VIII

OCTOBER 19, 1893.

THE

STUDENT

RECORD

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A COLLEGE PAPER

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BY THE

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OF RENO, NEVADA,

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SALUTATORY.

We trust that the appearance of the RECORD will be a glad surprise to the public and especially to the friends and patrons of our State University. No apology is needed for the publication of such a journal, as it enters a field unoccupied by any other of its class. Our primary object is to create in the minds of the young men and women of Nevada, and adjacent territory, a conviction of the need of a higher education and inspire them with a determination to obtain it. We will also aim to promote the college spirit among the students of the State University and to elevate athletics in that institution, to the important place leled progress in all that constithat it occupies in the leading colleges of our country. The RECORD

parties and measures. It will, however, advocate the enactment of such laws as will restore silver to the place it occupied previous to its demonetization.

The petition presented to the Board of Regents, at its last meeting, by the students of the State University, asking the privilege to publish a college paper, not having been granted has, in some measure, made necessary the publication of the RECORD. While our columns are freely offered to the public they are especially tendered the University students as the medium through which they may voice their sentiments on all matters that affect their interests

EDUCATION IN NEVADA.

In the past, the fundamental doctrine of the American people has been that it is the duty of the State to promote the highest intelligence among all classes of its people. This doctrine has had its practical application in the founding and nurture of the common school and State college. Our progress in the arts and sciences and our unpareltutes national greatness are, no doubt, due to the wide spread inwill be independent in politics and telligence produced by our school reserve the right to criticize all system. But, does the duty of the State end when it imparts knowledge to those willing to receive it? Surely not. While we believe in compulsory education only as a drastic measure, it is our conviction that the first duty of the State is to convince its youth of the need of an ample education as a necessary equipment to meet the duties and responsibilities of life. The means of obtaining such an education should be placed within the reach of every young person. If, through apathy or ignorance of the need for a thorough fitness for the high responsibilities of citizenship, they fail to embrace such opportunities, what will it avail the State to provide halls of learning and proficient instructors if those halls be empty? Clearly the first duty is to set agencies in motion that will create within the mind of youth a thirst for knowledge, then the means for its gratification will not have been provided in vain. In the past the merest rudiments of an education were sufficient to enable the averege man or woman to reach a reasonable degree of success. That day is now over. In every department of business the light of intelligence is becoming so generally diffused and competition so sharp that he who would win must not be handicapped by ignorance. We can say with confidence, all other things being equal, that the educated man or woman in any calling, when brought into competition with those less intellegent, will out-

strip them every time. Living in the intermountain region extending eastward from the Sierras and within easy access of the State University, are at least three or four thousand youths between the ages of fifteen and twenty-five, a very large per cent of whom will, under existing conditions, likely never receive more than the rudiments of an education. This is due no doubt more to a lack of the sense of need on their part or the part of their parents than to a want of financial ability. Would it not be a wise thing for our State to send out a competent man having the cause of education at heart, to inspire these apathetic people with a thirst for knowledge and to point out to them the means of quencing it? Let the work of education begin at its foundation by producing within our young people a conviction of their need of a thorough equipment to successfully charge the duties of life.

TO OUR FRIENDS.

Students and friends of education, throughout the State, are requested to procure subscriptions for the RECORD, and in this way assist in placing it on a firm financial basis, thus securing its permanency and aiding to make it in every respect a worthy advocate of the cause that it represents.

Some of the young people have organized a Whist Club, 'o meet once a week.

The School of Liberal Arts.

