
 No.....of.....sheets. Comp. by.....Checked by.....



**FEDERAL AND STATE
COOPERATIVE SNOW SURVEYS**

State.....
 Drainage Basin.....
 Snow Course.....
 Party.....
 Date.....

Description or Number of Course	Sample Number	Depth of Snow Inches	Length of Core Inches	Weight of Empty Tube	Weight of Tube and Core	Water Content Inches	Density Per Cent	Remarks
8		15.5 - .5	15.5 - .5	50	57.9			Wet Snow
9		14.3 - .3	14.3 - .3	50	56.6			" "
10		20.5 - .3	18.5 - .3	50	60.6			Wet
11		16.5 - 1.0	16.5 - 1.0	50	58			Wet
12		23.4 - 1.2	22.2 - 1.2	50	60.3			Soil core drifting
13		—	—					
14		—	—					Bare When hot night (AT) 38° apparently

*Show number or description as given on sketch map, i.e., "Course No. 1," or "Major Course," or "N 5° E," etc.

**Always start measurements for sampling from the initial point as shown by the sketch map of the course and follow the spacing for samples as indicated. Particular care should be taken to note any irregular spacing between samples.

No. _____ of _____ sheets. Comp. by _____ Checked by _____
did not stop melting all night.

Soda Springs
Dr Church's May 1/43
Survey of Key Course

Averages

Depth 17.2

Course 16.7 = 97.1% Course

W. Conts 8.9

$$\frac{8.9}{42.0} = \left(\begin{array}{l} \% \text{ of Normal} \\ \text{for Truckee Riv.} \\ \text{Basin} \end{array} \right) 21.2 * \frac{8.9}{17.2} = \frac{51.7}{= \text{Dens.}}$$

H. A. Boardman

Sod
 Dr Chew
 Survey
 av
 Dept
 Cons
 W. Co
 42.0 = (% of 11.8 for Time Bo

Apr 16	44.2	25.5
	40.5	22
	35.7	18.5
	45.5	27
	44.7	24
	46.8	24.5
	40.5	22
	42	22
	43	27.5
	38.5	25.7
	46	25.7

[22.1] [11.8]

May 1 17.2 [8.9]

3

Cores

$$2 = \frac{51.7}{= \text{Dens.}}$$

Simon