As you come on the University Campus you see the Mining Building and the Agriculture and Mechanic Arts buildings, and might well ask, "Where is the Liberal Arts building?" but the Liberal Arts does not need well equipped laboratories and workshops. The work is in another field. It deals not so much with animated nature as with human nature, not with the actions and reactions of elements and com pounds but with the actions of men, and as the things studied are different the way of studying them must be correspondingly different. While the student of Chemistry must study Chemistry in the laboratory and the student of Mechanics in the workshop, the student of human nature must study in man or in the works of man, now, where can he do this? Why in the books of the University Library, and if you will go there you will find where the Liberal Arts building is. The three University courses, the Liberal Arts, the Mining and the Agriculture and Mechanic Arts are nearly parallel the first two years, in each, while the particular object is kept in view, considerable time is spent in acquiring a general knowledge of the common sciences of Mathematics, Chemistry, etc., but at the beginning of the third year the parallelism of the courses ceases, then each follows its own character istic line of work. The major studies of the Liberal Arts course are Literature and History. In the former, Latin Literature receives four years study, the great Latin authors are studied more or less critically, the habits and customs of their people receiving attention. The modern languages, German and French, re ceive three years study, and four years are given to the English language. The first year Rhetoric is studied, in the second, old and middle English, and in the third and fourth, that pride of English speaking people, the literature of the Elizabethan period. In History Constitutional History of the U.S. and General History are taken up, In Constitutional History, particular attention is paid to the conditions out of which our government grew, to the relation of the general Government and the States, and to the powers of President and as the other courses of the University.

Congress. In General History it is not the rise and fall that receive attention, but rather a study of the advancement and civilization of the human race in the different conditions under which it has lived. The study is not given merely to learn the facts, but to learn the conditions and laws that always have and always shall govern the progress of man. This course aims to make us useful citizens, to prepare us to grapple with the rest of mankind, and to gives us a foundation for future study and pursuit of one of the learned professions.

E.

The School of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

The Agriculture and Mechanical school was the last of the three University courses to be established. It is maintained by the U S. Government, from which it receives a yearly appropriation, consequently its laboratories and workshops are thoroughly equipped. This course prepares one for Mechanical Engineering and for Scientific Farming. The studies pursued are those giving a liberal foundation for such work. A very thorough course in Mathematics is given, Surveying is also studied: and two years are spent in the mechanical workshop, so that the student becomes thoroughly acquainted with the principles of Mechanics. For Scientific Farming the student is given a good working knowledge of Chemistry. Both structural and systematic Botany is studied. Entomology is taken up and particular attention paid to the economic uses and destructability of insects. The orchards and gardens of Reno are excellent places for this work. In the Physiological laboratory a great deal of practical work is performed. Attention is given to the profitable care of domestic animals: and practical work is done by the students on the agricultural farm. Throughout the entire course instruction is given in English so that a person may not only learn to have thoughts and ideas but also be able to express them. Although there are not many students taking this course the number is constantly increasing and it is hoped that it will soon be as popular

Tne School of Mines.

With the endowment of the University the School of Mines was established. Some day it may be proven in both a profitable and practical way, that this was a wise act. No other course of instruction can result in more benefit to the State at large, for herein are embodied the principles that are necessary to develop its chief industry, mining. The value of such a school has been well appreciated by the Board of Regents, and consequently little is lacking in the way of apparatus and other facilities for making this school, as it is now considered, the equal of any Mining School on the coast. A three story brick structure, called the Mining Building, is the headquarters of the Schoo of Mines. This building contains laboratories, assay rooms, etc., also the office of R. D Jackson, the head of the Mining Department and Professor of Mining and Metallurgy. As a teacher of these subjects he has few equals west of the Mississippi river. If our school excells the Mining Schools of other States, it is due to the practical methods of instruction. Little attention is paid to what is theory only. The four years work is divided about equally between lectures and laboratory work. The primary object of a student entering this school should be to become a mining engineer, or at least to pursue Surveying, Assaying, Draught ing or Chemistry. Since these fields are not overcrowded, no better course could be pursued by a young man entering college.

The Cadet Corps.

The people of Nevada may well point with pride to the Cadet Corps of the State Univer sity. Through the able instruction of Lieut. A. C. Ducat, who first organized the Corps, and Lieut. J. M. Neall, its present popular commander, it has reached such a degree of proficiency as to be recognized as the best drilled military body in the State. The rifles, ammunition and accoutrements, which are furnished by the War Department, are kept in perfect condition. The parade ground, situated in the rear of the University buildings, is provided for all military exercises. It is ex-

pected that a structure will soon be erected to be used for a drill hall and gymnasium. The Cadets are instructed in all matters pertaining to the Infantry branch of the service. addition to this there is a signal detachment composed of a Cadet officer and six men. In this detachment are taught the various ways of transmitting messages from one body of troops to another, when in active service. These methods consist of signalling with flag, torch and heliograph. When the weather is incle ment a great deal of attention is paid to telegraphy; thus making the instruction both interesting and valuable. Several weeks of the Spring term are spent, by the students, enjoying the routine of camp life, at which time much stress is laid on the duties of the regular soldier when in active service. These instructions are as varied and practicable as possible and so much interest is manifested by the young men that when they get a taste of military life they take a four years course of it.

B.

One morning last week the members of the Boys' Dormitory had quite a novel experience. Upon arising, they found that some mischevious person had played a practical joke by hiding the pantaloons of each. They thought of beginning a search, but this was impossible for evidently the clothing had been taken away from the building. This difficulty was, however, soon overcome by one suggesting that they get the overalls from the carpenter shop. One can imagine what a ludicrous spectacle they presented, parading over the campus, blustering and threatening, some with overalls too long, some with overalls too short, and some with no overalls at all. This state of affairs continued until after the breakfast hour. when the lost trousers were found in the Weather Observatory. The Observer's face wore an innocent expression, but judging from the talk of the boys, he may expect a midnight bath in the Orr Ditch.

An Iowa editor says:—"We have received a basket of fine grapes from our friend W., for which he will accept our complements, some of which are nearly two inches in diameter."

Mining Prospects,

At the present time the future of our silver mines looks very gloomy. The hostility of President Cleveland and a majority of the eastern Senators and Representatives towards the passage of a free coinage bill is very discouraging to the mining industries of the West. Never before in the history of our State have there been fewer mines in operation. This is principally due to the low price of silver. Just now a majority of prospectors are turning their attention to gold fields. There is great excitement in the northern part of the State over the discovery of rich placers in the Bruneau River country. A few claims in this district have been worked on a small scale for several years, which paid fair wages in the spring when water was plentiful. Within the last few weeks, however, rich ground has been found in the main valley of the Bruneau. The indications are favorable that hydraulic mining will begin in the spring. In the White Horse district near Wadsworth some very good quartz ledges have been discovered, the ore in some cases contains a large per cent of gold. The owners are engaged in developing these claims with the prospect that they will prove rich mining properties. With these and a few other exceptions, the outlook of the mining interests are at present very discouraging.

The Mechanical Workshop is well equipped with all the necessary tools and machinery. This term there are twenty-four industrious students at work in the Carpenter their mechanical and ideas promising. The work done by the class so far is satisfactory. The Machine shop has several new pieces of machinery that have been set up by the class in iron work. Another important task performed by these students is the overhauling, cleaning and polishing the steam engine, which is now in perfect running order. The work of the class is proceeding successfully.

A. Kiss, said to be from Boston, has been arrested at Biddford, Me., on the charge of evading a board bill. This arrest, instead of being a kiss for a blow, is a blow for A. Kiss.

Athletics.

In the national celebrations of the ancient Greeks and Romans games formed an important part. The athletics practiced by these nations were those requiring great strength and skill, such as wrestling and boxing. As early as the time of Plato athletics was prescribed by the medical fraternity for the purpose of counteracting the bad effects of luxury and preventing indolence. After it was reduced to a system, officers were appointed by the State to act as instructors in the gymnasia. As is well known, the effect of athletics on the muscular system is to increase in size and power the parts exercised. By a proper amount of muscular exertion the mind is made capable of a more prolonged application to study than it would otherwise be able to perform. If a sedentary person find his health declining his physician will usually recommend bodily exercise. It is a great benefit to students where physical culture forms a part of their education and where "A sound mind in a sound body" is the motto of the school. Athletics in our University has not received the attention that it merits. Our numbers are few, yet by diligently using our spare time we might accomplish as much as other colleges that have a greater number of students and more time. Quite a number of our young men are from farms and their coming to school is considered by them a vacation and they wish to enjoy the rest it affords, this is, perhaps, the cause of their indifference to athletic sports. I believe, however, if these students could be made to understand that physical development is essential to the best mental development they would freely participate in college games. Athletics should be taught by the master and practiced by the pupil, so as to combine amusement and education with the cultivation of bodily strength and activity, making him not a studious athlete, but an athletic student.

She—Sometimes you appear really manly and sometimes you are absolutely effeminate. How do you account for it?

He—I suppose it is hereditary. Half my ancestors were males and the other half females.

The Adelphi Society.

The Adelphi is now entering its second year, and we hope to be able to say at the end of this year, "Ad Astra per Aspera." Truly it will be success through difficulties, for we must teach some the value of a society, we must create in others an interest, and we must turn indifference into enthusiasm. Some of the new students have joined us, but others do not seem to appreciate the benefit and pleasure to be gotten in the Adelphi That this last class of students might meet and speak with us, the Adelphi recently gave a reception, and if on that evening one "I don't care student" was changed into a good active member, we shall feel that our efforts were not wholly in vain.

A meeting will be held next Friday evening, and we hope to receive many new members.

The following program will be rendered:		
SongChoir.		
Oration		
Recitation		
SongA. Moyle.		
Debate: "Should Utah be annexed to Nevada?"		
Affirmative		
Edna Catlin		
Negative. F. Walts Josie Robertson		
Josie Robertson		
Recitation		
Reading Louise Frey		
Speech:- "Has the Republican party a		
future?" J. M. L. Henry.		
Cornet Solo J. E. Henry.		

The first game of the series between the T. H. P. O. nine and a nine made up from the remaining college students was played Friday. The game commenced at 2:30. The audience, while lacking in quantity, made up the deficiency in quality, and were impartial in their applause. The T. H. P. O. nine were victorious in the ninth inning by one tally. Score, 14-13. The following were the nines and the positions of the men:

1		
College.		T.H.P.O.
Stewart, Capt.	Catcher	Egan, Capt
Osborn	Pitcher	Cahlan
		Flood
Linscott	2nd. Base	
Brown	3rd. Base	Simmonds
Loder	. Short stop	Durkee
Ward	L. F	A. J. Flood
Cunningham	C. F	Powers
Cornelison	R. F	

Alumni.

Miss Elizabeth Savage, Normal '90, is teaching at Markleville, Cal.

Miss Mary Snow, Normal '90, is teaching in the Reno public schools.

Miss Helena E. Joy, Normal '90, is teaching in the Reno public schools.

Miss Jennie McFarlin, Normal '90, is teaching the school at Lovelock.

Miss Annie Olcovich, Normal '90, is teaching in the Carson public schools

Miss Frances A. Frey, Normal '90, is teaching the North Truckee school.

Miss Blanche A. Atherton, Normal '90, is teaching in the Eureka public schools.

Miss Adeline Morton, Normal '90, is assistant principal of the Verdi public schools.

F. A. Bristol, B A., class of '91, is engaged in mining on Trail Creek, British Columbia. He is doing well.

Miss Blanche Davis, B. A., class of '92, is taking advanced work in literature and languages at Stanford University.

- F. H. Norcross, B. A., class of '91, is attending the Columbia Law College at Washington, D. C. He intends to graduate next June.
- C. D. Van Duzer, Normal '89, has graduated from the Columbia Law College and is now employed in the Land Office at Washington, D. C.
- H. C. Cutting, B. A., class of '91, is principal of the Candelaria public schools. In addition to 'his he is the chief editor of "Our Doings," the only magazine published in the State.
- S. Emrich has opened the Nevada Cash Dry Goods and Carpet House with a full line of the very latest fashionable dress and fancy goods, carpets, linoleums, ladies', misses' and children's cloaks and jackets. We will be pleased to send samples if ordered and will carefully at d promptly fill orders.*

Athletic Notes.

J. M. L. Henry announces the organization of his football team.

Captain Egan's nine will report on Tuesday and Thursday of each week.

The Tennis courts have been put in excellent condition and playing has commenced.

The University holds the State tennis championship for ladies' and gentlemen's singles.

The young ladies look very neat in their new uniforms. The cadets say, "Wouldn't I like to hug 'em."

It has been suggested that the young ladies of the University manifest their interest in athletics by attending the ball games. The boys play better whenthe "fems" are present.

A series of games have been arranged between the base-ball teams of the University. The object of this is to develop the individual playing of the men who are to defend the honor of the 'Varsity.

By request of the Athletic Association, the President of the University is having the parade ground put in good condition for foot ball and base-ball. Last Saturday several men were employed in grading, and before long it is to be hoped that we will have a ground for athletic sports equalled by no other in the State.

Miscellaneous.

The University choir is attaining great proficiency through the able instruction of Mrs. Layton.

Professor Wilson, of the Experiment Station, has just recovered from a severe attack of La Grippe.

Captain Stewart's nine will report for practice at 4 o'clock on Monday and Wednesday of each week.

Professor Miller will deliver a lecture in Assembly Hall next Friday. The public is cordially invited.

Mr. Don Barker, of Reno, has shown his interest in the University by loaning the surveying class, for an indefinite period, a valuable prismatic compass.

The Ninety and Nine.

There are ninety and nine who live and die
In want and hunger and cold,
That one may revel in luxury
And be rapped in its silken folds.
The ninety and nine in hovels bare,
The one in a mansion with riches rare.

They toil in the fields, the ninety and nine,
For the fruits of mother earth,
They dig and delve in the durky mine,
And bring its hidden treasures forth,
But the wealth released by their sturdy blows,
To the hands of one forever flows,

But the night so dreary and dark and long,
At last shall the morning bring,
And over the land the victor's song
Of the ninety and nine shall sing
Andecho afar from zone to zone

Rejoice, for labor shall have its own.

Military Orders.

The following orders, with their modifications, were officially posted on the University bulletin board:

NEVADA STATE UNIVERSITY.)
RENO, NEVADA.

ORDERS.]

The male students of the State University are hereby formed into the following military organization: One company of infantry and a signal detachment.

The officers of said company, for the present school term are as follows: Captain, C. Magill; First Lieutenant, F. C. Frey; Second Lieutenant, R. L. Osborn; First Sergeant, S. C. Durkee; Sergeants, F. Linscott, F. H. Saxton, A. W. Cahlan, A. P. Mack; Corporals, T. W. Clark, Wm. Segraves, Wm. W. Wright, J. M. L. Henry, J. Egan.

The Signal Detachment is as follows: Second

The Signal Detachment is as follows: Second Lieutenant, Jay Clemons; Sergeant, W. North; Corporal, P. P. Frandsen; Privates, J. K. Mayberry, A. Brandon, Ed. Lachman.

The Signal Detachment will drill as infantry until further orders.

All officers and non-commissioned officers will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

LIEUT. J. M. NEALL, Fourth U. S. Cavalry, Commandant.

Approved: S A. Jones, President.

Bits of Fun.

Freshman's Lament—Bah! Bah! Bah! I want my ma, '97 so far, I'll never get thar.

An Exception—On a hot day, when they are dry, most of the 'Varsity cadets are willing to talle it in the neck.

Closing Out Sale—Gum boots for sale at Casper's.

The editor of the New York *Tribune* thinks that a splendid college yell could be made out of the name of the King of India, Rajai-I-Rajagau Jagatgeet Singh Aliwalia.

Sergeant—Shine your shoes this morning? Private—Yes.

Sergeant-No back talk, no back talk.

A grain of barley sprouted,
And a tender shoot upreared;
It raised its head to look about,
And the wind blew through its beard.

We strayed together in the wood, We wandered far and wide; About the same in class we stood, And "flunked there side by side.

Pugh & Cook are the decorators and painters who do fine work, and they are also well patronized.

BAKER & WINES,

Attorneys-at-Law,

Nevada Bank Building, Reno, Nevada.

C. A. JONES,

Attorney - at - Law,

Powning Building, Reno, Nevada.

WM. WEBSTER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW:

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Toys, Sheet Music, Yankee Notions, Books, Stationery, Cutlery, Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Etc.

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WINDOWS, DOORS, BLINDS, SHINGLES,

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